NOTICES

Commissioner.

e myself a candidate for
er from the country to
sed by the death of Dr.
ject to such primary or
ay be ordered by the
ve committee of the
. I will discharge the
to the best of my abil-
gle to the best interests
, and ask the support of

ndidacy. Respectfully,
RD L. ANDERSON.

Turman

as a candidate for
er to fill the vacancy
of Dr. B. F. Walker,
ffrage and influence of
public at large.

WEATHER.

18.—Forecast for to-

h Carolina—Fair in the
ollowed by fair on the
west winds. Saturday

Fair Friday and Satur-
y winds.
and Mississippi—Fair
er in northern portions.
nds shifting to fresh

lorida—Fair Friday and
winds.
Friday and Saturady
rthern portions; fresh

Friday; fair and warmer
winds.

t for Yesterday.

| | |
|---|---|
| erature | 76 |
| erature | 68 |
| re | 86 |
| | 65 |
| g 24 hours | .21 |
| pitation since Jan 1 | 3.58 |

eather Report.

at Atlanta, Ga., on
ervations taken at all
75 meridian time.

| | Temperature | Maximum Temperature | Rainfall in last 12 hours |
|---|---|---|---|
| | 52 | 56 | |
| | 62 | 74 | |
| | 78 | 88 | |
| ly | 66 | 90 | .42 |
| | 76 | 92 | .00 |
| cloudy | 80 | 98 | .00 |
| | 76 | 84 | .02 |
| cloudy | 80 | 98 | .08 |
| | 82 | 96 | .00 |
| | 68 | 86 | .21 |
| | 78 | 90 | .00 |
| | 82 | 88 | .00 |
| dy | 76 | 92 | .00 |
| udy | 76 | 88 | .00 |
| dy | 84 | 90 | .00 |
| | 84 | 86 | .00 |
| | 78 | 82 | .00 |
| ar | 78 | 82 | .00 |
| | 44 | 46 | .01 |
| | 60 | 64 | .00 |
| dy | 54 | 64 | .00 |
| | 68 | 72 | .06 |
| dy | 68 | 80 | .12 |
| | 68 | 74 | .08 |
| | 64 | 70 | .00 |
| | 68 | 62 | .00 |
| | 70 | 74 | .00 |
| cloudy | 70 | 74 | .00 |
| | 70 | 74 | .00 |
| | 66 | 70 | .00 |
| cloudy | 76 | 76 | .00 |
| ing | 62 | 78 | .04 |
| cloudy | 68 | 80 | T |
| | 86 | 86 | .00 |

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

ER'S SALE.

der, made in the case of
vs. Frye Millinery Com-
perior court, I will sell
the highest bidder, the
xtures of the defendant,
20, 1899. The sale will
lock a. m., at the store,
t, Atlanta, Ga. Terms,
mbraces a complete and
of fine millinery, and the
ete in every detail for a

T. MOYERS, Receiver.

man for Coun
sioner.

SS POINTER.

long established
surance Company,
ollowing cities and
na and South Caro-

Anderson, S. C.
Abbeville, S. C.
Sumter, S. C.
Newberry, S. C.
ville, Ala.
ss you can get a fine

ANAGER,"
52, Atlanta, Ga.

SCHEDULES

orgia Railway.

| No. | DEPART TO | |
|---|---|---|
| 102 | Hapeville | 6 55 am |
| *2 | Savannah | 7 50 am |
| 104 | Hapeville | 8 30 am |
| 108 | Jonesboro | 12 10 pm |
| 110 | Hapeville | 2 20 pm |
| *18 | Macon | 4 00 pm |
| 112 | Hapeville | 4 40 pm |
| 114 | Hapeville | 6 10 pm |
| *116 | Griffin | 6 45 pm |
| *4 | Savannah | 8 30 pm |
| 118 | Jonesboro | 11 10 pm |

SUNDAY TRAINS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 120 | Hapeville | 9 10 am |
| 122 | Hapeville | 12 50 pm |

Daily except Sunday

tlantic Railroad.

| No. | DEPART TO | |
|---|---|---|
| 12 | Nashville | 8 15 am |
| 170 | Chattanooga | 4 50 pm |
| 172 | Marietta | 5 30 pm |
| 14 | Nashville | 8 30 pm |

t Point Railroad.

| No. | DEPART TO | |
|---|---|---|
| 135 | Montgomery | 8 25 am |
| 133 | Montgomery | 1 00 pm |
| 137 | Selma | 4 30 pm |
| 11 | College Park | 5 40 pm |
| 13 | College Park | 809 pm |
| 15 | Palmetto | 11 59 pm |
| 17 | College Park | 12 10 pm |
| 19 | College Park | 2 30 pm |
| 21 | College Park | 4 25 pm |
| 23 | LaGrange | 5 35 pm |
| 25 | College Park | 6 20 pm |
| 27 | College Park | 11 15 pm |

SUNDAY TRAINS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 41 | West Point | 8 10 am |

28, 38 stop at Whitesall

Union passenger station.

ailroad.

| No. | DEPART TO | |
|---|---|---|
| 32 | Augusta | 7 50 am |
| 36 | Lithonia | 10 05 am |
| 38 | Augusta | 3 10 pm |
| 34 | Conyers | 5 00 pm |
| 30 | Conyers | 6 25 pm |
| 94 | Augusta | 11 35 pm |

ir-Line.

| No. | DEPART TO | |
|---|---|---|
| 302 | Washington | 12 00 n'n |
| 138 | Norfolk | 7 50 pm |

nd Northern Ry.
R. to Marietta.)

8 15 am
7 30 pm

# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXXI ATLANTA, GA. SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 20 1899—TEN PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## WOMAN SHOOTS A NEGRO DEAD AS HE TRIES TO ENTER HER BEDROOM

### Wife of a Georgia Planter Defends Herself and Her Home Against a Midnight Prowler.

### STEADY NERVE AND GOOD AIM

### Mrs. James Wood Puts a Winchester to a Good and Lawful Use.

### BULLET ENTERED OUTLAW'S FOREHEAD

**Left Alone, the Lady Kept Her Gun Handy, and When the Time Came To Use It, She Was Brave and Cool Enough To Do Good Work.**

Rockmart, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Mrs. James Wood, of Esom Hill district, sent a ball crashing into a negro's brain shortly after midnight last night and thereby escaped the clutches of a negro assailant who was seeking to enter her bedroom.

A few hours after the fearless use of the winchester Mrs. Wood's husband found the dead body of the negro lying under the window through which he was trying to enter when the brave woman pulled the trigger in self-defense.

Mrs. Wood is the wife of one of the most successful and prominent planters in that section of Paulding county. He is a progressive man and finds it necessary to be away from home a good deal. He and his family are close readers of the papers, and of course have not overlooked the many assaults upon defenseless women throughout the south by law-defying negroes.

More than once the matter has been discussed by the man and his wife, and as a precaution, Mr. Wood taught his wife how to handle the pistol and the gun and has kept good weapons within her reach at all times when he was away from home.

Realizing the danger of firearms if she were at all careless, it was Mrs. Wood's custom to keep her winchester in one place at all times. This was near the head of her bed.

Thursday Mr. Wood found it necessary to leave home. He knew he could not return until late at night, and so informed his wife. At the usual hour Mrs. Wood, after seeing that the doors and windows of her home were all securely locked, retired. Her winchester was near her bed, and though alone, she felt no uneasiness and soon fell asleep. How long she slept she does not know, but it must have been late in the night when she was awakened by a noise at one of the windows of her bedroom. The room was dark, but outside there was some light, the night being clear.

Leaning against the side of the house, she saw plainly the head and shoulders of a man.

She could not tell at first whether it was a white man or a negro, but she knew no one had any business there at that hour. Quietly she reached for her winchester. Then as she again glanced at the window she observed that the figure had changed positions. The light fell upon the face of the man and she had no trouble in seeing that he was a negro.

Just then both hands outside the window were raised so as to catch the sash. There was a movement as though an effort was being made to hoist the window.

Mrs. Wood watched all this closely and then cautiously raising her gun, but without moving her head from the pillow, she pulled the trigger. There was a flash, a deafening report and the smell of gunpowder. Still the woman did not move. She remained quiet, not knowing what effect her shot had had. She half expected every second to see the face appear at the window again, and had made up her mind to try a second shot the instant it came up. But no face appeared.

Mrs. Wood did not feel safe in leaving her bed for the purpose of making an investigation, and decided the best thing she could do would be to remain quiet until her husband should return. During the interval she bore up well, realizing that if danger were still present she would need all her self-control. An hour or more passed—it seemed an age to the lonely woman—before her husband came. Then it was that she gave way. Her husband finally quieted her and listened to the recital of her horrible experience. Mr. Wood quickly found the hole the bullet had made through the window, and then left the house to investigate. Under the window he found the body of a negro already growing stiff. The ball had struck him in the center of the forehead and buried itself deep in the negro's brain, causing instant death.

An examination of the window showed that the negro had used his knife in cutting away a fastening, and near the dead body that knife, still open, was found.

Mr. Wood at once sent a messenger to town to notify the officers and the coroner went out. The body was viewed today by a number of people, but so far no one has been found who will admit having known the negro.

A few more women with the nerve and bravery of Mrs. Wood will soon settle the question that is now worrying the south. When the negro outlaws ascertain that they are liable to face a pistol in the hands of unerring shots they will be less inclined to attack women who are alone.

### TO SAVE THEM FROM LYNCHING.

**Two Negroes Charged with Murder Brought to Raleigh Jail.**

Raleigh, N. C., May 19.—(Special.)—Elijah Joyner and Cephas Langley, the negroes charged with murdering a young clerk named Turnage and robbing and burning a store in Pitt county, were brought here and jailed this evening to save them from lynchers. They were first taken from Greenville to Washington, Beaufort county, but were not considered safe there, and so were brought here. Both are powerful men. Joyner fully confesses and says Langley struck the first blow. Their object was to get $2,000, which they thought was in a safe in the store.

### WANT THE OFFICE RESTORED.

**People of Lake City, S. C., Have Trouble in Mailing Letters.**

Columbia, S. C., May 19.—(Special.)—Congressman James Norton is going to Washington to endeavor to presuade the postoffice department to restore the postoffice at Lake City, discontinued when the, Postmaster Baker, was murdered. The 500 towns people have to send to a railway station three miles away for their mail, and as it is a fruit raising section, the products going to northern markets, there is considerable correspondence.

Congressman Norton says the boycott of the town by the postal authorities, while punishing the guilty to some extent, works a greater hardship on the merchants of the town.

The people are not allowed to mail letters on the train, the drop slot in the side of the mail car being closed when that town is reached. And if a letter is thrown into the car it will not be received by the mail clerks.

Congressman Norton considers this "infamous proceedings" and is going to report the matter to the postmaster general and request the appointment of a postmaster at Lake City. He will not make any recommendation as to whom to make postmaster.

### ARE RUSHING THE BUSINESS.

**Both Houses of Florida Legislature Very Busy.**

Tallahassee, Fla., May 19.—(Special.)—Both houses had a busy session today. A few bills were introduced in the senate, many advanced on the calendar and some passed, as follows: The militia bill, relative to fencing railroad tracks. Primary election law made a special order for next Friday.

In the house some bills were introduced. The resolution to adjourn sine die at noon, June 2d, passed. The railroad commission bill came up as a special order and was pending at night adjournment. The bill was amended as follows: Salary of commissioners reduced from $2,500 to $2,000; appropriation cut from $15,000 to 13,500; attorney general and commissioners empowered to employ assistant counsel, and to agree upon compensation therefore—the bill conferred this power on commissioners; no railroad officer, employee or agent shall issue a free pass, except as provided in the act, and the penalty for issuing or accepting such pass shall not exceed four years in the county jail or a fine of $600. The fight on this bill will come on the remaining sections.

### ROOSEVELT'S ROUGH RIDERS

**May Be Found in a Big Parade in Chicago Soon.**

Chicago, May 19.—Roosevelt's rough riders, led by Colonel Roosevelt in person, may be one of the features of the parade which will be reviewed by President McKinley at the laying of the corner stone of Chicago's new postoffice building, October 9th.

The committee planning the demonstration held a meeting at division army headquarters today to discuss preliminary arrangements and the members expressed strong hopes of getting Colonel Roosevelt to attend.

The Chicago members of the rough riders' regiment are arranging for a reunion of the organization to be held in this city during the autumnal festival celebration next fall, and Lieutenant H. W. Weakley has gone to Texas to promote the interests of the proposed reunion.

### WILSON SPEAKS TO TEXANS.

**Secretary of Agriculture Before the Lone Star Legislature.**

Austin, Texas, May 19.—Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson was nere today and upon invitation addressed the house of representatives. He stated that he was visiting Texas by command of President McKinley to make an investigation of the agricultural condition and resources of the state. He said that he had visited the Texas cane fields, the rice fields and tobacco fields and had found on every hand evidences of the greatest prosperity.

He urged that more attention be given to diversification of crops and that the legislature contribute liberally to the maintenance of the agricultural college of the state. He said that Texas' dairy products amounted to $2,000,000 annually and that there was no reason why this amount should not be increased a hundred million.

### REPORT READY FOR PRESIDENT.

**Nicaragua Canal Will Cost in Neighborhood of $125,000,000.**

Washington, May 19.—Admiral John Walker, the president of the Nicaragua canal commission, called at the state department and had a long talk with Secretary Hay respecting the work of the commission and the course to be pursued by the new Isthmian canal commission, which is to be appointed to carry forward the work of the present Nicaragua canal commission.

Admiral Walker was able to announce a completion of the work of the present commission and promised to have the final report ready for submission to the president by next Monday. He intimated that the estimate of cost of the projected canal was $125,000,000, the mean between the estimates of the individual members.

### WAITED LONG TIME TO ACT.

**CAROLINIANS ARE ARRESTED ON COMPLAINT OF A NEGRO.**

**They Are Charged with Intimidating Voters at the Election Last Fall.**

Greenville, N. C., May 19.—At this place, fully seven months after the state election, fifteen of the best citizens of the town and vicinity were arrested and brought before United States Commissioner Ormond on the charge of consiring to prevent the casting of votes by four negroes at a precinct about two miles north of Greenville in the election referred to.

The arrests were made on information apparently furnished by a negro so illiterate that his mark instead of autograph, appears on the affidavit in evidence. The negro himself declares, however, that he did not know what he was signing, as the paper was not read to him; that he does not know the parties and is wholly ignorant of the affair in which the affidavit declares they figured. He says, in conclusion, that he was told to make his mark, and that he did so without any idea of what it involved.

The case was called this morning at 10 o'clock. It progressed slowly all day, and will contnue tomorrow. Eight witnesses were examined for the prosecution today, seven populists and one negro.

### CONFERENCE ON TRUSTS SURE.

**Invitations Sent Out by Civil Federation Are Being Accepted.**

Chicago, May 19.—Responses to the invitations sent out by the civil federation for the conference to be held June 28th to 29th on combinations and trusts have already begun coming in. Governor McLaurin, of Mississippi, heartily indorses the conference and has named Hon. J. W. Cutter, Clarksdale, Miss.; John Sharp Williams, Yazoo City, Miss., and Frank Burkitt, of Okolona, Miss., as delegates.

T. S. Smith, attorney general of Texas, writes:

"Our legislature is now in session, and at the present times has under consideration an anti-trust law, and I am sure will pass a very strong one. I am not sure that my official duties will permit my absence to participate in your conference, but it would afford me pleasure, and I am sure, profit to be with you."

Jeff Davis, attorney general of Arkansas, writes:

"I am thoroughly of the opinion that unless state legislation throttles and stamps out these monstrous evils the very basic principles upon which our government is founded will be shaken and destroyed"

Governor Mount, of Indiana, expresses the opinion that trusts are antagonistic to public policy and a menace to public good.

### WILL INTRODUCE AUTOMOBILES.

**Seventeen Companies Are Incorporated in Trenton, N. J.**

Trenton, N. J., May 19.—Seventeen electric vehicle transportation companies were incorporated here today. These companies were formed by the Whitney-Elkins-Widener syndicate to operate automobiles in as many different states. Each of the companies has an authorized capital of $100,000 except the one formed for the District of Columbia, which has an authorized capital of $6,000,000. The capital, with this latter exception, is supposed to be merely a nominal amount to be increased later.

The several states for which these companies are formed are:

Tennessee, Georgia, Ohio, Kentucky, New Jersey, Louisiana, Delaware, California, Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Maryland, Wisconsin, Indiana, Missouri, Virginia and the District of Columbia.

### KRUGER INCLINES TO PEACE.

**Says There Was No Evidence the Prisoners Were British Officers.**

London, May 19.—In the house of commons today the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, gave the names and the identity of the men arrested at Johannesburg.

All of them, excepting Tremlett and Fries, were former non-commissioned officers in the British army. He added that President Kruger had informed the British agent at Pretoria that there was no proof that the prisoners were British officers and that in any case the incident would not be allowed to disturb the friendly relations existing.

**Was Done by Boers.**

London, May 20.—The Johannesburg correspondent of The Morning Post says that facts which have arisen since the arrest of the former British officers on a charge of conspiracy to promote a rising in the Transvaal leave no doubt that the alleged plot was "engineered by Boer officials to divert attention from the real demands of the Uitlanders."

### ANDREE LETTER NOT FOUND.

**Copenhagen Has No Knowledge of the Reported Find.**

Copenhagen, May 19.—Nothing is known here as to the reported discovery of a letter written by Professor Andree, the missing Arctic explorer, said to have been found in a bottle early last month on the northeast coast of Iceland by a farmer named John Magnessen.

A letter in a bottle was found recently containing reports of last year's work of Professor Nathorst's expedition engaged in testing Arctic currents. This bore the address of Ernest Andree, brother of the aeronaut, and who was the manager of the expedition.

**Going To Hunt for Andree.**

London, May 20.—The Daily Mail publishes the following dispatch from Stockholm:

"An expedition under Professor Nathorst will leave tomorrow (Saturday) for the northeast coast of Greenland in search of Professor Andree. After carefully examining the region between the 73d and 75th degrees north latitude, the expedition will proceed toward Cape Bismarck, on the east coast of Greenland, in the hope of meeting Captain Otte Sverdrup's expedition, which left Christiania last June on the Fram. Every effort will be made to find the explorers."

### FELTON WILL NOT QUIT HIS JOB.

**Receiver of C., N. O. and T. P. Denies a Series of Rumors.**

Cincinnati, May 19.—Receiver A. M. Felton, of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific railway, returned today from his western trip.

Mr. Felton says he has not been offered the presidency of the Chicago and Alton railroad; that he has not been asked to become a member of the banking firm of Harriman & Co., of New York, and that he has no intention of severing his connection with the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific Railway Company.

This is a denial of published rumors concerning his future.

**Two Counterfeiters Arrested.**

Wilmington, N. C., May 19.—Secret service agents of the government arrested here today two counterfeiters and seized a quantity of bogus money. The prisoners are young Walter Silvey and Nick Politz, a Greek, who kept a grocery store near Front street market.

## SHAFT TO DEAD AT CAMP CHASE

### Graves of Two Thousand Confederate Dead Visited by Southerners.

### MEMORIAL SOCIETY FORMED

### States from Which the Heroes Came Are Represented In the Gathering.

### ASSOCIATION NAMES ITS OFFICERS

**Western Men Are Placed in Charge of Organization and a Large Meeting of Southern Men Is Now Being Arranged To Take Place at Chase.**

Columbus, O., May 19.—(Special.)—By invitation from Colonel W. H. Knauss, a local union veteran, the delegates from the south to the national waterworks convention, visited the confederate cemetery at Camp Chase, near this city, this morning, and while there, under inspiration of the place, organized the Camp Chase Memorial Association, which is destined to become co-extensive with the south, and whose object will be to care for the cemetery and preserve the memory of the 2,200 soldiers buried there.

It is also proposed to erect a shaft there in honor of the dead. Among those who visited Camp Chase were the following names from southern states, including the officers already named, being charter members of the Camp Chase Memorial Association:

H. C. Irvin, attorney, Atlanta, Ga.; R. M. Clayton, city engineer, Atlanta, Ga.; W. J. Milner, Birmingham, Ala.; Charles E. Bolling, Richmond, Va.; Judge J. A. Anderson, Atlanta, Ga.; Colonel L. H. Gardner, New Orleans; General Walter S. Payne, Fostoria, O.; Rev. Mr. John Hewitt, Columbus, O.; Colonel C. H. Campbell, Charlotte, N. C.; Hon. Sam J. Swartz, Columbus; W. H. Rapp, Atlanta, Ga.; Captain J. B. Travis, Atlanta, Ga.; H. N. P. Dole, Columbus; Miss May Davis, Lexington, Ky.; Miss Stella Deyo, Harrisburg; Colonel and Mrs. W. H. Knauss, Columbus.

The organization was effected by electing Rev. John Hewitt, of St. Paul's Episcopal church, president; General Walter S. Payne, of Fostoria, O., vice president; Hon. Samuel L. Swartz, mayor of Columbus, secretary, and Colonel W. H. Knauss, of Columbus, treasurer.

A committee, of which Rev. Mr. Hewitt is chairman, was appointed to draft a constitution and set of by-laws to be adopted at the confederate decoration day in this city next month, when the association will organize permanently and when also many prominent southerners are expected to be in the city in response to an invitation to take part in the memorial day exercises.

### CROWE ISSUES AN ADDRESS.

**Alabama Populist Leader Advises Beat Meetings.**

Birmingham, Ala., May 19.—(Special.)—G. B. Crowe, chairman of the populist state executive committee, is out in an address to his party in Alabama advising it to be at meetings to be held all over the state on July 4th for the purpose of electing delegates and to select campaign committees to take up the work for 1900. He states that there never was a time since the organization of the party that the future looked so bright. The democratic party in Alabama is becoming more and more divided, he says, and the populist ranks are being filled with recruits from the old parties. He predicts carrying the state in 1900 for Wharton Barker and Ignatius Donnelly, the presidential ticket selected in Cincinnati last year by the populists.

### WILL MEET IN RICHMOND NEXT.

**American Waterworks Association Finishes Its Session.**

Columbus, O., May 19.—The American Waterworks Association adjourned today to meet next year in Richmond, Va., on a date to be fixed by the executive committee.

Papers were read by H. C. Hodgkins, of Syracuse, on "Economic Arrangements and Construction of Sub-Structures and Streets," and by Professor A. M. Bleile, on "Practical Value of Bacteriological Examinations."

This afternoon a visit was made to the Ohio State university, and tonight the members will depart for home.

### HORSESHOERS ELECT OFFICERS.

**International Union Will Finish Its Session Today.**

Louisville, Ky., May 19.—The International Journeymen Horseshoers Union of the United States and Canada today elected the following officers:

President, Fred Hazely, Cincinnati; first vice president and general organizer, Thomas J. Griffin, of Chicago; second vice president, George W. Lindsey, of Toledo; third vice president, William Muirhead, of New ark, N. J.; secretary and treasurer, Ready Kenehan, of Denver, re-elected.

Providence, R. I., was chosen as the next place of meeting. The convention will adjourn tomorrow.

### RAIDED THE MOONSHINERS.

**Revenue Officers Destroy a Large Still in Tennessee.**

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 19.—(Special.)—Deputy United States Collector Millenix and a squad of deputies today made a raid into Monroe county, Tennessee,, near the North Carolina line, and captured William R. Davis, an old hand; Robert Fike and Dock Garner, all engaged in moonshining. They destroyed 2,400 gallons of beer, 100 gallons of finished whisky and an eighty-five-gallon still. The officers have been hunting for this place for some time, and only secured information of its location a few days since.

### MR. M'KINLEY STARTS HOME.

**PRESIDENT AND PARTY HAVE LEFT HOT SPRINGS.**

**Emperor Nicholas and General Otis Send Cablegram to Chief Executive.**

Hot Springs, Va., May 19.—The special train bearing the president and Mrs. McKinley and their party left here at 10:30 o'clock tonight en route for Washington. The visit here has lasted eleven days, during which time the president has been greatly benefited in health.

Adjutant General Corbin arrived here today, bearing some documents upon which he desired the president's action. It is understood that they refer to the situation in Cuba, regarding the plan for the payment and disarmament of the Cuban troops. A question has been submitted by General Brooke whether or not the arms should be turned over to the mayors of towns or to the United States officers.

General Corbin was with the president only a few minutes before the entire presidential party started off for a drive. General Corbin returned to Washington on the special with the president.

A reply was received to Mr. McKinley's message to the czar of Russia congratulating him upon the opening of the peace conference at The Hague. The acknowledgement from Nicholas was as follows:

"Zarskoesalo, May 18.—President of the United States, Washington. Deeply thankful for your good wishes and congratulations. NICHOLAS."

General Otis has forwarded an acknowledgement of the president's message of yesterday in a dispatch saying:

"Manila, May 19.—His Excellency, President McKinley, Hot Springs, Va.—General Lawton and command send grateful acknowledgment for congratulations. "OTIS."

### DROWNING OF YOUNG LOEB.

**He Was Taking a Law Course at South Carolina University.**

Columbia, S. C., May 19.—Eugene Loeb, of Charleston, who was drowned near Columbia last evening, was a young Israelite of marked talent and his death was particularly sad. He was related to Mr. August Kohn, the resident correspondent here of The News and Courier, and had frequently done newspaper work very creditably.

Loeb was just eighteen years old and was taking a law course at the South Carolina university. Last evening he joined a party of students and went to Dent's pond, five miles from town, to swim. They entered the water about 7 o'clock and Loeb, who was a good swimmer, immediately showed signs of distress. Several companions went to his aid, but he struggled so they could not hold him. When he sank they dived for the body, but it was an hour before it was recovered and then all efforts to restore life failed. The body was taken to Charleston today escorted by college students. Loeb was one of the most popular young men in college.

### PRESBYTERIANS STILL AT WORK

**Second Day of General Assembly Hears Reports.**

Richmond, Va., May 19.—The first business of the second day of the general assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church was the appointment of standing committees. A memorial was received from the superintendent of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union suggesting that the fourth Sunday in November in each year should be set apart as an annual temperance Sabbath. It was referred to the committee on bills and overtures.

A communication was received from J. Lewis Howe, of Lexington, Va., bearing upon the representation of this church on the board of trustees in the Union Society of Christian Endeavor. Referred.

Various overtures from presbyteries on the hymn book and other questions were received and referred, among them the following:

"The presbytery of Athens overtures the general assembly to withdraw its recognition of the American Sabbath Union on the ground that this is a society for the promotion of legislative reform, which is not a function of the church of Jesus Christ."

From the same presbytery.

"Whereas, There is a growing tendency in many quarters of our communion to recognize Christmas and Easter as religious days because of the fact with which they are associated in the public mind, the presbytery of Athens believing that such recognition is contrary to the principles of the reformed faith and in the nature of will-worship, hereby overtures the general assembly to make a pronounced and explicit deliverance on the subject."

The report of the committee on foreign missions was then submitted.

The assembly then received the city pastors, after which the report of the committee on home missions was submitted.

At tonight's session no business was transacted. The Rev. Dr. McNeilly preached a sermon and the communion was administered.

### THE VIRGINIA EPISCOPALIANS.

**Convention of the Old Dominion Finishes Work and Adjourns.**

Richmond, Va., May 19.—The Episcopal convention of Virginia resumed its sessions today. The committee on parochial reports submitted its report setting forth the work done during the year and the status of the diocese. The report, in part, is as follows:

Baptisms, adults: White, 142; colored, 5. Total, 147. Infants: White, 342; colored, 11. Total, 443. Grand total, 590. Confirmations: White, 604; colored, 12. Total, 616. Communicants: White, 10,171; colored, 148. Total, 10,319.

Sunday schools: White teachers, 1,014; scholars, 7,569. Total, 8,583. Colored teachers, 27; scholars, 566. Total, 593. Grand total, 9,176. Contributions, $3,120.

Parochial schools: Paid teachers, 17; scholars, 554.—Total, 571.

Members of the brotherhood, 120; Brotherhood of St. Andrews, 283. Woman's auxiliary, 1,654. Total contributions, $185,685.02.

The report of the finance committee was next presented and is as follows:

Contingent fund, $7,584.25; interest on bank balances, $70.25; total ordinary receipts, $7,663.61; dividend on Southern Railway preferred, $58; contributed by Bishop Whittle from his salary, $300; brought forward from previous year, $994.52; gross total, $9,216.14. The ordinary expenses during the year amounted to $8,072.72, and the extraordinary expense to $496.18, making a total of $8,568.90 and leaving a balance on hand of $647.24.

Among other reports presented was one recommending the dissolution of the brotherhood, which was represented as practically dead now, the assets to be turned over to the funds for the widows and orphans of disabled clergymen. After a good deal of discussion, the subject was referred to a special committee of three clergymen and three laymen. The council then adjourned sine die. It will meet next year in Charlottesville.

### SUNDAY OBSERVANCE DEBATED.

**Presbyterian Assembly at Minneapolis Is Kept Busy.**

Minneapolis, Minn., May 19.—Sunday observance was the question which took the major part of the Presbyterian assembly's time today. Most of the long afternoon's session was devoted to an earnest and often excited discussion on the part of special committee on Sabbath observances. In the end the committees' eight resolutions were adopted with slight amendments and two were added. In the discussion the Sunday street car, the Sunday train and railroad excursion, the Sunday newspaper and every form of activity which is not in harmony with the literal meaning of the fourth commandment was condemned. Indignant comments were made when another special committee reported that it had not been able to keep congress and the president from granting the Roman Catholics permission to erect a chapel on the West Point Military academy reservation.

In the debate on the Sabbath resolutions almost every speaker gave evidence of being imbued with the feeling expressed in the words of the committee, "the American Christian Sabbath is in imminent peril; in fact in many of our large cities and in other parts of our land it is already nearly lost. This means that American liberty and American institutions are in peril, for of these the American Sabbath has been both the foundation and protection."

An attempt to get the phrase "'Christian Sabbath" substituted for the phrase "American Sabbath" in the resolutions was defeated.

As adopted the resolutions deprecate the secularizing of the Sabbath, urge members and young people of the church to realize the importance of Sabbath observance, legislatures and congress are urged to protect the American Sabbath, the American Sabbath Union and the Woman's National Sabbath Alliance are commended; every pastor is recommended to preach on Sabbath observance on some Sabbath of next October and take a collection for the Sabbath Union; the board of publication is requested to prepare and Sabbath school superintendents to use a specific Sabbath observance leaflet; sympathy is expressed with 3,000,000 of Americans who, because of Sabbath desecration, are compelled to do secular work on the Sabbath. President McKinley's attention is respectfully called to the fact that employees of the postoffice and many other departments of the government are compelled to work on Sunday.

### STRIKE IS NOW ON IN EARNEST.

**Grain Shovelers and Freight Handlers Won't Return to Work.**

Buffalo, N. Y., May 19.—The grain shovelers tonight adopted resolutions repudiating all agreements made with the Lake Carriers Association and demanding the unequivocal abrogation of the contract with Mr. Conners.

The striking freight handlers at their meeting voted to ignore the advice of Bishop Quigley, in which he urged them to return to work under the terms granted by the associated lake lines at the conference this afternoon.

The action taken at these two meetings tonight, it is thought, will end for some time to come the negotiations which have been in progress for over two weeks to bring about a settlement of the dock troubles.

The grain shovelers will refuse to make any further proposition to either the lake carriers or to the contractors, and as the lake carriers some days ago decided to withdaw from the conflict, the indications are that the strike will be permitted to wear itself out.

### WORKING ON THE BIG COMBINE.

**Promoters of the Carnegie Consolidation Have Conference.**

New York, May 19.—H. C. Frick arrived in this city today from Pittsburg and tonight was in conference at the Holland house with W. H. Moore, of Chicago, and other men interested in effecting the consolidation of the Carnegie Steel Company, limited and the H. C. Frick Coke Company, in the new $525,000,000 Carnegie Steel Company.

It is understood that the plans for financing the gigantic combination were carefully gone over and effected, and the public announcement of them will soon be made, possibly tomorrow.

### NEGROES MEET IN VICKSBURG.

**National Grand Lodge of Mosaic Templars of America To Convene.**

Little Rock, Ark., May 19.—The national grand lodge of Mosaic Templars of America, the leading colored fraternal organization of the south, has been called to convene at Vicksburg, Miss., July 11th, in seventh annual session.

The organization originated in Arkansas and now its scope comprises all the southern states, besides Kansas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Minnesota and Missouri, and its membership consists of 10,000 of the best colored citizens.

Charles W. Keatts, of Little Rock, is national grand master, and John E. Bush, receiver of the United States land offices of this city, is national grand secretary.

### HOW HE EVADED THE OFFICERS.

**Silas Had a Secret Bed in the Wall of His House.**

Columbia, S. C., May 19.—(Special.)—The use of women's clothing by day, and a secret bed in the wall of his mother's house by night, have for six months kept the sheriffs and constables and citizens from earning the reward offered last fall for the capture of Silas Tolleson, twenty years old.

Last fall Silas, having acquired the art of writing, proceeded to utilize it by forging a note for $400 and a mortgage to sixty acres of good land. He raised $150 and disappeared. The victim bank offered a reward, and officers of the law have made many visits to the house where he had liver with his mother, but he was never seen. A girl was sometimes noticed about the place, but she did not interest the officers.

The search would have been abandoned, but the officers were assured by neighbors the boy was there. On the last visit the mother pretended to be sick, but the officers had inside information. They pushed her bed aside and opened a secret door in the thick wall, opening longitudinally. There, in the space left by the sawing out of a big log, was a bed occupied by the supposed girl—the youthful forger. He surrendered without a word.

**Personal Incomes Taxed in Texas.**

Austin, Tex., May 19.—The house of the Texas legislature today passed finally its bill placing 1 per cent tax on all personal incomes in excess of $2,000 a year. The bill will now go to the senate for consideration, and it is believed that it will pass that body.

## FILIPINOS ARE NOT WILLING TO SURRENDER BUT WANT ARMISTICE

### Commission Sent from the Camp of the Insurgents Quickly Made Known Their Desires and Plans.

### OTIS GIVES FLAT REFUSAL

### Body Is Composed of Both Civil and Military Members.

### THEY WANT CONGRESS TO HAVE CHANCE

**Peace Seems No Nearer in the Philippine Islands Than When the First Peace Envoy Conferred with the American Commander.**

Manila, May 20.—10:45 a. m.—Two military and two civil Filipino commissioners appointed to co-operate with three citizens of Manila in negotiating terms of peace arrived here at 8:15 a. m. today.

They have submitted no new proposition, but want an armistice pending the session of the Filipino congress.

Major General Otis has refused to entertain the proposal.

### LUNA FINDS IT HARD TO HANDLE

**Educated Filipinos Are Anxious To Communicate with Americans.**

Manila, May 19.—6:30 p. m.—General Luna is reported to be making desperate efforts to restrain the educated Filipinos within the limits of his self-appointed jurisdiction from communicating with the Americans, even arresting Encamio and Herrera, two of the most influential officials, while on their way to Malolos to join those who are coming via San Isidro today.

This and the removal of the seat of government to Tarlac, thirty miles north of San Fernando, may lead to complications and delay in the pacification. But it is generally conceded that further opposition to American sovereignty is useless and ridiculous. Neither General Luna nor General Pio del Pilar have sufficient force to resist or compel submission.

General Wheaton has been relieved of the command of the Second division for a special assignment and General Funston has been assigned to his brigade.

A board consisting of Colonel Finch, of the Twenty-second infantry, and Major Caballe and General Randolph, of the Third artillery, has been appointed to proceed to Batavia, for the purpose of investigating the European methods of providing for the health of the troops there and to report on the subject for the benefit of the Americans here.

The United States transpoort Warren has arrived here from San Francisco.

### UNDERTAKER BRIBES CLERKS.

**Mazet Committee Unearths a System of Corruption.**

New York, May 19.—The feature of today's session of the Mazet investigating committee was the unearthing of an alleged system of corruption in the disposition of dead bodies from a city hospital; a ghoulish tale that was well corroborated and replete with detail.

By several witnesses it was stated that an undertaker named Marren illegally secured the funerals of all the bodies taken to Harlem hospital, and that he was enabled to do this by bribing clerks in the employ of the city to break the rules. It was also shown that apparently an acquaintanceship existed between Marren and Messrs. Croker and Carroll.

A large number of witnesses were called and a multiplicity of subjects were touched upon during the examination. Another effort was made to get the bookmaker, James Mahoney, to acknowledge that he was connected with pool rooms, but this witness added nothing but a little mirth to the proceedings, though he refused to deny the many accusations made against him.

### DOESN'T CREDIT WAR RUMORS.

**Calvo, of Costa Rica, Says His Country Has No Trouble with Nicaragua.**

Washington, May 19.—Minister Calvo, of Costa Rica, does not attach much importance to the renewed reports that Nicaragua and Costa Rica are massing troops along the border and that conflict is imminent. He says there is no indication that the friendly relations between the two governments are disturbed.

President Iglesias recently arrived in Costa Rica from his trip to the United States and Europe. The press of Costa Rica is profuse in its praise of the Washington authorities for the honors shown the Costa Rican president.

During the visit of President Iglesias to Europe he opened negotiations for $2,000,000 in gold to be shipped to Costa Rica to carry out the plan of establishing the gold standard.

**Pig Iron at $16 Per Ton.**

Youngstown, O., May 19.—Carnegie & Co. have closed a deal for 50,000 tons of pig iron from the Associated blast furnaces of the Mahoning and Shenango valleys, paying $16 per ton. The last sales of pig iron were bought at $14.50 per ton.

**Topeka Banker Dies.**

Topeka, Kans., May 19.—G. G. Gage, a wealthy banker and philanthropist, died at his home here today of paralysis.

# PAUNCEFOTE AND WHITE IN THE LEAD

## Heads of Delegations to the Peace Conference Consult.

## ARRANGING PLANS FOR WORK

### Chief Delegate Names His Own Countrymen for Places on Committees.

### PROCEDURE WILL BE FIXED NEXT WEEK

**Replies from Emperor Nicholas, of Russia, and Queen Wilhelmina Will Be Read to the Congress at Tomorrow's Session.**

The Hague, May 19.—There was a meeting of the heads of delegations to the peace conference today, at which Andrew D. White, head of the United States delegation, and Sir Julian Pauncefote, head of the British delegation, were present. It resulted in an agreement to appoint three committees to deal with the respective groups of the questions proposed for discussion, namely, disarmament, laws of warfare and mediation and arbitration.

With a view of facilitating the appointment of the committees, it was agreed that each chief delegate should nominate those of his own delegation whom it might be desired to appoint to the respective committees, so that each nation should be represented upon all.

Probably the committees will meet next Tuesday or Wednesday to organize and to arrange their procedure.

The opinion of a majority of the delegates seems to be that the general scheme to be presented to the conference has been conceived in a broad and liberal spirit, and the result of this morning's meeting of delegation chiefs is regarded as demonstrating the good will and conciliatoriness of all the delegates as well as a common desire to facilitate the laborers of the conference. Perfect harmony has prevailed thus far regarding all questions brought forward.

At tomorrow's session M. DeStaal will read the replies of Emperor Nicholas and Queen Wilhelmina to the dispatches sent to their majesties at the opening of the conference, after which he will deliver an important speech upon the work of the conference and will propose the adoption of the general scheme arranged this morning.

The various delegations met this afternoon to arraign their members to the grand divisional committees.

Tomorrow's sessions and all subsequent sessions will be secret.

### DISARMAMENT IS ASSURED.

**German Leader So Says and Roasts the United States.**

Berlin, May 19.—The Independence Belge publishes an interview with Professor Rudolph Virchow, the leader of German liberalism, on the subject of the peace conference in the course of which he is represented as having said:

"Disarmament is in the air. Sooner or later it will be realized by all nations under the law of development. The programme of Emperor Nicholas is comprehensive and complicated; but the fact that the powers accepted his call is significant enough.

"One factor in the situation is the weakness of public opinion. Nations are led astray by a deceptive idea of glory and honor. The United States has lately offered a pitiable example of that. A civilized land has been plunged into war by the criminal agitation of brainless demagogues and the incapacity of rulers. The United States have sinned against humanity and civilization.

"Let us hope that the Americans have at least recovered from their bout of intoxication and will redeem the errors of their country. All this is an illustration of the difficulties confronting the conference, but it will not matter if success is finally attained. The conference, I believe, will deepen the study of the peace problems and the new century will be an age of real enlightenment, civilization and peace."

**Practical Results Impossible.**

London, May 20.—The correspondent of The Morning Post at The Hague telegraphs as follows:

"An eminent member of the peace conference says it is simply an act of politeness to the czar and will yield no practical result, simply because it cannot. The powers, he asserts, are too disunited and watch each other too closely to arrive at any understanding in their programme. His prediction is that there will be a long discussion and then a 'first-class burial of the czar's proposals.'"

**Want Court of Arbitration.**

London, May 20.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at The Hague says:

"The chairmanship of the arbitration section has been offered to and accepted by Sir Julian Pauncefote, who, with the delegates of the United States and several minor powers, will insist upon a permanent court of arbitration, which will be the great success of the conference."

**Success Is Predicted.**

London, May 19.—M. De Bloch, author of the work which inspired Emperor Nicholas with the idea of the conference, tells The Daily Chronicle that the results will be amply satisfactory if the conference only affords an entrance for the thin edge of the peace wedge.

**Gross Earnings of L. and N.**

Louisville, Ky., May 19.—A comparative statement of the estimated gross earnings of the Louisville and Nashville railway is as follows: For the second week of May, 1899, $449,640; corresponding week of last year, $430,125—increase $19,515. Total for two weeks of May, 1899, $899,430; corresponding period of last year, $845,430—increase $54,000.


**DOES COFFEE AGREE WITH YOU?**

If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." It nourishes and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strengthening substance of pure grains. Get a package today from your grocer, follow the directions in making it and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 15c and 25c.


### GEORGIAN GIVEN THE PRIZE

**For Winning the Final in the Tennis Tournament.**

Montgomery, Ala., May 19.—(Special.)—A large reception was given at the Cloverdale courts of the Montgomery Tennis and Golf Club this afternoon, at which time the presentation of prizes took place.

The first was that of the championship cup for the southern interstate tournament in gentlemen's singles to Mr. Lawrence A. Cothran, of the University of Georgia, who on yesterday defeated Mr. W. T. Seibels, of Montgomery, taking three straight sets in the finals by a score of 6-0, 6-4, 6-3. This being the first meet of the southern interstate tournament, it is the first time the cup has been won. The holder of the same has to win it three times, in which event it becomes his own, and it is safe to say that if Mr. Cothran plays the same brilliant tennis in the next two tournaments that he did in this he will have no trouble in winning the cup for keeps.

The tennis loving people of Montgomery have on previous occasions had the pleasure of witnessing matches between some of the best players in the country, but never before have they witnessed so remarkable a game as that played by the university man on yesterday. Mr. Cothran left for Atlanta at 6:20 this afternoon, carrying with him the cup and good wishes of the Montgomery people, with whom he made a great hit by his gentlemanly manners and phenomeral playing.

The presentation of gold medals to the winners of the championship in gentlemen's doubles was then made to Messrs. W. T. Seibels and A. L. Jones, of Montgomery, who on yesterday succeeded in winning the finals from Graves and Tyson in a very close and exciting match.

The intercollegiate tournament has been the means of increasing the tennis interest throughout the entire south and the great success of this the initial tournament it is expected that hereafter the event will be one looked forward to by the tennis people throughout both the north and south.

### UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH WINS

**Vanderbilt University Loses in the Oratorical Contest.**

Nashville, Tenn., May 19.—The University of the South won tonight in the fifth annual debate between that college and Vanderbilt university. The Sewanee representatives were W. M. Green, of Mississippi, and J. M. Harrison, of Missouri. The Vanderbilt speakers were W. E. Baird, of Tennessee, and M. W. Bush, of Alabama.

Two nights ago Sewanee's orator, R. W. Hogue, of Alabama, won the ninth annual contest of the Southern Interstate Oratorical Association at Charlottesville, Va.

### RACES OCCUR AT THE COLISEUM.

**Small Sized but Enthusiastic Crowd Attended.**

The races at the coliseum last night were witnessed by a small but enthusiastic crowd. Jackson won in the Young Men's Christian Association race, leading Reed across the tape by half a length. Patton came in third. Time, 2:30.

In the state championship race the first heat was won by G. A. Rathers, with Z. E. Grant second, Tinden third. This race was put under time limit of 2:20. It was not made in that time and the referee made them run it over. In the second race a pace maker was put in and a time limit of 2:25 put on. Jones paced. This was won by Grant, Zinden second. This was one of the best races on the programme, the winners crossing the tape only a few inches a part. Time, 2:23. Rathers was not satisfied and has challenged Grant for a match race for next month.

The half-mile professional was won by Eli Winesett, with Walthour and Kohl a close second and third. Davis and Baker also rode. Time, 1:04 3-5.

In the amateur pursuit between Tumble and Zinden the former won after a hard race, they riding three miles, one lap in 7:17 3-5. In the other pursuit race Grant won from Jones and Rather.

Mangum and Rather rode an exhibition half in the fast time of 57 seconds flat, breaking the world's indoor record by 3-5 of a second, which was held by J. W. Parsons and J. S. Johnson. The next races will occur on June 6th.

**McCoy Wants the Winner.**

Denver, Col., May 19.—The winner of the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries fight will be challenged by Kid McCoy for a finish fight, to take place in Denver.

"I shall go to New York to attend the big fight between Fitzsimmons and Jeff," said McCoy, "prepared to deposit $5,000 for a finish fight with the winner. It is my intention to make my challenge at the ringside."

### ROBERT GILLHAM PASSES AWAY.

**General Manager of the K. C., P. and G. Dies Suddenly.**

Kansas City, Mo., May 19.—Robert Gillham, general manager of the Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf railroad, died here tonight, after a brief attack of typhoid malaria.

As chief engineer, Mr. Gillham superintended the construction of the Pittsburg and Gulf system, and when the work of the construction was done he became general manager of the entire system.

When the southern lines of the road went into the hands of receivers recently he was named one of the receivers by the state district court. Later when the federal court assumed jurisdiction in the receivership proceedings he was dismissed as a receiver, but the decree specified that he should be retained as general manager.

**Mrs. W. I. Carmichael, Rockmart, Ga.**

Rockmart, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Mrs. W. I. Carmichael, formerly a Miss Brennan, and wife of W. I. Carmichael, a jeweler here, died this morning after an illness of short duration. The interment took place this afternoon, the funeral services taking place from the Methodist church, of which she was a member.

**Captain J. W. Stephens, Albany, Ga.**

Albany, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Captain John W. Stephens, a well-known and highly respected citizen of this place, died at his home this afternoon from the effects of injuries sustained in a runaway about three weeks ago. His condition was not reagrded as critical until a few days ago. He was about sixty years of age, a confederate veteran, and leaves a wife, but no children.

**E. B. Brinson, Augusta, Ga.**

Augusta, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Mr. E. B. Brinson, one of the leading clerks of J. B. White's large dry goods house and one of the best known men on the road, died today in the city hospital. Mr. Brinson was about fifty years of age and unmarried. His father's family reside at Stellaville, Ga., in Jefferson county, and the body will be shipped there for interment.

**Ex-Senator Buckalew Dead.**

Bloomsburg, Pa., May 19.—Ex-United States Senator Charles R. Buckalew died at his home here today after an illness of less than a week. Mr. Buckalew was stricken with heart failure last Monday night, and owing to his age, did not rally.

**Miss Harriet A. Frand Dead.**

Chicago, May 19.—Miss Harriet A. Frand, for thirty years associate editor of The Advance and author of several books on religious subjects, died today of pneumonia.

### DEATH OF AN INFANT GIRL.

**Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Reeves Lose Their Daughter.**

Martin Eugenia Reeves, age fourteen months, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Reeves, died last night at their residence, 329 East Fair street.

The little baby had been ill only a few days and her death was entirely unexpected by the parents. Funeral arrangements have not as yet been completed, but the interment will occur at Oakland cemetery.

# HAVANA PAPERS ARE DECIDEDLY ABUSIVE

## Retention of the Arms of the Cuban Troops Causes a Stir.

## AMERICANS ARE CONDEMNED

### Further Separation of Island from the United States Predicted.

### GOMEZ HAS DISAPPOINTED BROOKE

**The Old General Promised To Advise Disbandment of the Army, but Did Not Do So.**

Havana, May 19.—Havana is in a ferment again over the idea that the Washington administration has determined to take the arms of the Cuban troops and to retain them in military possession. This view of the latest news from Washington has been telegraphed to the various cities.

Governor General Brooke is thus far unaware, save through the press telegrams, of any dissatisfaction on the part of General Alger, secretary of war, with his (General Brooke's) plan to have the arms deposited in the care of the mayors of the municipalities, nor has he received any other inkling of Secretary Alger's intention to lay the matter before President McKinley. Consequently unless instructions to the contrary are received from the Washington administration to the governor general's order respecting the distribution of the $3,000,000 as modified, will be issued tomorrow.

Havana's midday papers publish the Washington news, some of them commenting editorially upon it. As the point where the arms are to be kept appears to be thought of vital importance in Washington, the conviction announced there that the mayors cannot be trusted with them is a cause of fresh discontent, just at the moment when the various complications appeared to be unraveled.

La Discussion says:

"Secretary Alger appears to wish to provoke a conflict here. He is more distinguished in the United States as a business man than as a politician, and his relations with certain syndicates are well known. He opposes everything that Cuba wants and favors everything that would cause feeling and provoke excitement. His attitude prompts the question 'what does he want? Does he desire a war here similar to that in the Philippines? We are forced to believe that he only approves that which is unsatisfactory to Cuba.'"

Cubans of prominence say that such an order as is referred to in the press dispatches from Washington would cause much trouble and would still further separate Cuba from the United.

The manifesto of General Gomez issued last evening is unsatisfactory to the military administration, because its author failed to disband the army. He had been asked to include a paragraph directing the various commands to dissolve and had said he was in doubt as to whether he was authorized to disband the army, promising to reflect upon the matter. His attitude at headquarters yesterday was quite different from his previous bearing, and it soon became obvious that he wished to discontinue giving any advice even on the subject of the payment to the troops.

### NO ORDERS COUNTERMANDED.

**Brooke Now Awaits Instructions from President McKinley.**

Washington, May 19.—"It is the sheerest nonsense," said Secretary Alger today, in commenting upon the published story that the president or himself had countermanded any order made by General Brooke relative to the disarmament of the Cuban troops.

The state of the case is brief is as follows:

The president canvassed very thoroughly with Secretary Alger and General Brooke the best method of securing the disbandment of the Cuban troops and their reentry into industrial life. It was decided that a necessary step toward this end was the surrender of the arms held by the Cuban soldiers. It was apprehended that retaining their arms, some, if not a large proportion, inclined by their past predatory existence, would lapse into beigandage.

So the president himself ordered General Brooke to cause the arms of the Cuban soldiers to be delivered up to representatives of the United States army. With these instructions General Brooke has been patiently striving to carry out the president's plan. He has arrived at that point where the Cuban leaders, as a matter of sentiment, they say, make it a condition to disarmament that the arms shall be placed in the custody of the mayors of the Cuban towns. Realizing that to assent to such conditions would be contrary to the president's instructions, General Brooke has telegraphed to Secretary Alger the facts in the case and asked for a decision. The secretary in turn has communicated with the president and asked for instructions, for he feels that he is not authorized to amend or revoke an order originally emanating directly from the president. This is the state of the case at present. The president has not yet notified the war department of his intention. It is held at the war department that should the Cuban leaders refuse to accept General Brooke's proffer, whether it is conditional upon the surrender of arms to United States army officers or to Cuban mayors, that will terminate the efforts of the governor general to come to a satisfactory arrangement with these leaders. Thereupon General Brooke will proceed to address himself directly to the Cuban private soldiers. He will have his agents, United States army officers, to pay off every bona fide Cuban soldier who is willing to comply with the conditions laid down by him, and this will be done without further reference to any of the malcontent leaders, who have so long retarded a settlement.

### HAS APPOINTED COMMITTEE.

**Albert Howell Appoints Sub-Committee To Manage the Election for County Commissioner.**

Albert Howell, chairman of the county democratic executive committee, has appointed the sub-committee to manage the approaching election of county commissioner, for which S. B. Turman and Clifford L. Anderson have announced.

The appointments were made in pursuance of the resolution introduced at the meeting of the committee last Monday afternoon by Captain W. H. Brotherton, and which was unanimously adopted. Mr. Howell appointed on the committee W. H. Brotherton, chairman; F. P. Rice, W. J. Campbell, Harvey Johnson and J. W. Goldsmith.

This sub-committee has been called by its chairman to meet next Tuesday night at 8 o'clock in the office of the city clerk, chamber of commerce.

### WILL GIVE AN EXCURSION.

**City Salesmen's Association To Give Annual Run.**

The annual excursion of the City Salesmen's Association will occur on June 7th. The run will be taken this year to Savannah, and a special train will be chartered for the purpose. The salesman will spend three days on the coast and those who intend going expect to have an enjoyable time.

A committee has been appointed for the excursion. All these have not as yet been made, but the committee is now at work and before the day for the excursion arrives will have things in shape.

### SMITH HAS BEEN APPOINTED.

**End of the Differences Over the Clara Postoffice Plum Was Reached Yesterday.**

W. H. Smith has been appointed postmaster of Clara, which is in the western outskirts of Atlanta. This announcement came yesterday from Washington, and it is probable that the trouble over the plum is now at an end. This is a victory for United States Marshal Walter Johnson, chairman of the state republican executive committee, who recommended Mr. Smith, despite the fact that Major W. H. Smyth, the Atlanta postmaster, and chairman of the district republican executive committee, desired Sam Tarflinger, a resident of Clara district, for the position.

Major Smyth, when seen yesterday in regard to the appointment, said that he was perfectly indifferent in the matter and would not attempt to keep the appointee from taking the office.

The appointment of Mr. Smith is also somewhat of a victory of Jackson McHenry, a negro, and one of the leaders of Georgia republicanism. McHenry indorsed Mr. Smith and although it was charged that McHenry accepted money from one of the defeated candidates in return for indorsement, and offered to indorse another for $50, nothing has ever come of the charge, although it is said that the county republican executive committee, of which McHenry is chairman, may take action.

**Sometimes Inappropriate.**

From Stray Stories.

It is difficult to account for the origin of a great many phrases in current use," remarked McSwilligen, "or even to see their relevancy."

"Yes," replied Squilldig.

"Now, there's that expression, 'on its last legs,' meaning something about the end. Its appropriateness is very doubtful. For instance, a kangaroo is nearly always on its last legs, but where can you find a more striking example of vitality?"

**Cooking in Cuba.**

From The Cincinnati Enquirer.

Frying pan and coffee pot are the only kitchen utensils known to native Cuban housewives. Roasts are unknown; even stews are rare. Soup is as uncommon as in a New England farmhouse. This is the more strange, as most southern Europeans make great use of soups.

Cuba is a hot place, which may account for the fact that no native will eat fat meat, though it is commonly fried in lard.

The common vegetables are yams, okra, rice and bananas.


**WOMAN'S PECULIAR ILLS**

THE ills of women conspire against domestic harmony. Some derangement of the generative organs is the main cause of most of the unhappiness in the household.

The husband can't understand these troubles. The male physician only knows of them theoretically and scientifically, and finds it hard to cure them.

But there is cure for them, certain, practical and sympathetic. Mrs. Pinkham has been curing these serious ills of women for a quarter of a century. Failure to secure proper advice should not excuse the women of to-day, for the wisest counsel can be had without charge. Write to Mrs. Pinkham for it. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

Among the multitude of women helped by Mrs. Pinkham and by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, is MRS. JOSEPH KING, Sabina, Ohio. She writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—Will you kindly allow me the pleasure of expressing my gratitude for the wonderful relief I have experienced by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered for a long time with falling of the womb, and those terrible bearing-down pains, and it seemed as though my back would never stop aching; also had leucorrhœa, dull headaches, could not sleep, was weak and life was a burden to me. I doctored for several years, but it did no good. My husband wanted me to try your medicine, and I am so thankful that I did. I have taken four bottles of the Compound and a box of Liver Pills, and can state that if more ladies would only give your medicine a fair trial they would bless the day they saw your advertisement. My heart is full of gratitude to Mrs. Pinkham for what her medicine has done for me. It is worth its weight in gold."


# SOUTHERN MILLS SHOW LARGE PROFITS

## Annual Meeting of Cotton Manufactories in South Carolina.

## A VERY SUCCESSFUL YEAR

### One Mill Now Making $6,000 Net Per Month This Year.

### MANY NEW SPINDLES WILL BE ADDED

**People of Greenville Rejoice Over Better Railroad Facilities Since a Recent Change.**

Greenville, S. C., May 19.—(Special.)—The annual meetings of the various cotton mills in this section are about over and they show unprecedented profits. For instance, the American Spinning Company, capital $125,000, shows net profit of $37,000; the Piedmont mills, over $125,000; the Huguenot mills, $63,000, and others in like proportion. Now while these profits seem large, the profit for the current year will be much larger. The Poe mill, which made $24,000 for twelve months last year, is now making $6,000 per month net.

This prosperity will add many spindles to the mills of the south. Already the stock for a $600,000 mill at Anderson, S. C., has been raised and Colonel James L. Orr, president of the Piedmont mills, will be president and treasurer. A 25,000 spindle mill will be built at Belton, S. C., and be nominally in charge of Captain E. A. Smyth.

Possibly the easiest thing in the world to do now in this section is to raise a half million dollars to build a cotton mill. All of them have paid good dividends and there is all confidence in the future, certainly so far as this year is concerned. There are other evidences of prosperity, as well as the thrift of the cotton mills. One banking institution in this city has voluntarily reduced its rate of interest from 8 to 7 per cent. There are less farm loans than ever before in the history of the country.

The purchase of the South Carolina and Georgia by the Southern is quite an acquisition to Greenville. For the first time in its history the old Columbia and Greenville will have a sleeping car line and night trains. Both coming to Greenville from Charleston and vice versa you can take a sleeper and wake up at the end of your journey. The new schedule begins on Sunday next. As the Coast Line has a line into this city, it is expected that a similar schedule will be put in operation on their line.

The chance of at last getting an electric line for this city seems assured. The engineers are on the ground and in a few days it is probable that active work will begin. The parties contemplating building are the National Gas and Construction Company, of Philadelphia.


**The Best Prescription for Malaria**

Chills and Fever is Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price 50c.


### HOW THE SCALLOP TRAVELS.

**Some of the Curious Ways of the Popular Shellfish Described.**

From The Boston Transcript.

Many people are very fond of scallops, as may be judged from the fact that nearly 60,000 gallons of the meats were used in New York and Brooklyn in 1897. Of course these bivalves likewise are hunted persistently, and the prospect is that before long comparatively few of them will be left. It has been suggested that they might be propagated in great salt ponds, which could be utilized as preserves. Unquestionably they could be bred by mixing the milt of the male scallops with the eggs of the female, hatching them out and liberating the young ones. Several difficulties are in the way, however, and the most important of these is the locomotive habit of the scallop.

It is by no means a sedentary animal, like the oyster or long clam, but on the contrary, is addicted to swimming about, more like a fish than like a respectable mollusk. Not many years ago a Frenchman bought several thousand scallops and planted them in beds. The next day he was very much astonished to find that they had all taken French leave.

The scallop accomplishes locomotion by a series of leaps. When it is alarmed, or wishes to change its location, it opens an energetically closes its valves, thus expelling the water; the reaction shoots it backward. By this means the creature is able to travel long distances. Sometimes scallops make considerable journeys in large companies.

One can scarcely imagine a lovelier sight than that of a flock of these pretty creatures with their shells of every hue, from purple and white to black, enlivened with shades of pink, yellow and fawn, darting about in clear water. In their flightlike movements, radial, horozontal and zigzag, they are more suggestive of a flock of winged animals than of bivalve mollusks. A superb species, called Peeten inlandicus, formerly abundant on the coast of Maine, is now so nearly extinct that a specimen is regarded as a prize by conchologists. Long Island Sound, New York harbor and the New Jersey coast have been fairly depopulated of scallops by raking and dredging.

Only the yellow-white adductor muscle of the scallop is good to eat. The animal is eaten by birds and by boring mollusks, its thin shell affording it slight protection. For this disadvantage, however, some compensation is given by its superior intelligence and swiftness of movement.

In the prehistoric refuse heaps of Florida, especially at Cedar Keys, great numbers of scallop shells are found—relics of ancient aboriginal repasts. The scallop shell is used in heraldry to indicate that the bearer has made long voyages at sea. It has been the badge of several orders of knighthood—especially those of the crusaders. A beautiful species which inhabits a portion of the Pacific is deified by the natives of some of the islands of that ocean.

**Sugar and Its History.**

From The North American Review.

Sugar is a constituent of most plants, in greater or lesser degree, at some period of their growth. Its exact position or function in the metabolism of plant tissue is still a matter of theory among chemists, but its wide distribution is becoming more and more evident as time goes on. Even the cereal grains, formerly supposed to be merely storehouses of starch, have lately been found to contain notable quantities of sucrose or saccharose, the specific name used by chemists to distinguish the substance in question from its congener carbohydrates possessing a sweet taste. The popular name for this substance, however, cane sugar, indicates the plant containing it in sufficient abundance to first attract the attention of mankind. This plant, saccharum officinarum, probably originated in Asia, whence it has spread gradually to all tropical regions, its easy propagation from eyes on the cane itself assisting materially in its dissemination. The cultivation of this plant for its sweet qualities stretches far back into the past, "sweet canes" being mentioned in the Hebrew Scriptures, and its use in China probably antedated even this mention; yet the extraction of sugar from its juice, and especially the use of the substance as a separate article of food, is a matter of comparatively recent date.

For centuries it was used in Europe only as a confection or as a medicine, and it was not until the beginning of the seventeenth century, a hundred or more years after it was first cultivated in the eastern hemisphere, that it began to be an article of commerce and was imported to any extent into Europe. Once begun, however, its modern development down to the present day, when it constitutes one of the world's greatest industries, the product of which reaches the consumer for the greater part as a chemically pure article, is little short of marvelous; in truth, its history cannot be surpassed in interest by that of any line of human endeavor.


*Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey*

*The Only Medicinal Whiskey*

*Many are the remedies for a cold which are before the public. There is only one certain and sure specific. When you perceive that a cold is threatening to destroy your health, take a moderate dose of*

*Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey*

*and after a good night's rest you will wake up refreshed and restored to perfect health.*

*A Medicine—A Stimulant*

*For illustrated pamphlet address*

*DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y.*

"BREVITY IS THE SOUL OF WIT," GOOD WIFE! YOU NEED

**SAPOLIO**

**Burlington Route**

**BEST TRAINS TO KANSAS CITY, ST. JOSEPH.**


### MILITARISM'S AWFUL CURSE.

**Appalling Waste of Money and Energy by European Nations.**

From Popular Science Monthly.

A whole continent of our globe, twice as large as the European continent, having 8,000,000 square miles and 50,000,000 inhabitants—North America—is divided into three political dominions, Canada, the United States and Mexico. As none of these countries covets the territory of the other, there are on this vast continent only 114,433 soldiers and marines, one solitary man for 700 inhabitants, where in Europe there is one for every 108. The American proportion would give 514,286 men for all the European armies. As there are no savage elemnets in Europe to be restrained by arms, half of the North American continent ought to be enough to maintain internal order there. Europe needs only 300,000 soldiers at most; all the others are supported in deference to the idolatry for square miles. This additional military force exceeds 3,300,000 men and costs 4,598,000,000 francs ($901,600,000) a year. And this is the direct loss entailed by the spirit of conquest, and yet it is trifling as compared with the indirect losses.

First, there are 3,300,000 men under the flags. If they were not soldiers and were following lucrative occupations and earning only 1,000 francs ($200) a head they might produce $700,000,000. The $900,000,000 absorbed now by military expenditures would bring 5 per cent if invested in agricultural and industrial enterprises. This would make another $45,000,000. The twenty-eight days of the reserves are worth at least $40,000,000. Here, then, is an absolutely palpable sum of $845,000,000. But what a number of colossal losses escape valuation. Capital produces capital. If $1,800,000,000 were saved every year from military expenses and poured into industrial enterprises they would produce benefits beyond our power to estimate.


**GOVERNOR BLACKBURN**

Always said that Crab Orchard Water would cure more diseases than any one remedy that he had ever used.


**Brave Bernadou.**

From The Philadelphia Post.

Bernadou's classmates say that he feared nothing on earth—or water. His fearlessness overcomes any consciousness of self.

One afternoon in October, 1881, the United States steamer Kearsarge, Captain G. B. White, lay at anchor in Hampton Roads. The weather had been very stormy for a day or two, and the wind had kicked up a heavy sea. There was a strong tide running, and the vessel swung out on a long cable. A seaman by the name of Christoverson, who was boat tender in one of the cutters swinging at the lower booms, went out and down the Jacob's ladder. In stepping to the thwart his foot slipped, and those on deck saw him disappear under the gray water.

There was a hoarse cry of "man overboard." Seaman Robert Sweeny, who saw the accident, running out along the boom, plunged in without delay, just as the man came up the second time. Bernadou, then a cadet midshipman, heard the cry, and rushing to the gangway saw the terrible struggle of Sweeny with the drowning man as the tide swept them out toward sea. Bernadou tossed off his coat and was overboard in an instant. Christoverson, in his fierce struggle, carried Sweeny down with him, the latter only breaking away to be carried down again.

Bernadou by this time was within reach, and catching the drowning man from behind managed to relieve Sweeny until a line was thrown to them, and they were finally hauled aboard in an exhausted condition. For this act both Bernadou and the sailor received the recommendations of their captain and the thanks of William H. Hunt, then secretary of the navy.

**Economy.**

From Harlem Life.

Patient—What are your charges doctor?

Doctor—My charges are $3 a visit, madam.

Patient—Is that for both rheumatism and malaria?

Doctor—Yes.

Patient—Well, times are hard now, and money does not fetch the interest it used to. Suppose you let the rheumatism stand, and cure only the malaria.


**FACTS.**

We have to move.
We want to reduce stock.
We will make low prices to do it.
We have Wedding Presents, and now is a good time to buy them.

**JULIUS R. WATTS & CO.**

**Jewelers, 51 Whitehall.**

**HOTEL BRISTOL,**
5TH AVE. AND 42D ST., NEW YORK.
One Block From Grand Central Depot.
OFFERS ROOMS EN SUITE OR SINGLE FOR THE SUMMER AT REDUCED RATES; THE LOWEST LOCATION IN THE CITY. HAVING 200 FEET OF UNOBSTRUCTED SOUTHERN EXPOSURE. JOHN L. CHADWICK, Proprietor.

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West End Hotel and Cottages.
Situated on bluff facing ocean.
COTTAGES OPEN JUNE 8. HOTEL OPENS JUNE 1.
New York Office, 115 Broadway (Room 61).
W. E. HILDRETH, Mgr.

**WARM SPRINGS,**
BATH COUNTY, VIRGINIA,
Are now open for guests. For circulars and terms address
EUBANK & GLOVER,
Warm Springs,
Bath County, Virginia.

**WARM SPRINGS, GA.,**
Offers perfect conditions for health, rest and pleasure. In Pine mountains, 1,200 feet above sea level. Wonderful mineral waters cures dyspepsia, rheumatism, insomnia, nervous and bilious afflictions. Superb swimming pools and baths. Modern hotel, first-class equipment and service, electric lights, fine music, board per day $3 to $3.50; per week $11 to $14; two weeks $20 to $25; four weeks $36 to $44. On the Southern railway, four passenger trains daily. Open June 1st. For further information apply to
CHAS. L. DAVIS, Proprietor.

**GRANT HOUSE**
Centrally Located.
Under New Management.
Thoroughly renovated. A first-class Family Hotel. Table service the best. AUGUSTUS DAMERON, formerly with the Aragon, Manager.

**CAPON SPRINGS AND BATHS.**
Alkaline Lithia Water.
Also Superior Iron Water. This well known Mountain Resort will be open June 1st. Air pure, cool and dry. Water unrivaled in curative properties. Table unexcelled. For rates, pamphlets, etc., write to W. H. Sale, proprietor, Capon Springs, W. Va. 5-13 90

**TALLULAH LODGE**
Tallulah Falls reservation, 2,000 feet above sea level. Will be open between June 15th and July 1st. Magnificent new 100-room hotel, first-class in every respect, with sanitary plumbing and electric lights and porcelain baths; water throughout house. Three hours' ride from Atlanta. Special rates on application. For circulars with plan of hotel, rates, terms, etc., address J. P. MacKiernan, Manager.

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**Summer Classes in China Painting**
At reduced prices. Especial attention to Ladies desirous of teaching. Correspondence invited.
WM. LYCETT, 83 1-2 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

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**Business College**
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The Complete Business Course. Total Cost, $40.00. Actual Business from start to finish. Most thorough Shorthand Dep't in 5 states. 4000 graduates. Cat. free.

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THE SHORTEST LINE TO THE CITIES OF THE NORTH AND NORTHWEST
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—BETWEEN—
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Accommodations and cuisine unsurpassed. Send for Tour Book and illustrated Folder. J. W. Smith, Trav. Agt., No. 10 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga. J. C. Whitin, T. M. W. P. Turner, G. P. A. Baltimore, Md. General offices.

**S. B. Turman for County Commissioner.**

Attend the sale of Venable lot this afternoon. Money in this sure.

# HEADLESS BODY OF NEGRO WOMAN

## found in Bed of Small Stream Near Fitzgerald.

## IT WAS BADLY DECOMPOSED

## Murderer Had Made Two Attempts To Cut Off the Head,

## WHICH WAS DONE WITH POCKET KNIFE

**Great Crowds of Negroes Viewed the Body—The Murder Is a Mystery and Officers Have No Clew, as the Body Has Not Been Identified.**

Fitzgerald, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—This morning, about 10 o'clock, while a party of three men were fishing on Willachoochee creek, about three miles south of this place, they found the body of a negro woman lying in the bed of a tributary to the creek. The head had been severad from the body, evidently having been cut off with a knife, and an examination showed that the one doing the crime had made two attempts to sever the head from the body.

The body was badly decomposed, showing that the woman had been dead for several days. A short distance from where the body was found, there was evidence of a struggle, as if the woman had fought hard for her life. The body was perfectly nude and the only thing found was a few pieces of corset string.

Whoever committed the crime made sure work of his victim. The place chosen was in a lonely spot in a dense thicket fully two miles from any habitation. A great crowd of negroes visited the scene of the crime and seemed much excited. There is yet no clew to the perpetrator of the deed. Report has it that there is a woman missing from Martindale's Mill, by the name of Petty Mitchell, and the negroes claim she had trouble with her husband.

This was a horrible murder, committed in a peaceful community, and every effort will be made to ferret out the guilty party.

### OGLETHORPES NOT INSPECTED.

**Colonel Obear Left Savannah on a Summons from Atlanta.**

Savannah, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Colonel William G. Obear spent today in Savannah, having come here for the purpose of inspecting the Oglethorpe Light Infantry. That inspection, however, did not take place and tonight Colonel Obear departed for Atlanta on a summons from the governor. There is some speculation as to why Colonel Obear did not inspect this, the least of the command of the First Georgia regiment here. It is said it was because the Oglethorpes could not muster but twenty-two men, which is ten less than the minimum strength allowed. All the other companies of the regiment here had thirty-two men or more. The Oglethorpes are an historic war company, and it would never do for them to fall short on inspection. It is probable, therefore, that this inspection will be postponed for some days.

As a matter of fact, the military spirit here has dwindled to no small extent since the war. Many men have resigned and none of the companies are as strong as they were before the war with Spain. Out of the four companies in the Savannah Volunteer Guards battalion, only one—company A—can show the minimum strength of thirty-two men. The Georgia Huzzars are in pretty good shape, but the Chatham Artillery has fallen off along with the others. It will take a first-class military revival to pull things together as they were before the war.

### MAYOR AND RECORDER CLASH.

**Myers and Hartridge, of Savannah, Have a Tilt.**

Savannah, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Savannah cannot get along without little political tilts. For some weeks the excitement in official plumbing circles, caused by one or two summary discharges and unexpected appointments, was the only thing that disturbed the otherwise serenity of the situation and the people generally cared very little what the result was. Today, however, there was more than an ordinary ripple on the political sea.

"I say the case shall go on."

"I tell you it shall not; I will refuse to reopen it."

"It has already been reopened and I insist upon its being heard."

Mayor Herman Myers and Recorder W. C. Hartridge were the parties to this conversation in the room of the police barracks, where private sessions are held. The case under discussion was that of W. W. Wallace, who was recently severely fined by the recorder for disorderly conduct, and also turned over to the superior court for assault with intent to murder a man named Carroll. Wallace's attorney, Major J. A. Cann, held that the recorder did not have the right to turn his client over on the one charge, and in addition fine him for disorderly conduct.

Upon request, Recorder Hartridge consented to reopen the hearing, and when he did the mayor was asked by the attorney to sit with the recorder in the case. The result was a serious dispute between the two, Recorder Hartridge holding that the mayor had no right to hear an appeal from his decision.

There was no rehearing today, but the mayor announced his intention of hearing it tomorrow morning. In the meantime the question of the mayor's right has been referred to the city attorney, Mr. S. B. Adams.

Mr. Hartridge is a member of the political factions which was defeated by the faction led by Mayor Myers.

### HANGING OF WILL WILLIAMS.

**NEGRO WHO MURDERED LOVETT PEACOCK AT LUMBER CITY.**

**Knot of Rope Slipped and the Condemned Man Had To Be Dropped Again.**

Helena, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Will Williams, the negro who killed Lovett Peacock, at Lumber City, last fall, and who was convicted at the last term of the McRae superior court, was hanged in the jail yard at McRae at 11:30 o'clock today.

The first drop was a failure, as the knot slipped, allowing Williams to fall to the ground comparatively unhurt. He was assisted back on the scaffold and the rope again adjusted. His neck was broken at the second fall and life pronounced extinct in a few minutes.

In his statement on the gallows Williams said that he was not guilty of murder, but that he killed Peacock in self-defense and that he was convicted on the testimony of negroes who were enemies to their race.

### CHILD EATS PILLS AND DIES.

**Medicine Was for Its Mother and the Little One Got Hold of It.**

Tifton, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—A peculiarly sad occurrence occurred in South Berrien a few days since. Mrs. Lott Sherman, a widow, was quite sick, and the doctor in attendance left some pills for her to take, being of the same kind as he had formerly prescribed, and containing strychnine, but in such a small quantity as to be considered harmless.

While its mother's attention was temporarily attracted elsewhere, her little child, only a year and a half old, found the pills and ate them all, perhaps thinking they were candy. About half an hour after eating them, it was taken violently ill, and in less than two hours was dead, despite all its agonized mother and frightened relatives could do for its relief.

Its remains were interred near Lois yesterday.

### PRESENTED HIM A LOVING CUP.

**Testimonial of Augusta Citizens to General Young.**

Augusta, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Tonight at the Commercial Club a handsome loving cup, costing about $250, was presented to General S. M. B. Young, who has been chief officer of Camp Mackenzie since its establishment last November and who has been ready at all times to co-operate with our citizens in any military display or in allowing troops to parade or military bands to play in the city. Camp Mackenzie will be deserted next week and General Young will leave for the Philippines. On the eve of his departure Augusta friends made this testimonial of the community's appreciation and high personal regard. The presentation speech was made by Congressman W. H. Fleming.

**Will Be a Fine Monument.**

Valdosta, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Mr. B. F. Strickland, representing the Strickland family, made a contract this week for probably the finest monument that has been put in any cemetery in this section of the state. It is to be of granite and marble, and will require probably eight or nine months to complete it. It will be crowned with a statue of the late Charles Strickland, father of the Stricklands, and it is understood will cost several thousand dollars.

**An Ovation to Chancellor Goodrum.**

Newnan, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—The Newnan delegation to the convention of the Knights of Pythias, held at Rome this week, returned yesterday eveninng over the Carrollton road.

Mr. T. M. Goodrum, who was elected grand chancellor for the state of Georgia, was greeted with an ovation. The distinction conferred upon Mr. Goodrum is well merited, and it may confidently be relied upon that he will give the order an able and successful administration during his term of office.

**Crops and the Weather.**

Valdosta, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Reports that come from various sections around here indicate that the corn crop is just a little short of last year, while there is a slight increase in the acreage of sea island cotton. The short cotton crop is also reduced some. Oats are needing rain in most localities, but other products are not suffering yet. The farmers have been very busy with their work, and are well up with it.

**Young Man Pronounced Insane.**

Thomasville, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—T. D. Hawthorn, a young man of Cairo, this county, was pronounced by a jury this afternoon to be of unsound mind, and will be taken to the sanitarium at Milledgeville tonight. Young Hawthorn has been doing an extensive and successful business in sirup, melons and other products for two or three years. For the past few months he has been working very hard, preparing to handle the melon crop of this section, and his mind gave way under the strain. His friends believe that a rest and cessation of business will soon restore his mind to its normal condition.


# The New Brew

of the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n

Black & Tan

—"The American Porter"

Supplies a delightful beverage to the American public that has long been demanded but never previously attained. It is superior in every way to the best English Porter, Stout and 'alf and 'alf; being mellow, refreshing and palatable. The only perfect Porter of American make. Try a bottle of the new brew. Sold at all buffets.

Made only by

ANHEUSER BUSCH BREWING ASS'N, St. Louis, U. S. A.

Brewers of the Famous Original Budweiser, Faust, Michelob, Anheuser Standard, Pale Lager and Anheuser-Busch Dark.


# MACON PREPARING FOR THE CARNIVAL

## Liberal Subscriptions Come in from the Business Men.

## WILL BE A GREAT SUCCESS

**Negro Who Escaped from Houston Chaingang Taken Back.**

### BASEBALL GAME IN MACON TODAY

**Will Be Between Mercer and the Volunteers—Entertainment at Mercer University Last Night.**

Constitution Bureau, Brown House, Macon, Ga., May 19.—The Macon Carnival Association is meeting with great success on all sides.

The merchants are rallying to their support and subscriptions are beginning to pour in at a rapid rate. President Tom Loyless said this afternoon that he was surprised at the rapidity in which the merchants were responding to the prospectus which was sent out last week, but he expected it to come soon.

Carnival is the talk of the town, and it must be said that it will be one of the greatest successes in the history of the state.

The plans have already been laid and will be carried out to the letter, although there may be a few changes. The merchants have begun to realize that the carnival is one of the biggest things for them that can possibly be had and in many cases they are doubling their subscriptions.

The subscription books, which were opened yesterday, are beginning to fill up. Treasurer Mallory H. Taylor was seen this afternoon by a representative of The Constitution and he stated that if the subscriptions kept up at the rate with which they had been coming in today the total amount asked for—$6,000—would be had by next week.

The letters which are being received at all hours during the day by Chairman Carling, of the finance committee, go to show just how the merchants of the city feel about the coming carnival, and in many cases they express the good done them by the last.

Following is a letter which was received today from the well-known firm of Henry J. Lamar & Sons:

"Hon. T. J. Carling, Chairman Finance Committee Macon Carnival Association, Macon, Ga.: Dear Sir: Inclosed please find our subscription of $100 for the 1899 carnival fund. We also wish to buy in addition to tickets received on the subscription 100 extra tickets, which we believe are to be sold at 50 cents each. We wish to express to your committee our approval of the plaza and ticket feature of the next carnival. We will use these 200 tickets with our friends and customers throughout the state. Wishing you every success, we are yours truly,

"H. J. LAMAR & SONS."

Such letters are being received from parties on all sides and the officials of the association are very highly pleased with the prospects.

Following is the list of merchants who subscribed to the fund today, and this is considered excellent, as the books have only been open for twenty-four hours:

A. & N. M. Block, $100; Eads, Neel & Co., $100; Waxelbaum, Popper & Co., $50; Jake Binswanger, $100; Mallory H. Taylor, $25; National Biscuit Company, $50; H. J. Lamar & Sons, $150; W. H. Ross, $50; Roland B. Hall, $10; Marion Harris, $15. Total amount, $850.

The above list shows some of the best firms in Macon, and it is expected that before the end of the week all of the firms in the city will have their names on the list. A. & N. M. Block have doubled their subscription of last year.

The association proposes to make no debts and to pay cash for everything they get, thus from a financial standpoint making the carnival a success.

In a few days advertisements of the canival will be sent to all parts of the state and the largest crowds ever known in the history of the city are expected to be here.

The Macon citizens are interested and will give the officials of the carnival all the assistance possible.

**He Is Notorious.**

Will Sears, colored, was taken from the city barracks this afternoon by Deputy Sheriff Riley, of Houston, and carried to Perry. He was serving a sentence on the chaingang of Houston and escaped, and had nearly a year served. Time for escaping will now be added to his sentence. Sears was captured in Macon Wednesday afternoon by Policemen Pearce and Thompson and they have been paid a reward of $15 for his capture. Sears has served a sentence of seven years in the penitentiary for burglary, having been sent up from Bibb county. When he serves his time in Houston he will be brought back to Macon to stand trial for burglary.

**Mercer and Volunteers.**

The baseball teams of Mercer university and the Macon Volunteers will play tomorrow at Athletic park. The game promises to be closely contested.

Mansfield will pitch for Mercer and Merritt, of the Technological school, of Atlanta, who is a Macon boy and a member of this military company, will pitch for the Volunteers. He made a most creditable showing against Mercer when the Techs played here and had he been accorded the proper support, the game would not have been so one-sided.

The Volunteers have some of the best material in Macon on their team, and Merritt's support should be gilt-edged.

There is a good deal of interest manifested in this game throughout the city and it bids to be somewhat of a social event. It is probable that each team will select a sponsor and maids of honor.

The line up of the Volunteers is Jones, catcher; Merritt, pitcher; Jones, first base; Lowe, second base; I. Dunwody, short stop; Nisbet, third base; Lowry, left field; Winn, center field; Newman, right field.

The Mercer line up will be Holland, catcher; Mansfield, pitcher; Wachtel, first base; Steinbacher, second base; Mitchell, short stop; Allen, third base; Taylor, right field; Randall, center field, and Copeland, left field.

The above is one of the strongest that Mercer has ever put in the field. The boys are rather sore over their recent defeat in Atlanta and claim that they will beat the Volunteers by a tremendous score.

The colors of the Volunteers are purple and white; those of Mercer are orange and black. The game will be called promptly at 2:30 o'clock, and fully 1,000 people are expected to witness the game.

Mr. Ed O'Connell will probably umpire.

Mercer has several more games scheduled and they will probably be played off next week.

The Volunteers have challenged the Georgia team for two games to be played here after commencemnt at Athens. It is not known whether or not the Georgians will accept the challenge.

**Granted a Divorce.**

Mrs. Mattie Carroll, the handsome proprietress of the Cannon house, on Houston street, Atlanta, was granted the first verdict of divorce yesterday in Bibb superior court from her husband, Augustine H. Carroll, who has been living in St. Louis several years. Mrs. Carroll was residing in Macon at the time she filed her suit for divorce.

**Programme at Mercer.**

There was a large and delighted audience tonight at Mercer university in attendance on the entertainment given under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association of the university. The following programme was rendered:

Piano solo, selected—Miss Reynolds.
Vocal solo, "Spring Tide," Becker—Miss Goodall.
Address Mr. J. R. Straton.
Mandolin club.
Violin solo, selected—Miss Reynolds.
Duet—Mrs. Stallings and Professor Sellers.
Dramatic recitation—Mr. William Gerdine.
Vocal solo, "Aria," Rossini—Miss Kay.
Ten minutes of Mr. A. E. Ramsaur.
Mandolin club.
Recitation, "Casey at the Bat"—Mr. L. P. Hillyer.
Vocal solo, "Life's Merry Morn," Balley—Miss Wilson.
Glee club.

**Confederate Veterans Meet.**

Confederate veterans of Bibb county met tonight to hear the report of the delegates to the Charleston reunion. Speeches were made by Commander Wyley, Vice Commander Nisbet and others. A resolution was passed that no aid or assistance of any kind shall be solicited from the public without bearing the official request of the commandant. This was done to protect the public from imposition.

The directors of the Macon hospital met this afternoon and the affairs of the institution were found to be in a highly satisfactory condition.

**Music Recital.**

Tonight in the chapel of Wesleyan Female college Miss Pearl Lester gave her recital for graduation in music. She was assisted by Miss Parkinson, violinist. The programme was as follows:

"Von Wilm" (variations for two pianos)—Mrs. Shinholser at second piano.
Saint-Saens—Second mazurka.
Lack—"Song of the Brook."
Schumann—Novelette in F.
Schubert-Heller—"The Trout."
Bohm—"Legende."
Raff—"La Fileuse."
Karganoff—"Scherzo."

### COMING RIGHT ON TO TIFTON.

**Grading the Extension of the Sparks, Moultrie and Gulf.**

Tifton, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Mr. J. B. Norman, Jr., one of the largest land owners of Colquitt county, and one of the promoters of the extension of the Sparta, Moultrie and Gulf road to Tifton, was in Tifton yesterday. He says the Pinopolis Company, of which he is an active member, has the right of way on into Tifton and has let the contract for all of this work, including cutting of right of way, grading, tack laying, bridges, pile driving, crossties, etc. The grading was let to Redmond & Co., of Atlanta, and they have a force of 250 hands at work, and completed two miles of the grade last week.

The contractors say they will be into Tifton with the grading in ninety days. They will not cross the line of the Tifton and Thomasville at all, but will keep to the west of it all the way into Tifton. They will connect with the other lines running into Tifton about where the union depot is to be built. The grade will be of the standard all the way, and not over one per cent.

The Pinopolis Company paid in freights last year $48,000, which can be saved by building their line into Tifton. This immense saving alone will soon pay the cost of building and equipping the line, to say nothing of freights from other sources, and not considering the fact that they have to build to within ten miles of Tifton to reach their timber. They propose to have the line into Tifton and equipped before fall, and besides the hauling from their own extensive mills, will have the freights of several naval stores firms to begin with.

### VALDOSTA'S ELECTION DAY.

**Citizens To Vote on Issuance of Sewer Bonds.**

Valdosta, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—One of the most important elections in the history of Valdosta will take place tomorrow on the question of issuing bonds for the establishment of a system of sewerage here. The qualifications of voters who are eligible to vote in the election are the same as in an election for members of the general assembly. There has been no opposition, so far as is known, to the bond issue and none is apprehended. This is the most advanced step the town has ever taken. The sewerage system will add to the value of every dollar's worth of property in the city, and will give employment to a hundred men for probably a year's time.

### FIRST PEACHES OF THE SEASON.

**Tifton Reports the Arrival of the Luscious Fruit.**

Tifton, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—The first ripe peaches of the season were in Tifton yesterday. They were of good average size, well ripened and good flavor. Many trees in the orchards in this vicinity have an average crop.

The peaches were from the Tift & Snow farm.

**Cars Collide at Valdosta.**

Valdosta, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—There was a collision on the Plant system last night between a caboose and an incoming train from the west. The caboose was a part of a special freight train, which stopped here last night to do some shifting of cars. While the engine was at work, above the depot, the caboose was left standing on the track. It is down brade to the junction, and in some way the caboose started down track and its speed finally reached fifteen miles per hour, when it was met by an incoming freight, which threw it from the track. The engine of freight was mutilated some, but no serious injury to engineer and fireman.

**Weddings at Rockmart.**

Rockmart, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Mr. J. J. Hays and Miss Nannie Ralford were married at the Methodist parsonage by Rev. W. A. Harris this afternoon. Mr. Hays is one of Rockmart's young business men and Miss Raiford is a young lady of many estimable qualities.

It is announced that Mr. Homans Randall and Miss Ludie Sheffield are to wed tomorrow afternoon some miles out from town at the home of County Commissioner H. N. Sheffield.

**Excursion to Pearl Spring Park.**

Newnan, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—A large excursion party from Opelika, Ala., including the Sunday schools of that city, came up to Pearl Springs park this morning and enjoyed a picnic there today. There were about 600 people in the party. Pearl Springs park, two miles from here, on the Atlanta and West Point railroad, has become one of the most famous picnic grounds in this section of the state. The natural advantages and ideal surroundings of this place for an outing of this kind, can hardly be surpassed and that this fact has become recognized abroad is attested by the large number of excursions run to this point from distant places.

**A Moonlight Picnic.**

West Point, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Mr. L. L. Barnes, of Atlanta, who has been visiting here for several days past, was complimented last night by a moonlight picnic at the park. A jolly party of young society people chaperoned by Mr. Smith Lanier and Mrs. Brown enjoyed the dancing until a late hour.


**Refreshing.**

**Horsford's Acid Phosphate**

A few drops added to half a glass water refreshes and invigorates.

Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper.


# HAVE CANCELED ALL THEIR GAMES

## University Baseball Team Practically Disbanded.

## PRESIDENT DUDLEY'S ACT

**In Ruling Moore and Bankston Off of the Team.**

### CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE WITH THE BOYS

**Chancellor Boggs Has Not Heard from Dr. Talmage—Athletic Association Trying To Pay Debts.**

Athens, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—The university baseball team has practically disbanded and all the games on the schedule have been canceled.

On account of the action of President Dudley, of the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic Association, in ruling Moore and Bankston off the team, it became necessary to quit playing, and consequently two games with North Carolina, one with Wofford, two with Mercer, two with Sewanee and three with Virginia have been declared off.

The university boys could go on and play by violating the rules of the association, but they are not going to do that. They do not like the way in which President Dudley has acted in the matter and do not believe Moore and Bankston to be guilty of any professionalism. So they will attempt to get out of the Southern Intercollegiate Association in an honorable manner, and a committee has already drafted a petition to that effect, which will be presented to the Association.

The boys will try and arrange a game between a team made up of students and Athens boys and the baseball team from Greenwood, S. C., as there will be an excursion from Greenwood to Athens next Saturday, and a large crowd is coming over.

**Dr. Talmage May Come.**

Chancellor Boggs has not yet received a reply from Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage, but hopes he will reply favorably to the invitation to deliver the oration here on commencement day. Dr. Talmage is to deliver the Connecticut address at Erskine college, Due West, S. C., on the 20th of June, and it is believed he will come on to Athens and deliver the address here on the following day.

**To Raise Athletic Debt.**

A strenuous effort is being made by the students of the University of Georgia to raise enough money with which to pay off the debt of several hundred dollars that hangs over the University Athletic Association. The students have subscribed $150 and several big entertainments will be given between now and commencement to help swell the fund to be used in retiring this debt.

**Professor Herty Going to Europe.**

Professor Herty will go to Europe next month and will be gone a year. He will be accompanied by his wife and children. He will spend the greater part of his time in Germany and will devote himself assiduously to the work of perfecting himself in the department of chemistry, of which he is now assistant professor in the University of Georgia. He will leave Athens about the middle of June.

**An Evening with Field.**

This evening at Seney-Stovall chapel the Lucy Cobb girls gave a delightful recital. It was "An evening with Eugene Field," and was under the direction of Miss Fannie Nash. The musical numbers were rendered by Misses Mabel Hodgson, May Waiden and Katie Jester. The recitations were by Misses Margaret Price, Lula Simmons, Caroline Cobb, Rosa Lee, Nell Ketchum, Mary Illges, Camilla McWhorter, Fannie Boyd Smith, Kathleen Lowe and Norma Strickland.

**Improvements at State Normal.**

President S. D. Bradwell has returned from Atlanta, where he attended a session of the state normal school commission. He will at once make contracts for putting blinds on the windows of the dormitory building, for furnishing a steam laundry and for several minor repairs. President Bradwell will begin stretching tents next week for the accommodation of male teachers, as the dormitory room is now exhausted.

**Negro Arrested for Burglary.**

For quite a while some one has been systematically and regularly stealing articles from the Baxter street school building, and until yesterday it was impossible to catch up with the thief. But yesterday the police ran in Ed Payne, colored, who confessed to the burglary and who also is charged with forging a note for $3 and obtaining the money on it.


If your blood is pure, you are well fitted for life's duties and pleasures. Any clods of impurity need dissolving and purifying with Hood's Sarsaparilla. America's Spring blood purifying medicine.


**Stabbing Affray at Sandersville.**

Sandersville, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—At a baseball game between young men of Sandersville, a negro boy of twelve years, named Saffold Wayne, was seriously cut by an older negro named Forrest Redding. Saffold threw a rock at Redding. He ran, stumping his toe and fell, and Redding cut him through the back. Redding is in jail.

**Close of the Merry Makers.**

Augusta, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—Merry Makers' week closed tonight after four days of successful entertainment and good crowds. In the dance tourney this afternoon W. H. Tabb won first prize and Private Johnson, troop M, Third United States cavalry, second.

**Cut in the Neck.**

Augusta, Ga., May 19.—(Special.)—A white man named Ed Butler was cut in the neck in a barroom brawl tonight by a negro, name unknown, who escaped. Butler's injury is not serious.

### HEAVY MORTGAGES ARE FILED

**Covering Mineral Property in Three States.**

Knoxville, Tenn., May 19.—(Special.)—The Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Company, of which George L. Carter, of Bristol, Tenn., is president, has filed for registration, in the register's office of Johnson county, a mortgage covering all its property in southwest Virginia, east Tennessee and Kentucky. The Manhattan Trust Company, of New York, is made trustee, the amount secured being $10,000,000. The Virginia and Southwestern Railway Company, of which Carter is also president, filed, at the same time, a mortgage for $1,000,000 covering that part of the railroad in southwest Virginia and east Tennessee.

It is learned today that the mortgages are made to secure improvement bonds. The consolidation of all the iron and steel industries in eastern Kentucky, southwest Virginia and east Tennessee under one management is practically assured by this syndicate's acquisition of two furnaces at Embreville and Johnston City, the deal for which is reported as having been closed in New York.

The same syndicate has also recently secured control of the Watts steel and iron syndicate, limited, of Middlesboro, Ky. The combined capitalization of these two companies is $15,000,000.

**Attend the sale of Venable lot this afternoon. Money in this sure.**


# The Fremont Grape Juice Co.'s

## UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE

May be used as Lemonade (with Grape Juice), Ambrosia, Grape Sherbet, Grape Water Ice, Grape Jelly.

Half Pints, per bottle..... 15c | One Quart, per bottle ..... 50c
One Pint, per bottle..... 25c | Half Gallon, per bottle..... 95c

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It is now open and ready for the transaction of business. The Woman's Exchange in connection with the Home is prepared to handle all kinds of goods. Special orders taken and furnished on short notice. Your patronage is solicited.

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Known and sold by all first class dealers from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

BEWARE OF REFILLED BOTTLES; DEMAND THE GENUINE.

Jos. A. Magnus & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.


### LOOKING FOR MORE PROPERTY.

**Republic Combine To Take in More Furnaces.**

Birmingham, Ala., May 19.—(Special.)—Charles Ridgeley, one of the projectors of the Republic Iron and Steel Company, is in the Birmingham district and is being shown considerable furnace, coal and ore properties not in the combine. In the company with officials of the Republic company today he visited properties of the Tutwiler Coal and Iron Company, and it is now stated that it will be absorbed with the two furnaces at Trussville. Should this occur, it will make five furnaces, besides two big coal mines, ore mines and 400 coke oven and two rolling mills operated by the Republic combine in the Birmingham district.

**Wedding at Madison, Ala.**

Huntsville, Ala., May 19.—(Special.)—Miss Mattie Bronaugh, a popular young lady of Madison, was united in marriage yesterday afternoon to Mr. John L. Orgain, of this city. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. T. Miller at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Mollie Bronaugh. Mr. and Mrs. Orgain and the bridal party reached the city last night and attended a reception given in their honor by Mrs. J. C. Harris.

**Grave Decoration at Huntsville, Ala.**

Huntsville, Ala., May 19.—(Special.)—The largest attended decoration services ever held here occurred yesterday afternoon when the graves of confederate and union soldiers and soldiers of the late war who died in camp in this city were decorated by the ladies of the Daughters of the Confederacy. A procession led by a military band formed on the public square marched to the city cemetery, followed by several hundred citizens in carriages and on foot. The address of the day was delivered by James H. Branch and a musical programme was rendered while the soldiers' graves were bedecked with flowers.

**Two Frauds in Gadsden.**

Gadsden, Ala., May 19.—(Special.)—Gadsden is affected with two frauds—Dr. James Jarnold, colored, and Dr. W. R. Ferguson, white, both professing to be able to cure by laying on of hands. They are frauds, pure and simple, yet great crowds flock to see them, pay money and secure no benefit. The white faith doctor has served a term in the county chaingang for practicing medicine without license. Many poor and ignorant farmers have been defrauded by him and the negro.

**Pastor Stricken with Paralysis.**

Gadsden, Ala., May 19.—(Special.)—Rev. J. F. Goldman, pastor of the Episcopal church, was stricken with paralysis last night while preaching at the Methodist church. He was half way through his sermon when he felt the stroke coming on, but he grasped the pulpit stand and preached for half an hour. The congregation knew nothing of his suffering until he had finished and called them to his aid. The right side of his face, left arm, and knee was affected. He is resting easy now, and he will probably recover.

**Boy Killed by Engine.**

Montgomery, Ala., May 19.—(Special.)—Joseph Bachelor, the fifteen-year-old son of Chief Train Dispatcher Bachelor, of the Western road, was run over and instantly killed by a switch engine in the yards last night. The boy has been employed as messenger in the general office. While crossing the network of tracks on the extension of Court street, leading the addressee of batches of messages he was sent to deliver in the city, a switch engine came upon him and crushed his life out.

**The Prairie at South Port, N. C.**

South Port, N. C., May 19.—(Special.)—The United States auxiliary cruiser Prairie, Captain McKenzie, arrived from Port Royal and anchored in this harbor this afternoon. She comes to take the different divisions of North Carolina naval reserves for a week's cruise at sea, and expects to sail with them next Tuesday morning for a cruise to Norfolk or New Pork.

**Shipping Troops to Cuba.**

Washington, May 19.—The funeral ship Crook, which has been transformed into a regular army transport, will sail from New York tomorrow for Savannah, Ga., where she will embark the Second regiment of infantry for transportation to Cienfuegos, Cuba. The transport Dixie, which brought the Fourth regiment of immunes from Manzanillo, will also leave New York tomorrow with about 600 recruits for Havana.

# PROPERTY TO REMAIN INTACT

## What the Will of the Late James Lynch Contains.

### GRANDCHILDREN PROVIDED FOR

**Upon Death of Children the Property Will Go to the Grandchildren and Great-Grandchildren.**

Until the youngest of the present grandchildren of the late James Lynch attains the age of twenty-one years, the bulk of the property left by him will remain intact. The estate has been variously estimated at figures between $500,000 and $800,000, but J. J. Lynch, the executor of his father's estate, announced yesterday that in his opinion it would not reach $300,000.

The will was drawn by Colonel W. S. Thomson and bears the date of January 23, 1897, the witnesses being Ed Lock, L. M. Harrison and Jerry Wallace. J. J. Lynch was named as the sole executor and the guardian of the minor children.

J. J. Lynch, Mrs. William Erskine, Mrs. Edward Kenny, Charles Lynch, son of Patrick W. Lynch, deceased, and the five children of the late Mrs. Elizabeth Lynch Williamson are the heirs to the estate.

To his son, J. J. Lynch, James Lynch left a life interest in one-half of the buildings at the northwest corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets. The other half is already owned by Mr. Lynch. Mr. Lynch was also left a life interest in the two residences located at 86 and 90 Courtland street.

Mrs. William Erskine was bequeathed a life interest in the building at the northwest corner of Whitehall and Hunter, and also the residence at 429 Whitehall street.

Mrs. Kenny was given a life interest in the property at 46 to 52 Decatur street and 34 Gilmer street, where Mr. Lynch made his home.

His grandson, Charles Lynch, was given a life interest in the property at 92 to 98 Decatur street, and also a residence.

The Williamson children were left the building at 68 Whitehall, and also the building at 64 and 66 Decatur street.

James Lynch also left a valuable tract of land adjoining Fort McPherson, and property in Chattanooga. This will be sold and the money placed with that which is now on hand. The money is to be divided among the three living children. It has been estimated that there is $100,000 in cash on hand, but Mr. J. J. Lynch says it is not near that amount.

Upon the death of the children of the late James Lynch, the property is to be divided among the grandchildren and great-grandchildren.

### BEAUTIFUL LOT AT AUCTION.

**Peachtree Street Property Will Be Placed on Sale at 4:30 This Afternoon.**

At 4:30 o'clock this afternoon the valuable lot at the corner of Peachtree street and Forrest avenue will be sold at auction by Steve Johnson & Co. The lot is one of the prettiest on Peachtree street and affords a beautiful location for a handsome residence or apartment house.

With a frontage of 100 feet on Peachtree and 165 feet on Forrest avenue, within a few blocks of the center of the city and far enough away to be free from the noise and surrounded by all conveniences, the lot is excelled by few in that section of the city.

During the auction this afternoon, lemonade will be served and ladies are invited to be present. There is considerable interest in this sale and the indications are that the bidding will be lively.

At 5 o'clock, and immediately after the auction of the Venable lot, the cozy home at 252 Ivy street will be sold at auction by Steve Johnson & Co.

**Imboden Must Remain in Jail.**

Kansas City, Mo., May 19.—Leonard J. Imboden, formerly of Dallas, Tex., who was arrested here some time since for operating a "wild cat" bank, will have to remain in jail until September. In the criminal court today his case was reset for the fall term.

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No man sexually weak should lose hope. He should and can get back complete manhood through the thoroughly scientific treatment of DR. HATHAWAY & CO. It is a treatment that positively cures when all other physicians and remedies utterly fail. It stops every Unnatural Drain and builds up the muscular and nervous system, purifies and enriches the Blood, cleanses the Kidneys, Invigorates the Liver, revives the Spirits, brightens the Intellect and restores Wasted Power of Sexual Manhood.

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CLARK HOWELL.....Editor
W. A. HEMPHILL.....Pres't and Bus. M'g'r

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ATLANTA, GA., May 20, 1899.


## "Independentism" as She Is.

"Western and southern democrats will name the ticket and Tammany will support it," remarks The Springfield Republican, referring to the campaign of next year. The statement is absolutely true as it stands, but The Republican seems to intend it as a sneer at Tammany for its lack of independence.

Well, there are various sorts of independence. Tammany, for instance, is independent enough to be democratic at all times and under all circumstances; it is just as democratic after defeat as it is after a victory; and this sort of independence means something. But there is another kind of independence which may mean much or little according to the view one takes of it.

The Republican affords us a very lively example of the independence which, from the day that Carl Schurz began to connect himself with first one party and then another, has been practiced by a coterie of public men and prominent citizens. If they have not found as much profit in it as Schurz, they have at least attracted attention, and have earned a distinctive title. They are designated as mugwumps, and find great pleasure in the distinction. The Republican is as prominent as any of them, and is perhaps louder in its manifestations of independence than any of the newspapers marked in its category.

The Republican is fiercely, savagely independent during those years when its zeal and earnestness are not put to the final test of an election. But when the campaign begins to draw near, the editor puts on a suit of new clothes, changes his pen and his bottle of ink and proceeds to draw nearer and nearer to the heaving and expectant bosom of the republican party; and however shy and bashful his advances may be, he is finally found there, smiling as sweetly as if he had never denounced his party as a trollop of the most detestable stripe.

Take the present situation as an example. The Republican has been declaring for months and still declares that the republican party is violating a fundamental principle of our institutions in the war it is making on the Filipinos; that the doctrine of imperialism or expansion is ruinous; and that the accomplishment of the aims of its party in the Philippines will mark a step in the decay of republican government. Not a day has passed since the Philippine question arose that The Republican, in the exercise of its independence, has not denounced the whole scheme from beginning to end, devoting long columns of editorial matter to the subject and supplementing these by copious extracts from speeches, letters and by arguments.

A stranger to the devices of independentism, as practiced in New England and elsewhere in this country, would be ready to make affidavit that The Republican would never be able hereafter to give the republican party its sanction and support, or aid it in furthering and completing the designs now afoot in the Philippines. Yet we who have been witnesses of such exhibitions of independence on many occasions, know that such demonstrations amount to nothing and mean nothing; the republican leaders know it; the whole country knows it. The political conscience of New England, which this professional independentism is supposed to represent, is very active in off-years. It goes up and down uttering its plaintive cries, its wild lamentations and its fierce warnings. But as soon as the republican bugle toots, the New England conscience goes to bed and pulls the cover over its head, and everything is lovely in the grand old party.

A stranger, we repeat, would be certain that the independent Springfield Republican would continue to carry on its campaign against republican annexation schemes to the bitter end; but he would be woefully surprised could he read The Republican a year from today. He would conclude that it had changed hands; that the editor of today had been crowded out by some fierce republican partisan who inherited his prejudices from a federalist ancestor.

For, as we have said, when the republican procession begins to form and the bugle toots tra-la-la, our Springfield contemporary will be found in a conspicuous place. He will wave his arms as wildly as the rest and beg his fellow citizens to rally once more and save the country from the clutches of the democrats; and he will "point with pride" to the achievements of the g. o. p. at home and abroad. After the campaign, he will appear again as an independent and engage in the work of preventing wisdom from disappearing from the face of the earth.

## A Condensed Novel.

It is not often that one encounters a story which contains the elements of pathos, patriotism, love and greed. All of these and others, too, are found in a simple little romance that is laid in Brooklyn. The facts are as follows:

When Frank E. Sweezey went to the front with troop C, Miss Minnie E. Crary heartily wished him a safe return.

When he came back he was only the wreck of the strong man who had gone away, but they loved each other, and the wedding was set for Washington's birthday. Minnie's mother took him into her home, and he had every care that love and patriotism could offer. One day he wrote a short will, leaving all his property to Minnie.

Soon after that he was attacked by diphtheria, and on the day set for the wedding he died. When the will was offered for probate Frank's relatives objected, and the case was heard yesterday afternoon before Surrogate Abbott, in Brooklyn.

Minnie cried a good deal when she told the story, and the surrogate promptly decided that the will was all right, and it was probated. The estate is said to amount to several thousand dollars.

Aside from its human interest, the story is one of remarkable nature as being in reality an intensely concentrated novel. Many authors have taken these same elements and labored over them for countless pages, without producing a more hopeful result than do these four paragraphs. And still it is contended that the profession of journalism is remote from that of "literature," and that the devotees of the latter are so much nearer life and nature than those of the former.

## Greedy Russia.

The Russian government has an aggressive way of demanding things, and most generally obtaining them, that frequently sets all Europe by the ears and gives rise to the trite assertion that the great powers are hovering on the brink of the disintegrating war which has been threatened for the last decade.

The latest excitable wrinkle in the eastern problem is the "request" of Russia for an additional concession which shall connect her present Manchurian system of railways with Peking.

The chief Chinese officials are having constant consultations with the dowager empress. It appears to be the general opinion that it is intended the line should start from Kirin or Mukden and run direct to Peking by way of Shohol.

The Germans and Japanese are particularly uneasy on the subject of this unexpected move upon the part of the Russians, and it is said there is a feeling among the prominent Chinese that the moment has come to make every effort in the direction of securing British sympathy and aid.

The question of this latest turn of Russia's voracious appetite has been brought up in the English parliament, and while the government admits that such concession has been asked, it declines to commit itself on the subject until in full possession of details. In the meantime the interested parties are on the anxious bench, breathlessly awaiting the next vital development.

## Our Interests in China.

Awhile ago, we heard a great deal about the necessity of taking part in the foreign raid on China in order to "protect American interests" in that country. As a matter of course nothing came of these visionary propositions. The policy of this country heretofore has been to get trade by peaceable means, by organized competition, by underselling rivals and by putting on the various markets of the world superior grades of goods.

As a result of the attitude of the United States both Russia and England have now voluntarily come forward with assurances that American trade interests in China will not be put in jeopardy as the result of the present policies of those governments. There is to be no infringement in any shape or form on American commercial privileges, and such concessions as England and Russia may obtain will not be employed to the disadvantage of this country.

The truth seems to be that the desire of Russia and Great Britain for a substantial footing has to do less with matters of commerce than with those larger questions of empire which swarm around what is called the "eastern question," and which will some day have to be fought out by those two governments. Great Britain's eastern question is to prevent the occupation of India by the Russians. The czar's eastern question embraces a desire to control all contiguous territory, and to obtain outlets for troops and army supplies.

The practical results of Russian diplomacy thus far have been more important and far-reaching than those of Great Britain so far as China is concerned. British statesmen woke up the other day to find that Manchuria is already under Russian control; that the most important railway concessions had been exacted from the Chinese; that the emperor, who was friendly to the British, had been rudely put aside; that Li Hung Chang was a fugitive, and that all England could do was to enter into a treaty with Russia. Just as Russia has solved the question of occupying northern China so will it solve the question of occupying India in due time. The advance of the Muscovite is irresistible and, in time, it will be overwhelming.

Those who regard Russians as semi-barbarous are sadly mistaken. They are civilized up to the demands of their hour and the necessities of their time, and we may be sure that a country whose statesmen are able to outwit the practiced diplomats of Great Britain constitute a force for the world to reckon with. Meantime, the position of the United States is made more secure by the policy of non-intervention than it would be by a pretentious policy of intervention in the interest of one or the other of the parties to the contest.

Great Britain wants an outlet for her accumulated capital, Russia for her growing population. These are the main factors in the eastern question, the factors that lie behind and in front of the Russian advance and England's efforts to prevent her. British statesmen know that the recent treaty with Russia with respect to China is a distinct gain for Russia, for while England is planting her capital in China, Russia is planting something far more vital and portentous—a Muscovite population.

The United States are in a position to gain profit from both parties to the contest and from the victim, too. Our trade with Russia is increasing, we are supposed to be underselling British manufacturers at their doors, and in three years our trade with China has trebled. The sales of American goods in that country this year will amount to $20,000,000 and our manufacturers can hardly be said to have knocked at the door of that vast empire with its teeming millions. They are still, as it were, on the outskirts.

It is true that we have among us men who, having been consuls or ministers, imagine that they are full-fledged diplomats, and are anxious to see us pursuing a course parallel with that of Great Britain and Russia in the east, but we have nothing to gain by such a course that will not be more profitably gained by occupying our present position, which is to remain friendly with all parties and push our trade farther and farther each year.

## For Women Cyclists Only.

Chief of Detectives Coleran, of Chicago, has just handed down an interesting decision on the moral questions involved in the indulgence of cycling by women. It appears that Captain Coleran was asked by several preachers in Illinois and Indiana his views on this subject, and he responded in the following circular letter:

I am not an advocate of the use of the bicycle among the women when viewing it from a morality standpoint.

A large number of our female bicyclists wear shorter dresses than the laws of morality and decency permit, thereby inviting the improper remarks of the immoral.

I have always entertained deep sympathy for the hosts of noble and honorable women who, while riding their wheels, are frequently associated with women whose morality will not stand investigation.

While many may take issue with Captain Coleran in the opinions which he expresses, they are at least worth consideration. He has had ample opportunities for observation of the practical sort, and it is to be presumed that his sentiments are given only after mature reflection. When it comes to building up a new etiquette for this new field of amusement, however, it is probable that opinions will be so varied as to discount that of the most competent of experts.

## At The Hague.

If any of the eminent gentlemen, now gathered at the pretty city of The Hague in response to the invitation of the czar, have carried with them the idea that universal disarmament will come as the result of their labors, they may be very sure of having such idea dispelled. No matter how far the international conference may go toward universal peace in theory, there will be no general disarmament nor will there be any material reduction in the armies or navies of the different countries of the world.

While it is the fashion to doubt the sincerity of the czar in talking universal peace on the one hand and pushing forward his forces toward the Chinese capital on the other, it is well to keep in mind that the head of the Russian empire has in none of his statements concerning this conference expressed the belief that there will be a laying down of arms all around. He would not be a man of sense and expect that any such state of affairs could be brought about.

There is, however, very much that can be done toward promoting such a general good understanding as may lessen the chances of war, and if that is done, the conference will not have been in vain. There may be a general reduction in armament, or rather some sort of agreement to refrain from heavy increases in the future, for all the European countries now groaning under the burden of maintaining their present standing armies and navies. And it is more than likely that something will be done on the line of the more general application of the principles of arbitration in international disputes; but as for general disarmament, that can be nothing more than a dream, at least for many years to come.

While the representatives from this country can hardly take part in the discussion of reduction or disarmament, they will be expected to take a prominent part in the advocacy of the principle of settlement by arbitration. It is a principle to which this country is pledged. The failure of the Anglo-American arbitration treaty did not mean any lack of confidence in arbitration, although the English have always maintained that it did; the American senate refused to ratify that treaty only because of the many defects in that particular document. The men who voted against ratification, or most of them, believe firmly in the principle of arbitration and will be glad to see the representatives of this government taking a strong stand in favor of its adoption at the czar's conference.

As to the other matters to be discussed, particularly those relating to the laws governing civilized warfare, there will be few differences. Much has already been accomplished on these lines. It is expected, naturally, that whatever more is done will be on the line of progress and that wherever it is possible to ameliorate the horrors of war, agreements on that line will be reached.

Jerry Simpson, who is a plain farmer, has a paper called The Bayonet.

Dewey will have more trouble at home than he did at Manila.

Andrew Carnegie thinks it is a disgrace to die rich. Russell Sage believes it is a disgrace that the rich have to die.

Uncle Paul Kruger seems to keep both eyes open. In addition to his capacity for beer, he has a very big fist.

Ignatius Donnelly is still inclined, as the boys say, to "chaw Bacon."

The Globe-Democrat speaks of "Bryan's conspicuity." You can gamble on the fact that the editor is from the swarming east, where "provincialism" grows.

Private John Allen has given a new flavor to political campaigns in Mississippi.

## CRIMINALS DREAD THE WHIPPING POST

The old south had sense!

Shortly after the war, when our old-fashioned statesmen were still on deck, the Georgia legislature passed an act providing for a public whipping post in each county.

Under the law the offenders convicted of certain small crimes and misdemeanors might, in the discretion of the presiding judge, be sentenced to receive a stated number of lashes on their bare backs.

The punishment was to be inflicted in public, and it was to be the only penalty in a case, or it might be in connection with a fine or a term of imprisonment.

The law was impartially administered, and both whites and blacks felt the lash.

Here in Atlanta two white men attempted to sneak into the Atlanta National bank and carry off some packages of currency in broad daylight.

Old Colonel James L. Dunning happened to see them, and his prompt alarm and ready assistance caused their capture.

After a fair trial the rascals were convicted, and the whipping post was a part of their punishment. They were young, good looking and well dressed, and hundreds of Atlantians were present to witness the unusual sight.

They were stripped to their waists and flogged until the blood came.

About this time General Ruger was appointed military governor of Georgia, and one of his first acts was to issue an order abolishing the whipping post.

Various reasons were given for this stretch of arbitrary authority. It was alleged that such a mode of punishment was cruel and uncivilized, and it was also intimated that the judges would discriminate against the blacks, and let the whites escape the lash.

So this old-fashioned penalty was wiped out in Georgia by a federal general dressed in a little brief authority.

Later, when the democrats regained power, they did not restore this mode of punishment.

But the little state of Delaware has stuck to the lash.

It has produced such good results that very few desire to abolish it.

At a recent meeting of the Medico-Legal Society in New York, the matter was discussed, and some interesting facts were presented.

Several lady members opposed the whipping post, but the majority of the men favored it. Some of the ladies, however, agreed with Rev. Phoebe Hansford that wife beaters should be publicly flogged.

Judge Simon Baldwin, of New York, said:

"I do not hesitate to avow my conviction that whipping would furnish a mode of punishment far more appropriate than fine and imprisonment for minor offenses and a useful addition to imprisonment for grave ones.

"The tendencies of society on the continent of Europe have been strongly against the infliction of corporal punishment. The people are afraid to trust their governments with such a power. We do not find it in their penal codes.

"It is only in a free state, that has long been free, that the magistrate is under no natural bias to abuse such a prerogative. There the absence of ranks and class distinctions makes it reasonably certain that a sentence to a flogging will be passed only as an act of justice, and not from feelings of either contempt or of fear."

President Shortall, of the Chicago Humanitarian Club, favored this punishment for youths under twenty-one, wife beaters and all perpetrators of robbery by violence.

Chief Justice Lore, of Delaware, wrote a letter stating that the whipping post had proved so efficient that the penalty had been kept on the statute books for that reason.

Counsel Moss, of the Mazet committee, wrote a letter on the same line.

The question came up, a few days ago, at the national convention of the chiefs of police, and one of the chiefs from Delaware made a strong argument in favor of the lash.

According to the statements made by the Delaware official, public floggings had resulted in giving his state a smaller percentage of crime than any other state in the union.

Tramps and lawless persons generally avoid localities where they are in danger of being sent to the whipping post, and those who are punished in this way leave the state never to return, or make it a point to behave themselves if they remain there.

Thousands of criminals who are ready to risk the prison, the chaingang or even the gallows, shudder when they think of a public whipping in the presence of an unsympathetic, and perhaps laughing and jeering crowd.

It is impossible to read the statements of the Delaware officials without being impressed in their favor.

Perhaps the public whipping post is cruel and barbarous.

This may be true, but under some conditions, when the existence of society is menaced by cruel and barbarous enemies, the thing to do is to adopt the surest and quickest safeguards and preventives, always regulating the severity of the punishment by the nature of the crime.

If Colonel Ruger had let Georgia's whipping post alone, it is safe to say that our state would now be far better off.

Say what you will, the lash is a greater terror to the average criminal than the prison or the chaingang!

Delaware's long experience proves this to be true. It is a small state, but human nature is about the same everywhere.

If the old south would come to the front and resume business at the same old stand, whipping posts would be established in every southern state.

They would prevent crime by terrorizing the lawless classes.

They would enable us to get along with smaller jails and chaingangs, and they would make our courts less expensive.

Admitting the cruelty and barbarity of the punishment, the fact should be borne in mind that its victims invite it.

If they do not want to be whipped, let them refrain from committing the crimes which bring upon them the penalty.

Of course it will be said that more blacks than whites would suffer this punishment. Very likely. This cannot be helped so long as the blacks furnish the greater number of criminals.

In governing ourselves and protecting life, property and social order, we should deal with conditions, and not theories.

Never mind about the verdict of New England or the far west. The indorsement of our own people is the best guide in the matter.

I do not believe that any Georgia judge would order any offender to be whipped, simply because he was black. As a rule, in this state, white outlaws receive severe sentences, and many black violators of the law are very mercifully dealt with.

Why not restore the whipping post?

WALLACE P. REED.

## Killed at Ezra Church.

Editor Constitution—My brother W. H. McMillan, lieutenant company H, Seventeenth Alabama regiment, was wounded July 28, 1864, in the battle known, I believe, as Ezra Church, or Lick Skillet Road, and died a day or two later at the field hospital a mile or two south of the then Atlanta, and was buried near there. A board was placed at the head of his grave with the initials of his name cut as plainly as could be done at the time.

By publishing this in your paper perhaps I might learn whether or not this grave could be identified in the cemeteries about Atlanta, as I am anxious to know.

R. N. McMILLAN.

Carlisle, Ala., May 16, 1899.

## DIGGING GOLD IN NORTH GEORGIA

From The Dahlonega, Ga., Nugget.

Things are moving along down at the Crescent mine in a businesslike manner under the personal observation of R. W. Walker with satisfactory results.

Joe Howell and John Brooksher had a lot of iron pipes hauled down on Crooked creek this week so as to better enable them to work a deposit mine.

Mr. Burns has suspended operation on the Schly property for awhile on account of being unable to keep the water down with the pump which he was using. But he is moving things ahead at the Street mine.

Mr. Marsland, lady and son spent a few hours in Dahlonega last Friday. They have been located for some time a few miles above Dahlonega, where the gentleman spends a portion of his time with some hands prospecting for gold. We expect to give you something more interesting about this property in a short while.

The famous abestos mine at Sall mountain, in White county, has been sold for $200,000 to Bancroft & Kenrick, mining engineers of London. The sale of the mine, it is understood, was completed some days ago, and Mr. Kenrick, the agent of the London firm, which represents a number of English capitalists, and who is now in White county, has paid $15,000 down cash as the first payment of the sale.

The main veins at the Singleton cut have never shown up so well as they do now, since the Tahloneka Mining Company has had the property. But the company is not doing much mining on them now, because the sulphuret ores are in too much quantity and too high grade to waste through a stamp mill. They are waiting to put in concentrators before doing further mining on those veins, though it is said that there are still places on them that show up rich in free gold. Another quartz vein three to three and a half feet thick, with quartz slates running with it, and forming a large body, has been uncovered a considerable distance in the cut, and has also been cut by the tunnel, and beyond that there is still more pay ore. It runs parallel with the main vein, and about fifty feet from them. It is said to be high grade ore, but like the main veins is too sulphureted for a stamp mill. It makes a fine showing. A tram road has been completed to the upper end of the property, and Mr. Norwood is pushing developments there. Enough has already been done to show there is a big lot of ore there, but Mr. Norwood says he guesses he will have sulphurets there too. The Tahloneka company has gone along quietly here, but it has done lots of work that will soon bring its reward, and everybody wishes the company well.

From The Canton, Ga., Advance.

The old Franklin or Creighton mine, fifteen miles northeast of Canton, has been operated sixty-odd years and is today said to be paying more to its owners than at any time in its history. This mine is down over 700 feet at the lowest level and the ore continues in quantity and quality as good or better than where it is taken out nearer the surface, thus establishing beyond a doubt the permanency of the gold mines on this belt. There is on this property a twenty-stamp mill and a full set of concentration tables and a chlorination plant all in full operation and the Creighton is, therefore, not only a pride to the people of Cherokee, but a profit to the owners of the mine and keeps on the pay rolls constantly 100 and more hands.

The old Cherokee mine, a few miles below Canton, now under the intelligent, conservative management of General A. J. Warner, of Ohio, is being thoroughly developed and will soon be another big gold producer to compare with the Creighton, in fact it is considered by many to be the best piece of gold property in the county. The shaft on this proposition, near the ten-stamp mill, is down 150 feet, where a large body of rich ore has been exposed, and the shaft on what is known as the four-foot black vein is down 100 feet, from which rich sulphuret ore is taken. The company is now making brick for the purpose of putting up a chlorination plant, etc., during the summer. This mine, with others in that section, is doing much to establish confidence in the character and permanency of the gold veins along the belt extending through the entire county from northeast to northwest.

The Worley mine, about two miles east of Holly Springs, is quietly moving along under the experienced and skillful management of the Billing brothers and the reports from there are very encouraging. A shaft and incline 150 feet has been out on a four-foot vein of granite quartz that shows a fine mill yield. It is understood that Captain Billings will have a ten-stamp mill put up as soon as sufficient ore is in the dump, the stamps to weigh 350 pounds each. The energy and intelligent efforts of the Messrs. Billings on such a property as this should bring big rewards for all in any way interested.

Colonel A. W. Dieter, of New York, who has been for some time at work on the Owl Hollow mine, one mile east of Unviter, reports that he has completed the prospect work and is perfectly satisfied with results. Three well-defined paying veins have been uncovered and we understand that Colonel Dieter intends very soon to begin the erection of a stamp mill on the property. There are good properties adjoining this and the development of the Owl Hollow will stimulate others to open and expose new veins.

Some development and prospect work is being done by a Mr. Hughesman on the Clarkston mine, adjoining the Coggins, and we learn some very good ore has been taken out and veins exposed. Singular reports reach us also of the work being done on the Bibb property near by, and also on the lots on which "Bud" Worley lives, adjoining the Sixes. Down in that locality is a network of good gold properties, including the McCandless, Jim Haynes, Payne and others.

We were shown this week assays made from samples of ore taken from three different veins on the property of J. E. Rudasill, east of Hickory Flat. The ore was knocked off the exposed veins along the surface and picked up at random and yet the assays averaged $7 per ton. Mr. Rudasill has great faith in this mine as a gold producer, in fact as a placer mine it has a fine record, although very little work has been done there in many years.

The copper mine property of 640 acres, one mile south of Canton, has been conditionally bought by a company of capitalists and we understand that the old shafts, cuts and tunnels are to be reopened and much work done on the property with a view to ascertaining if it will pay to erect a large and complete plant for the treatment of sulphides and other minerals known to exist to a certain per cent on the same. It is understood that a large force of hands will be put to work there in a very few days under the supervision of Captain Abe Wyatt, of Ball Ground, who was in charge of the work there when the mine was worked quite extensively for the copper by English parties "before the war."

There are many valuable mines in this county—many valuable by reason of the quantity and quality of certain gold producing ore and yet many others that the owners seem to think more of than some others who apparently have more experience and money. For instance an Athens gentleman holds a forty-acre undeveloped tract in this county at $50,000. This, too, has much to do to hinder the purchase and development of good properties in the county.

Rev. T. Pickett's presence in town this week revived talk and conjectures as to the probable future of the Charles mine, which Rev. Mr. Pickett now owns. Considerable prospect and more or less development work has been done on the property and we understand that Rev. Mr. Pickett intends going actively to work taking out the ore there some time soon. The assays show the ore to be rich.

## THE PASSING THRONG.

The Philippine Magazine, the first copy of which has just come to hand, is probably the most ambitious of all the literary schemes launched in Manila since its occupation by the Eighth army corps. It is purely local in character, its illustrations are tropical scenes and pictures of typical natives and its reading matter breathes in every line the martial clatter of life in its birthplace. There are short stories by

army and navy officers, a sketch of W. W. Brown, the "mayor of Manila," a glimpse into some of the superstitions of the natives, and pictures of street scenes and river scenes, jungles and the interiors of Filipino homes, and a great deal of matter particularly interesting on account of its being gathered right in Uncle Sam's new possession in the intervals of strife, by men who are doing the fighting.

The editor and proprietor of the new magazine is H. Furman Hedden. He promises in his May number to reproduce over seventy-four photographs taken on the firing line while the troops were in action. The literary object of the magazine will be to portray all the interesting and historical features of the present campaign. This work will be intrusted to well-known writers now at the front, and whether Mr. Hedden makes a success of his magazine or not he deserves credit for the pluck which has enabled him to launch a neatly dressed, cleanly printed, well written and handsomely illustrated magazine of eighty-two pages within sound of the battle's roar and in a city still ruled by martial law. The accompanying illustration represents a facsimile of the title page of the magazine.

"There are many amusing things that occur on the stage that the audience never knows of," said one of the profession yesterday. "I am reminded," he continued, "of an incident in the career of the elder Sothern, which was one of the funniest occurrences that I ever heard of.

"A good many years ago the actor, Sothern, was starring in a melodrama with blood-curdling climaxes and numerous exciting incidents. The play had been a winner for months on the road and finally the tour ended in New York.

"It was expected at the time that the party would be able to hold the boards for at least a couple of months, but so great was the interest manifested in the production by the amusement loving people of the metropolis that the old Standard theater was crowded nightly and the time of the run was placed on the play bills as indefinite.

"In the third act occurred a scene where the heroine was thrown into the sea by the villain and Sothern, who was the hero, ran out on the cliff and dived off into the water to rescue the drowning girl.

"This always called forth the unstinted applause of the audiences and Sothern was compelled every night to go before the curtain and make a short speech after this scene before the people would permit the play to proceed.

"One night the actor had the misfortune to sprain his ankle and it was thought at the time that the performance would have to be postponed until he recovered. He had no understudy and so great was his popularity that it was thought that if any one was brought in to play the part that the public would make a protest.

"Things looked decidedly gloomy for a while and then late in the afternoon Sothern himself hit upon a bright plan which, when unfolded to the manager, was forthwith put into execution. The actor had a friend who was an acrobat doing a turn at one of the local music halls and the two men resembled each other in a rather startling manner.

"The scheme was that the acrobat should be concealed behind the wings dressed as the hero. Sothern was to come out on the stage, for he could walk pretty well, and say his lines. Then he was to run off the stage as if going up the path and then the acrobat was to run out and make the great dive.

"When Sothern told this friend his predicament and asked for aid, it was readily promised. A rehearsal was held just before the curtain was rung up on the first act and everything passed off without a hitch. The manager was so well pleased that he fairly fell upon Sothern's neck and embraced him.

"The acrobat, whose name was Wilkins, entered into the spirit of the affair with enthusiasm, and made up his mind to help his friend Sothern to the best of his ability. When he went to his room to get supper he began thinking about the matter and decided to introduce a new feature into the act, which to his mind, was rather tame.

"So when he left his lodgings he carried with him a small springboard that he used to practice with in his room. He arrived at the theater a few minutes before the beginning of the third act and found all the scenery was in proper place. He was soon made up as the counterpart of the hero and just before the curtain went up, he placed his little spring board on the top of the cliff.

"The plot of the play had left the audience at fever heat at the end of the second act and everybody was waiting almost breathless for the great act of the evening. The curtain went up and the characters came on and off the stage and finally everything was ready for the great rescue scene.

"The lovely heroine went up on the top of the cliff to look out to sea for her father's ship. The villian followed her and made mad, violent love to her. The girl repulsed him and then the villain in a fit of frenzy at being refused, pushed her from the cliff and rushed down the mountain path in an effort to escape from the spot.

"The hero had seen the deed and rushed on the scene a few moments after the girl had struck the water. Saying his few lines, he, too ran off the stage to give the appearance that he was going up the path leading to the top of the cliff.

"As soon as he disappeared from the sight of the audience, that was the cue for the acrobat to run out on the cliff and dive off to the rescue of the drowning girl. True to his promise he was in readiness, but no one was prepared for what followed.

"He ran several paces, struck the spring board which no one had seen up to the moment, rose gracefully in the air and then described two beautful somersaults, to the astonishment and delight of the house. At that moment the curtain was rung down, as usual, and Sothern, who was standing in the wings ready to go in front of the curtain and make his regular speech, knew nothing of what had occurred.

"The applause was tremendous and it seemed as though the roof must come off. Sothern was delighted and went out in the glare of the footlights and said his little say. Five times he was compelled to bow his acknowledgments and he was as much pleased as was the manager.

"The next night Sothern's ankle was so much better that he determined to make the dive himself and so the acrobat was not called into service. The story of the new act, as it was termed, had gone out over the city and the audience that gathered that night was the largest in the history of the theater.

"Hundreds were turned away from the door and the manager was thinking strongly of leasing the house for a term of years just to produce the play as long as he liked. Everything went well until the moment when the hero was to dive to the rescue of the drowning heroine.

"Southern said his lines and then ran behind the wings. Climbing a ladder kept for the purpose he reached the top of the cliff and dived off as he had done hundreds of times before. The curtain came down, but not a sound came from the audience.

"Silence reigned supreme for more than ten seconds and then the audience expressed itself. There were no cheers. Everybody hissed and called for Southern to 'do der sommerset act.'

"Pandemonium reigned and those on the stage began to think they would be mobbed. The result was that the play was broken up and the money had to be refunded at the door. The people imagined that they had been fooled and insisted upon having the hero do as the acrobat on the preceding night had done.

"After it was all over and the situation had been explained to Sothern he laughed until his sides ached and the upshot of the matter was that the acrobat was engaged for an indefinite period at a splendid salary just to assist in that part of the play. This was one of Sothern's favorite stories and he used to tell it to his friends with a great deal of pleasure."

Colonel H. H. Hickman, of Augusta, is at the Kimball.

J. Sydney Williams, a well known traveling man of New York, is in the city for a few days.

Charles R. Murphy, a large grain dealer of Decatur, Ill., is registered at the Aragon.

E. E. Mack, a prominent business man of Chattanooga, is in the city.

## QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

### Three in a Bunch.

1. When will General Miles be retired? 2. Who composed the "Marseillaise Hymn?" 3. During what war was it composed? C. H. H.

Atlanta, Ga.

1. August 8, 1903. 2. Rouget de Lisle. 3. During the first revolution in France, in 1792.

### Origin of the Months.

After whom were the months called and who named them. SUBSCRIBER.

Atlanta, Ga.

January from Janus, the Roman deity, was added to the calendar by Numa, who at the same time added February, the name of which was taken from Februare, to purify. Before these two months were added the first month of the Roman calendar was March, named from Mars, the god of war. April from Aperio-Aprilis, to open, because it was the season for the buds to open. May, Latin Maius, from the root mag, to grow, the month when plants grow. June from the Latin Junius, after the ancient goddess Juno. July, the fifth month, was named after Julius Caesar, who was born in this month. August, formerly called Sixtus, the sixth month, received its name from the Roman emperor, Augustus, on account of several fortunate events happening that month. Under the old system the Romans had only ten months, therefore September, October, November and December were so named because they were the seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth months of the year.

### President and Vice President.

Could the president and the vice president be elected from different political parties under present regulations? R. H. H.

Fort Worth, Tex.

Only in case there is no choice by the members of the electoral college. If there is an equal number of votes for each candidate, the house of representatives shall immediately choose, by ballot, one of them as president; if no person has a majority, then from the five highest on the list they shall in like manner choose a president. But in voting for president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having but one vote, a quorum to consist of members from two-thirds of the states, a majority of all the states being necessary to a choice. If there is no choice for vice president the senate shall choose from the candidates the vice president. If there happens to be a majority in the senate of one party, and a majority in the house of another party, it is possible for a president and vice president of different political parties to be elected.

### Another Budget.

1. Did Abraham Lincoln belong to any church; if so, what? 2. Give the populations of the twelve largest nations? 3. Do the people of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines pay more tax since the war with Spain, or less? 4. How many Americans were killed and wounded in the late war with Spain? ENQUIRER.

Jackson, Miss.

1. No; but he attended the Presbyterian church. 2. China, 402,689,000; British Empire, 381,037,874; Russian Empire, 129,211,113; United States and colonies, 85,000,000; France and colonies, 63,166,967; German empire, 52,279,901; Austro-Hungarian empire, 41,827,700; Japan, 41,089,340; Italy and colonies, 34,970,785; Turkish empire, 33,353,787; Netherlands and colonies, 33,042,238; Spain, 17,550,216. 3. Less. 4. In the army—Killed, officers, 23; men, 257; wounded, officers, 4; men, 61. Died of disease, officers, 80; men, 2,485. In the navy there were 20 killed and 48 wounded, exclusive of the 2 officers and 257 men lost on the Maine.

### How To Coat a Mirrow.

Can you give me the formula for coating the back of a mirror? W. P. W.

Atlanta, Ga.

Mix ninety parts, by measure, of a solution of Rochelle salts, at 1.50 specific gravity, with 900 parts distilled water, and boil them in a flask; drop in carefully twenty parts of a solution of nitrate of silver, specific gravity 1.18, and boil again. This solution can be bottled and kept for any length of time. Another fluid has to be prepared by adding ammonia to a solution of nitrate of silver until the precipitate is entirely dissolved, filtering and diluting one part of it with 100 parts of water. For use, put equal parts of the two preparations in a suitable vessel, clean the glass well, and immerse it in the mixture until sufficiently coated. The silver coating should be protected with a coat of lac varnish. To clean the glass cover the surface with thick whiting cream, free from grit, which, when dry, is rubbed off with the purest cotton wool. The surface is then wetted with dilute nitric acid, and afterwards thoroughly washed with distilled water poured over it, and, last of all, the piece of coated glass is suspended in a flat vessel containing alcohol.

### More Diplomacy.

From The Chicago Daily News.

"I tell you, my wife knows a thing or two. The people who inhabit the neighborhood into which we have just moved look at us with awe."

"How did she manage it?"

"Engaged two of the biggest vans in town to move us, when all our goods might have been transported in an express wagon without overloading it."

### "Stand for the Right."

From The Emory, Tex., Leader.

The four editorials in last Saturday's Atlanta Constitution are worth $10 each. This honest and fearless paper is without a peer in daily journalism, and it does us good to see that at least one great daily still stands for the right with a level hand, head and heart, regardless of all other things.

# POWER OF THE BISHOP IS ABRIDGED BY STATE DIOCESAN CONVENTION

## It Is Decided Clergymen May Be Called Into Parishes Hereafter by Vestries Without the Sanction of Bishop.

## THEN A DELEGATE WITHDRAWS

### Rev. Harry Cassil Declines To Take Part In the Convention Proceedings.

## CONSTITUTION THANKED FOR REPORTS

**Two Matters Caused a Stir in Episcopal Diocesan Convention Yesterday—Two Able Speeches Made—Convention Adjourned Sine Die.**

There were two matters that caused a stir in the Episcopal diocesan convention yesterday morning.

One was the settlement of the question as to whether or not the bishop's power concerning the call of clergymen should be abridged.

The other was the withdrawal of a clergyman from participation in the proceedings of the convention because he believed missionary preachers were being discriminated against.

Both of these matters came up at the early morning session, and one was considered a grave and important measure; and the other was regarded in the light of a sensation.

The convention disposed of the much-vexed question yesterday morning as to whether or not the bishop's powers in the call of vestries for pastors should be curtailed, and the decision of the convention was that the bishop should not hereafter have the power delegated to him which has been his for the past ten years.

This is an event in the Episcopal church of Georgia which means a great change in the administration of church affairs and the settlement of a question which has agitated the diocese for many years.

Two notable addresses were made on the subject, one by Z. D. Harrison, of St. Luke's church, before the change was made; and the other by the bishop himself after the canon had been changed, and his remarks were in the nature of a prophecy to the convention that there would hereafter probably be more trouble under the new canon than had been under the old.

The address of Mr. Harrison was an earnest and spirited appeal for harmony and the best interests, as he believed, for the Episcopal church in the state; the bishop's remarks were forcible and deeply impressive. The bishop had refrained from making any remarks until after the convention had acted, so as not to have his utterances influence the action of the delegates. If the bishop had spoken before the canon was changed there is no saying what the effect would have been.

The matter was of the utmost importance to the diocese and the cathedral was filled with many ladies and gentlemen who were there as spectators.

As was stated in yesterday's Constitution the committee on revision of the canons had reported the adoption of canon 29 in place of canon 33, and the change meant that the bishop should hereafter be only consulted and conferred with when a vestry wished to call a clergyman into a parish, and took away from him the prerogative of vetoing any decision the vestry might make. Under the old canon a vestry could call no minister into the diocese without the full approval of the bishop; under the new canon the vestry can override the objections of the bishop and make a call after a conference, in which the bishop has declared against the call.

When the matter was again taken up yesterday morning at 11 o'clock Mr. Harrison resumed his concluding speech, and by unanimous consent of the convention he was given unlimited time.

In the course of his remarks, Mr. Harrison said:

**Would the Bishop Resign?**

"Is there any one who wishes to ask me any question?"

Governor Bullock arose and said:

"I wish to ask the gentleman if canon 33 was not adopted with the full consent of our former bishop, the Right Rev. Beckwith, and if this was the parliament of England and our present bishop was the prime minister would he not feel called upon to resign if we passed any such measure as the new canon now proposed?"

"By no means, sir, by no means," replied Mr. Harrison fervently.

Mr. Harrison continued his argument saying that in 1896 in Augusta the diocesan convention was called upon to vote upon a new canon, in the place of canon 33, which would have given the vestry the right by a two-thirds vote to have called a minister even over the protest of the bishop. That measure was voted down and the one now under consideration was substantiated as a sort of compromise measure, for it called for a conference, but was silent as to any arbitrary action of a vestry.

"This committee," said the speaker, "has given the matter its most earnest views on the subject and we believe we have found the happy solution. I am here now not as an individual, but in the capacity of the committee's representative. We only wish to reach a harmonious conclusion of this most vexatious question. It is the welfare of the diocese alone that has prompted our action. Vote down the proposition we make and what will be the result? That question can be answered in the light of our past experience. The same friction and vexation will arise at the next convention. What is the difference between the old and the new canon? Does a cause for the irritation exist. I say yes. But let me say that there has been no friction or trouble by our bishop exercising the power delegated to him by canon 33. I have gone to my bishop often for advice and consultation and he has ever been ready to aid me freely and helpfully. No member of this convention should believe that there is any danger of our bishop exercising any arbitrary power under the old canon. Yet, I have the right to speak of the correlative rights of the episcopate authority and the parochial authority. There is a grave responsibility resting upon a vestry when selecting a pastor for their parish. How can correlative rights be exercised if there is friction? That problem your committee has undertaken to solve by canon 29. There can never be any free conference unless each party to that conference stands upon an equal footing. It is persuasive counsel and advice rather than authority that we want from the bishop. Authority such as is given by canon 33 will ever hang as a sword—a constant threat to the peace and harmony of the diocese. influence is better than that authority.

**A Vote by Orders.**

Under the demand of the convention the vote was taken by orders, which meant a roll call of the delegates.

The call was made in the most profound silence. First the names of the clergy were called and then the names of the lay delegates. The vote stood:

For the new canon—Clergy, 19; parishes and organized missions, 12 1-3; total, 31 1-3.

Against the new canon—Clergy, 10; parishes and organized missions, 2 1-3; total, 12 1-3.

**The Bishop Makes a Talk.**

Then the bishop took the floor. He said he had refrained from speaking about the proposed change in the canons of the diocese, because he did not wish to influence the convention in its action by any views he might entertain. He said that first of all he took the position that canon 33 was constitutional, although an opposite view had been expressed.

"I wish particularly to direct my remarks," said the bishop, "to the claim that the old canon was the cause of friction and irritation in the diocese. The object of canon 33 was not to provide the bishop with any unreasonable power, but was framed for the protection of the parishes themselves, and heaven knows they need it, for serious mistakes have been made in some dioceses in the calling of clergymen. I am satisfied that if a certain clergyman had been permitted by your bishop to have been called into Georgia about three years ago a trial for heresy would have followed. I say, rather than to have adopted the new canon it would have been better to let the so-called invitation go on. Irritation is sometimes beneficial. Mustard plasters and fly blisters often do much good. But why are you irritated? With me? What have I done?"

**The Power Not Abused.**

Pausing and raising his hand impressively and high above his head, Bishop Nelson exclaimed:

**"No man in this convention can truthfully say—I say truthfully, and by that I mean with the truth from up yonder—the bishop has ever used the power given him by canon 33 illegitimately or harshly."**

After another impressive pause the bishop continued:

"Let me say that I have no idea of resigning. I feel called of God to serve this diocese as bishop. I fear no trouble between you and me by the new canon, but it may come with some of my successors. I love you too dearly and I believe you love me too dearly for any trouble to come between us that will be injurious to the church. I simply say that I believe you have made a mistake. It will now be possible for a parish to call a new rector against the advice of your bishop, and I believe the irritation will be transferred from the convention and the bishop to the parishes and the bishop. It is my judgment that the new canon is fraught with more evil than anything that has ever existed in the diocese—an evil, however, that I believe will not affect the relations of your present bishop and the parishes of the diocese."

A motion was made and carried that a further revision of the canons be postponed until the convention next year.

**A Delegate Withdraws.**

A committee to which had been referred three important resolutions made its report, and this was the cause of a clergyman, the Rev. Harry Cassil, of Satilla Bluff, withdrawing from further participation in the action of the convention. This was in the nature of a genuine sensation and occurred when the convention first assembled yesterday morning.

The first resolution which the committee reported on adversely was one which had been introduced by Mr. Cassil and asked for a canon to be changed so as not to require mission preachers to be resident in the state six months before they could become members of the diocesan convention, the same provision not being required of preachers in the parishes.

Mr. Cassil made a talk in support of his resolution and against the report of the committee. He stated emphatically that if he could not be put on the same footing with the clergymen from the parishes he would not sit in the convention.

It was explained that parish ministers were fixtures and that missionaries were not.

The committee's report was adopted and Mr. Cassil at once asked to be relieved from further serving as a member of the convention.

**A Question of Grammar.**

The next resolution was upon a construction which Chancellor C. A. Read had made on a part of article 3, of the constitution, which read as follows:

"Every self-supporting congregation in union with this convention shall be entitled to three lay delegates, communicants of the church, to be chosen from its body by the wardens and vestrymen thereof."

The chancellor construed the words "its body" to refer to the congregation, and the bishop had construed the words to refer to the wardens and vestrymen.

The committee reported in favor of the chancellor's construction, and its report was adopted. The bishop took the floor and said:

**"I am sorry that the convention has taken the view it has of this article on account of your grammar. Some of you had better study up on your grammar a little."**

The third resolution which the committee reported on was one asking that a canon be changed so as not to deprive a clergyman of the right to attend the convention because of a failure to send in his annual report. The committee reported adversely and the report was adopted.

Troy Beatty, of Athens, moved that that portion of the proceedings of the convention in which he had move to strike out all reference to inviting minister of other denominations into the chancel, made in the archdeacon's report, be expunged from the minutes, and the motion was carried.

**Must Render Unto Caesar.**

The finance committee made a full report and the convention wrestled with money matters for quite a while, for even those who are engaged in laying up "treasures in heaven" have to "render unto Caesar the things that were Caesar's." The assessments for the ensuing year were made and the organized missions were taxed 2½ per cent of their expenses for the payment of the bishop's salary and other expenses which are as follows: Salary, $4,600; clerk hire, $600; insurance, $467; traveling expenses, $300.

The report of the committee on a scheme for graded Sunday school lessons was read and the convention recommended the system agreed upon. Copies of this system will be mailed the clergymen in all the parishes and organized missions.

The hour for lunch arrived, the convention adjourned.

Luncheon was served by the ladies in the chapel, and Chief W. R. Joyner prepared the Brunswick stew, which formed a part of the excellent menu.

**The Afternoon Session.**

At yesterday afternoon's session the convention took up missionary appropriations for the ensuing fiscal year, and the various parishes were called upon to name the amounts they were willing to pay.

It was found that the subscriptions fell short of estimated expenses about $1,000.

Rev. Allard Barnwell, of Cordele, made a strong appeal to the parishes to aid the missions. He said that some of the parishes expended more money for music than for the missions. When parochialism reached a point when it became so selfish as to keep its money for itself and saw the missions uncared for, it was like robbing the church and robbing God. He moved that individual pledges be asked for and the motion was carried.

Enough individual pledges were received to almost make up the deficit.

**Who Deserved Their Thanks.**

Dr. C. C. Williams, of Augusta, introduced the following resolution, which was adopted by a rising vote:

Resolved, That the secretary of the convention be instructed to convey to the Cathedral church and other churches of Atlanta the appreciation of this convention of the cordial and generous hospitality extended during the present session.

The arrangements for the comfort and convenience of the convention in transacting its business have been unusually elaborate and complete.

Nothing has been omitted by the ladies of the Cathedral in providing the most tempting and appetizing refreshments during the convention. In providing these luncheons they have not only invoked the aid of other ladies, but the famous culinary skill of Chief W. R. Joyner, of the fire department, has been contributed to add to the delicacies of banquet.

Resolved, also, That the thanks of the convention be extended to The Atlanta Constitution for its full and satisfactory reports of the convention.

A memorial was read for the five clergymen who died in the diocese during the past year.

After a short religious service by the bishop the convention adjourned sine die.

## ARE FORMING A CHAUTAUQUA.

**It Will Be Located on the Isle of Palms, Off Charleston.**

Columbia, S. C., May 19.—(Special.)—An organization to be known as the Southern Chautauqua Association is in process of formation and promises to be a decided success. It is to be formed under an act of this state controlling social and charitable organizations. The association is to have a capital of $25,000, that can be increased to $100,000. The location is to be at "Chautauqua-by-the-Sea," on the Isle of Palms, off the coast of Charleston.

The declaration filed with the secretary of state declares the general objects of the association to be the advancement of literary, scientific, moral and aesthetic culture, and the promotion of the cause of popular education by the establishment and maintenance of colleges, schools and lecture halls in the south.

The corporators are from South Carolina and Georgia, all the state and denominational college presidents in this state, besides the heads of the principal schools being included in the corporators.

## DEATH OF WALTER C. GOZA.

**Well-Known Young Man Expired Yesterday.**

Walter C. Goza, aged twenty-seven years, a young man well known in this city, died yesterday at his late residence, 80½ Capitol avenue. His death resulted from heart disease, with which he had been afflicted for about three weeks.

He is survived by his father, D. C. Goza; a brother, Charles Goza, and a sister, who is in New York. His mother is very ill and may not live. Funeral arrangements have not been completed, but the funeral will probably occur next Sunday.


## LOOK LIKE BREAD CRUMBS.

Some one has said that Grape-Nuts resembled small and very hard bread crumbs, except that they had glistening surfaces. This glitter comes from grape sugar, which forms on the surfaces in process of manufacture.

It is known to be one of the most nourishing substances in the human dietary.

Grape-Nuts are an ideal food.

Sold at grocers.


## SILVER BELL FOR THE CRUISER.

**Service Will Be Presented the New Orleans Next Wednesday.**

New Orleans, May 19.—The presentation of the silver service and silver bell to the cruiser New Orleans has been fixed for Wednesday at 3 o'clock.

The colored citizens of New Orleans were today notified by the mayor that they will be permitted to entertain the colored seamen at a festival and dinner ashore, Captain Longnecker having given his consent.

The entire crew will be banqueted on board ship by the silver bell committee on Thursday.

## ALL UNDER ONE MANAGEMENT.

**Will Control Everything from Pittsburg to New Orleans.**

Cincinnati, O., May 19.—In furtherance of an enterprise to put all the coal and coke companies and coal elevators between Pittsburg and New Orleans along the Ohio and Mississippi rivers under a single management, entitled the Monongahela River Coal and Coke Company, the three appraisers visited Cincinnati today and made a cursory survey of the field. They were:

Peter Sprague and C. C. McIlvain, of Pittsburg, and J. B. Finley, of Monongahela City. They left tonight for New Orleans, where they will begin appraisements and work thence upstream to Pittsburg.

## WILL TRY WIRELESS TELEGRAPH

**Projected Cable Line Is Held Up for Experiments.**

Halifax, N. S., May 19.—The question of establishing communication by cable between Halifax and Sable island, which has been under consideration by the Canadian authorities for a long time, has led to a desire that wireless telegraphy be fully tested before the expense of laying a cable is undertaken.

It is also proposed to make experiments with the wireless system between shore points and coast lighthouses, with a view to determining its value in connecting points closer together than Sable island and the Nova Scotia mainland.

## HAD A PREACHER FOR A RIVAL.

**Henderson Shot at Him and Killed the Girl.**

Columbia, S. C., May 19.—(Special.)—In Spartanburg county, Hugh Henderson and Barron Mitchell were paying attention to the same dusky damsel. Mitchell is a preacher and the favorite. Henderson was mad. He had a revolver and decided to use it. Last night Mitchell, the girl and her mother, Carrie Goodlett, were seated in a room when Henderson came to the door and began shooting. He evidently had designs on the life of the preacher, but the bullet cut the throat of Carrie Goodlett, killing her instantly. The murderer ran, but was later captured and put in jail.

**Walcott Whips O'Brien.**

New York, May 19.—Joe Walcott, the colored boxer who has deserted the ranks of the lightweights to become a middleweight, knocked out Dick O'Brien in the fourteenth round of their fight at the Broadway Athletic Club tonight.


## $25,000 Worth of Diamond Broaches,

**Consisting of Harvest Moons, Clusters, Sunbursts, Pearl and Sea Clusters, etc., etc., on display at**

**Maier & Berkele's.**

**Stop and look at their window.**

**The purchaser of the Venable lot on Peachtree will make money sure.**


# CHARGE TWO WITH MAKING BRIBES

## W. S. Mehaffy and R. O. Shinn Arrested Yesterday.

## CHARGE NEGRO WITH PERJURY

### The Negro, Jim Williams, Turned State's Evidence After Arrest.

## SAYS HE WAS BRIBED TO SWEAR FALSELY

**The Case Furnished a Sensation at the Police Barracks Yesterday and It Is Thought That Interesting Developments Will Follow.**

The arrest of W. S. Mehaffy, an ex-policeman, and R. O. Shinn, on the charge of bribing witnesses, and Jim Williams, a negro, on the charge of perjury, yesterday afternoon, furnishes one of the most interesting episodes with which the police have had to deal for some time.

The case is the outgrowth of the arrest of W. C. Ficken, Bud Lovingood and John Collins on the charge of assault with intent to murder. Last Thursday night Collins reported to the police authorities that he had been accosted and then set upon by Ficken and Lovingood, who intended to rob him. Collins said that one of the two men had cut him, and he displayed several wounds. He was sent to the hospital, and later, Ficken and Lovingood were arrested on the charge of disorderly conduct.

Ficken showed that he had been cut and announced that Collins attempted to rob him, but that he had been beaten off. The affair occurred on the Mitchell street viaduct. The cases were set for the following afternoon, but before court convened the two crowds began quarreling in front of the police barracks, and the officers arrested Ficken and Lovingood on the charge of assault with intent to murder.

These two men then retained Ed Robinson as counsel, and he swore out a warrant against Collins charging him with assault with intent to murder. The cases were called in Justice Landrum's court yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

One of the witnesses for the Ficken-Lovingood side was Jim Williams, the negro, who swore that he was standing near the viaduct upon the night of the difficulty. He said he had seen Collins run at Ficken with a knife and that the latter was obliged to use his own knife to protect himself.

Williams was allowed to descend from the stand, but he was immediately caught in the collar by Detective Green Conn, who said: "I'll teach you how to swear to lies in a court." At the same time the handcuffs were placed upon the negro, and he was sent to the police barracks, where the charge of perjury was entered against him and the case booked to Patrolman Osborne and Detectives Hewitt and Conn.

The next witness, Charles Perdue, also a negro, was allowed to take the stand, and the officers expected to arrest him also upon the charge of perjury, but Perdue began his testimony by saying: "Now, gemmens, I's gwine tell de truf 'bout dis." He then said that he knew nothing about the case, that he was nowhere near the scene of the trouble, but had been employed to testify in the case by Mehaffy and Shinn. He said the two white men had offered him $5 to tell the tale that had just been told by Williams, and he consented, but that he had changed his mind.

Perdue was locked up on suspicion, but was later released. Mehaffy and Shinn were arrested before they left the courtroom, and spent the night in the police barracks. The officers announce that they will prosecute the case against all the men.

After having been locked up, Jim Williams turned state's evidence, and said he had been the tool of Mehaffy and Shinn. He made the following statement of the affair last night to The Constitution:

"Me and Charley Perdue were in Wheeler's bar on Decatur street this morning about 7 o'clock, and Mr. Mehaffy and Mr. Shinn came in and I asked Mr. Mehaffy for a drink. He said: 'What are you doing now, Jim?' and I told him I was not doing anything. He asked me if I wanted to make some money, and I told him I did if there was no danger in it. He said there was no danger, but if I should get into trouble he would help me out. I thought he was still a detective, and so consented. I believe he had seen Charley last night. Mr. Mehaffy and Mr. Shinn, who I never saw until this morning, then gave up a drink and took us to the Mitchell street viaduct, where they told us what they wanted us to swear. They said they would give us each $5 if we told what they wanted us to. After we had the thing explained to us, they told us to go up to Lawyer Robinson's office and wait for them. We went there, and sure enough, they came up in about twenty minutes. They went into Mr. Robinson's private office with him, and I do not know what happened there, but after awhile Mr. Mehaffy came out and said: 'It's all right. Remember what we told you,' and then Mr. Robinson came to us and we told him what we had been told to say. I swore to a lie on the stand this afternoon, but it was because I got in with Mr. Mehaffy, and he used me just like he wanted to."

Mehaffy refused to make a statement because he had not seen his lawyer, but said that Detective Conn had sworn vengeance against him because of jealousy.

"Conn told Mr. Patterson, chairman of the police board," said Mehaffy, "that he would never rest until he had me in the chaingang, and this persecution is a part of his plan."

Shinn protested his innocence, but said that he did not know how to begin a denial, as he knew nothing about the case. He had attended the trial because of his friendship for Ficken and Lovingood. He said, however, that instead of being in Wheeler's bar yesterday morning, he was at home, and did not leave his residence until after 8 o'clock, as he could prove by his family.

Mehaffy said he was present at the trial because he was told that it was the intention of Lawyer Robinson to attack the character of Collins, and he knew some things against the young man.

After hearing the evidence yesterday afternoon, Justice Landrum dismissed the case against Collins, and bound Ficken and Lovingood over to the superior court on the charge of assault with intent to murder, the bonds being fixed at $200.

**An Excellent Combination.**

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

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## REMOVAL NOTICE.

**Moncrief-Dowman Co. have moved to their new building, No. 20 Trinity avenue, near Whitehall. 'Phone 525.**

## RECEIVER'S SALE.

By the court's order, made in the case of J. W. Smith, et al., vs. Frye Millinery Company, in Fulton superior court, I will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, the entire stock and fixtures of the defendant, on Saturday, May 20, 1899. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock a. m., at the store, No. 78 Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga. Terms, cash. The stock embraces a complete and elegant assortment of fine millinery, and the fixtures are complete in every detail for a millinery business.

W. T. MOYERS, Receiver.

**That beautiful Venable lot on Peachtree at Auction this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock sharp.**

**The Nashville at Cairo.**

Cairo, Ill., May 19.—The United States gunboat Nashvilit arrived here from St. Louis at noon today and was greeted by a large crowd of citizen. The Nashville will leave here tomorrow for points on the lower Mississippi, stopping at Columbus, Hickman, New Madrid and other points.


**IT LOOKS SPRING-LIKE——**

**And is beginning to feel the same way. Don't make a mistake this season in your Clothing outfit. Come to headquarters. Our SUITS are the talk of Atlanta's good dressers. There is a combination in them of style and fit that will make you a lasting customer.**

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The finest that money and expert skill can procure.

"ELITE" BLEND, $1 per pound, unequaled for iced tea.

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**79 and 81 Peachtree St.**

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Excellent Stockings for 25c per pair.
Underwear to fit all sizes of Boys.
Straw Hats to suit all sizes of Boys.
Bottom prices and perfect satisfaction.

**For Youths Who Are Hard to Fit**

We have recently had made at our factory a "special cut" of Suits for Youths from 14 to 18 years of age who are hard to fit—who wear long Pants; who are tall and slender, and are too slim for Men's Suits and too tall for Boys' goods. These Suits are made with extra long arms and legs are are designed to fit the growing youths of irregular dimensions. They cannot be found elsewhere and are a new and leading specialty with this house.

**We Also Have for Boys**

Of all ages and sizes a superior line of Underwear of various qualities and a full stock of Night Robes. In fact our Boys' Department is full to overflowing with everything desirable in quality and desired in price. We supply the Boys' every need in wearing apparel, shoes excepted. Our prices always are the lowest.

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**OUR ONLY STORE IN ATLANTA---15-17 WHITEHALL**

# U. S. SURVEY WILL MAKE GEORGIA MAP

### Extensive Topographical Work Is Being Outlined in the State.

### WEDOWEE SHEET SURVEYED

Work of the Government Will Be of an Important Scientific Character.

### SUM OF $8,000 WILL BE EXPENDED

The District To Be Mapped in the Fall Will Include Carroll, Heard and Neighboring Counties.

The United States geological survey at Washington has notified State Geologist Yeates that the department is now preparing to spend the sum of $8,000 in arranging a topographical map of a large portion of Georgia.

The work mapped out by the United States survey, while of a technical character, will be greatly appreciated by all who understand the difficulty of getting topographical work done.

The district to be surveyed for the purpose of preparing the map is known as the Wedowee sheet, and extends from Wedowee, Ala., across the Georgia line, taking in the counties of Carroll, Herd and others in that district of the state. An effort was made by Professor Yeates to get the last legislature to appropriate a sum of money for state topographical work to be carried on in connection with the work of the United States survey, the government offering to give an equal sum with any state for the purpose. The legislature of Alabama appreciated the nature of the offer made by the government and appropriated a fund for topographical work.

The Wedowee sheet was the one chosen by the officials to be surveyed and consequently the state of Georgia, in one sense, finds itself taking advantage of an appropriation made by the Alabama legislature.

Professor Yeates paid a visit to the head of the geological survey in Washington last winter and urged the government to undertake the survey of a portion of Georgia for topographical purposes and explained what was needed in the state.

With about 60,000 square miles in Georgia only 15,000 miles are mapped off topographically, in which respect it is understood that Georgia is worse off than nearly any other state in the union.

The district of the state of which a map has been prepared lies north of the Wedowee sheet and the work contemplated by the government will be a continuation of that already completed.

The communication received by Professor Yeates yesterday stated that a triangulator would begin during the early summer marking off the territory to be mapped and that the topographical party would follow in the fall.

## TENT MEETINGS DRAW CROWDS

### Great Interest Is Being Manifested in the Revival Conducted by Rev. J. W. Lee.

The interest in the tent meetings now being held at the corner of Richardson and South Pryor streets, is being manifested by the attendance of large crowds. Rev. J. W. Lee, a prominent evangelist, is conducting the meetings and last night the services were of an unusually interesting character.

His subject last night was "The Death and Funeral of a Soul," and he handled it in a masterly manner. His illustrations were numerous and effective.

During the discourse many went forward for prayer and the interest among the members of the congregation was visible. Dr. Lee is a fluent speaker and holds the close attention of his hearers while delivering his sermons.

The meetings are held twice each day in a large tent erected on the vacant lot on South Pryor street, and both services are conducted by Dr. Lee, who is assisted in the work by other ministers of the city. The morning service is held at 9 o'clock and the night service at 8 o'clock.

The congregations, while small at first, have increased nightly and from present indications it is probable that in a short time the tent will be crowded at each of the services.

### Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of Georgia, Rome.

For the annual convention, grand encampment and grand lodge I. O. O. F. of Georgia, Rome, the Western and Atlantic railroad will sell tickets at one fare for the round trip, tickets to be sold May 22d and 23d. In addition to our trains leaving Atlanta at 8:15 a. m. and 4:50 p. m. for Rome, we will, on Monday, May 22d, have special coach leave Atlanta on our train No. 4 at 8:30 p. m., arriving at Rome about 10:55 p. m. H. F. SMITH, T. M.
C. E. HARMAN, G. P. A.
5-20-2t

## NEGRO EXCURSION WILL BE RUN

### Train with the Excursionists Will Pass Palmetto Saturday Night.

The promoters of the excursion to Columbus, Ga., Saturday night, from which trouble has been anticipated when the train reaches Palmetto, stated yesterday that they had no intention of declaring the excursion off and that the statement to that effect published yesterday afternoon is untrue.

The train will be run as first intended, but there is, it is understood, not the least possibility of any difficulty arising as the train passes by Palmetto. It is believed that if any negro on the train had any desire to fire upon the citizens of the town, the recollection that Newnan is the next stopping point would effectually deter him from the act.

The people of Palmetto entertain no danger from the excursionists and insist that the community has once more quieted down and that both whites and blacks have returned to work.

### Annual Summer School.

On the 12th, at 15 East Cain street, I will begin my annual summer school for girls and boys.

Several of my pupils, by constant application during the term, have skipped two grades in the public school course. Ample references given.

TUITION PER MONTH.

Grammar course, $5. Special arrangements for higher studies.

W. S. FEATHERSTON,
288 North Boulevard.

### Supreme Court of Georgia.

Friday, May 19, 1899.

Mr. Eugene Dodd was admitted to the bar.

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

3. J. B. Roberts v. H. F. Leak. Argued.
4. W. M. Talley v. Lila Graham. Argued.
6. Atlanta Consolidated Street Railway Co. v. L. R. Jackson et al. Argued.
7. M. H. Boynton v. P. Pelham, Jr. Argued.

### Buying Carolina Timber Lands.

Charleston, S. C., May 19.—Specials from Darlington, Marion and Cheraw announce that a syndicate with headquarters at Wilmington, N. C., and said to be backed by $20,000,000, is buying timber lands in Chesterfield, Marlboro and Darlington counties, nearly 100,000 acres having been purchased during the past week.

**Do you want to make money? Buy the Venable lot this afternoon.**


# 30 DAYS TRIAL FREE.

## Marvelous Nerve Force Imparted by a New and Startling Discovery---Every Weak, Nervous, or Enfeebled Man Should Give it a Test.

### Will Be Sent Free on Thirty Days Trial So All May Experience the Wonderful Sensation of Restored Vigor---Without Cost.

GIVES STRENGTH AND VIGOR.

PROFESSOR A. CHRYSTAL.

A well-known professor has made the fortunate discovery that what has heretofore been known as impotency or lost manhood is due to paralysis of the nerves. As it requires a vigorous condition of the nerves to control the muscles, the professor has found a wonderful power that instantly awakens the nerves and thus restores complete muscular strength. He says: The marvelous power exerted by recent additions and improvements to my electric belt and appliances induces me to send it on 30 days' free trial so certain am I that it will cure and that the wearer will gladly pay the small price asked after the 30 days' trial.

To men who have battered their stomachs with drugs I want them to exercise their judgment and consider that electricity is the greatest power on earth. Its unseen current puts life and force into whatever it touches. The constant, steady life extended by my new electric appliances gives instant relief and never fails to cure Rheumatism, Backache, Kidney Troubles, Early Decay, Night Losses, Lack of Nerve Force and Vigor, Nervous Debility, Undevelopment and Lost Vitality. You may not have faith in it now, but wear it for 30 days and you will then realize why I have such confidence in it as to send it to you on trial.

I receive the most wonderful testimonials day after day. Rev. S. B. Stephens, of Derry Station, Westmoreland county, Pa., says it cured him of a terrible disease that had deprived him of happiness. His nerves were in a bad condition of weakness, but in three days after putting on the belt and suspensory he felt wonderfully improved and now has the full strength and vigor of every member of the body.

George A. Johnson, box 112, Painted Post, N. Y., says that while he never practiced excess except when young he found himself at 40 a permanently old man, but the belt and suspensory have completely restored him.

J. V. Spencer, of Grafton, W. Va., says he spent hundreds of dollars in medicines and the old styles of electric belts so widely advertised, but received no benefit. Although 56 years old and for 12 years a sufferer of lost manhood, my belt cured him sound and well and he is now strong and vigorous.

A. Zahlhaus, of Sharpsburg, Pa., wore my belt and suspensory for unhealthy organs and emissions and has regained perfect strength and health.

A gentleman of high standing financially and socially who wished me not to use his name writes: "I am now 65, but feel as vigorous as at 35. Was confronted with seminal weakness for many years, and as an act of justice I must say your belt and suspensory have restored my 'pristine vigor.'"

He says he will gladly answer all inquiries. His address is postoffice box 630, Lacon, Ills.

John R. Bardsley, of Gunnison, Col., says the belt and suspensory have entirely cured him and he will gladly explain what his trouble was to all who care to inquire, as he is very much enthused by his recovery.

S. L. Fry, of Redding, Ia., says the belt saved his life and he will gladly tell other sufferers his experience.

Thousands of others write in the same grateful manner and should the reader desire to write to any of these gentlemen please send a stamp for reply.

Do not fail to write at once to Professor A. Chrystal, 540 Postoffice block, Marshall, Mich., as he is anxious to have every man wear his new and marvelous belt and suspensory for 30 days and try it fully before spending a cent for it. Remember after giving the belt a trial if you are not perfectly satisfied return it to us, it costs you nothing to try it.

Write today before you forget it.


### State and County Tax Sales.

Will be sold before the courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, on the first Tuesday in June, 1899, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit, the same being seized and held under and by virtue of fi. fas. issued by myself as tax collector of Fulton county, as the property of parties named below for their state and county tax as per advertisement and description below for years named:

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 45, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 25 feet on the west side of Hilliard street between Scofield and ——— streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, the house on said lot known as No. 60 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta. Levied on as the property of A. Baker to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said A. Baker for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 84, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 30 feet on the southeast corner of Walnut and Beckwith streets, and running back 96 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Atlanta university. Levied on as the property of Annie Baskin's estate to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Annie E. Baskin's estate, for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 83, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the north side of Hunter street, between Davis and Haynes streets, and running back 117 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 171 and 169 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Wardlaw. Levied on as the property of Mrs. E. Bauschell to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. E. Bauschell for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 45, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 60 feet on the south side of Chamberlin street, between Jackson and Fitzgerald streets, and running back 160 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 39 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Jernigan. Levied on as the property of Mrs. E. J. W. Bealer to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. E. J. W. Bealer for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 44, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Park avenue, between Bryan and Glenn streets, and running back 210 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 96 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Haynes. Levied on as the property of E. E. Beckham to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said E. E. Beckham for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following decribed property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 6, land lot 51, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 45 feet on the west side Butler street, between Houston street and Auburn avenue, and running back 135 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 136 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Bell. Levied on as the property of Mrs. M. J. Blackburn to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. M. J. Blackburn for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 75, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Crew street, between Glenn street and Capitol avenue, and running back 180 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 280 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Fears. Levied on as the property of Isabella Brown to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Isabella Brown for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 75, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 40 feet on the south side of Bass street, between Capitol avenue and Crew street, and running back 140 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 201 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Strange. Levied on as the property of James G. Bostwick to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said James G. Bostwick for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 85 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 54 feet on the west side of McDaniel to Golden streets, between Crumly and Glenn streets, and running back 190 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as Nos. 143 and 145 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Carrigan. Levied on as the property of Frank Boykin to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Frank Boykin for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 85, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 150 feet on the southwest corner of Whitehall and Humphries streets, and running back 315 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Hanour. Levied on as the property of Mrs. M. J. Brantly, guardian, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. M. J. Brantly, guardian, for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 77, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Madison street, between Hunter and Alabama streets, and running back 200 feet more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as numbers 10 and 12 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Chisolm. Levied on as the property of J. C. Bridger, trustee, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said J. C. Bridger, trustee, for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 5, land lot 78, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the northwest corner of Spring and Walton streets, between — and — streets, and running back — feet, more or less in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as number 54, on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Powell. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Lula Brightwell to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. Lula Brightwell for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 53, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 25 feet on the north side of Hammock street, between Fraser and Martin streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 14 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Williams. Levied on as the property of Matilda Brown to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Matilda Brown for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 45, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 46 feet on the south side of Georgia avenue, between Terry and Reed streets, and running back 140 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 210 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Donahue. Levied on as the property of T. M. Brumby to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said T. M. Brumby for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 47, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 62 feet on Arnold, Angier and R streets, between Angier and Rankin streets, and running back 375 feet, more or less, in a — direction, the house on said lot known as No. 218 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Van Dyke. Levied on as the property of A. R. Bryan to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said A. R. Bryan for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 54, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 40 feet on the north side of Georgia avenue, beween Capitol avenue and Frazier streets, and running back 70 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 168 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Hight. Levied on as the property of N. H. Bullock to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said N. H. Bullock for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 6, land lot 50, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 51 feet on the west side of Butler street, between Linden and Box streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Pitts. Levied on as the property of Nora Bush to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Nora Bush for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 84, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the south side of Mitchell street, between Davis and Maple streets, and running back 200 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 224 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Gintle. Levied on as the property of Annie E. Caldwell to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Annie E. Caldwell for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 85, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Smith to McDaniel street, between Crumly and Glenn streets, and running back 119 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as Nos. 148 and 155 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Inman. Levied on as the property of J. A. Carey to satisfy a fi. fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said J. A. Carey for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also at same time and place the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 7, land lot 118, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 100 feet on the west side of Grady place, between Gordon and Baugh streets, and running back 160 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street, according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Hall. Levied on as the property of I. H. Castlen, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said I. H. Castlen for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also at same time and place the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 53, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 35 feet on the north side of Richardson street, between Martin and Connally streets, and running back 145 feet more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 446 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Jones. Levied on as the property of Geo. W. Clarke, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Geo. W. Clarke for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also at same time and place the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 84, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the north side of Fair street, between Vine and Walnut streets, and running back 200 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 233 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Pool. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Mary E. Coker, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. Mary E. Coker for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also at same time and place the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 85, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 25 feet on the north side of Crumley street, between Windsor and Ira streets, and running back 120 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 68 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Moon. Levied on as the property of Mrs. M. G. Coleman, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. M. G. Coleman for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also at same time and place the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 45, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 40 feet on the east side of Jackson street, between Lucy and Decatur streets, and running back 80 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Whitehead. Levied on as the property of G. W. Crusselle, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said G. W. Crusselle for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also at same time and place the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 76, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 52 feet on the N. E. corner of Woodward and Cooper streets, and running back 140 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 34 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Carr. Levied on as the property of Mrs. R. H. Connor, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. R. H. Connor for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also at same time and place the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 7, land lot 108, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 22 feet on the north side of Gordon street, between R. R. ave. and Lee street, and running back 98 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Herrin. Levied on as the property of Mrs. S. C. Cook, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. S. C. Cook for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also at same time and place the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 86, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 47 feet on the east side of Smith street, between Eads street and Georgia ave., and running back 115 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 232 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Adair. Levied on as the property of Mrs. F. W. Deas, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. F. W. Deas for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also at same time and place the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 53, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Martin street, and running back 150 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as Nos. 228 and 230 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Cooledge. Levied on as the property of Melissa Dake, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Melissa Dake for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also at same time and place the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 110, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 86 feet on the south side of alley, between Chestnut and Granger streets, and running back 300 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street, according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Rayford. Levied on as the property of Ellen Darden estate, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Ellen Darden estate for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also at same time and place the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 76, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Loyd street, between Glenn and Crumley streets, and running back 142 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Hatcher. Levied on as the property of M. M. Davis, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said M. M. Davis for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also at same time and place the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 5, land lot 110, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 34 feet on the west side of Chestnut street, between Spencer and Thurman streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 360 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Maddox. Levied on as the property of C. Dawson, to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said C. Dawson for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 52, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Moore street between Decatur and Gilmer streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as number 41 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Allen. Levied on as the property of M. E. Dougherty to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said M. E. Dougherty for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 86, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Blackgum to Cunningham streets, between Rockwell and Berkle streets, and running back 225 feet, more or less in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as number — on said street according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Thirkield. Levied on as the property of Julie Duggar to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Julia Duggar for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 21, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 27 feet on the north side of Woodward avenue between Badger and Cameron streets, and running back 85 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as number 696 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Raughton. Levied on as the property of W. E. Dunn to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said W. E. Dunn for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 83, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 35 feet on the east side of Maple street between Hunter and Carter streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as number 67 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Curington. Levied on as the property of J. C. Early to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said J. C. Early for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 84, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the southeast corner of Haynes and Chapel streets and running back 150 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as number 88 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining White. Levied on as the property of J. R. Edwards to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said J. R. Edwards for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 110, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 40 feet on the north side of Magnolia street between Summit and Vine streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot being known as number — on said street according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Germania Loan and Banking Company. Levied on as the property of Eldon Ellen to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Eldon Ellen for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 84, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the southeast corner of Fain and Oliver streets, and running back 150 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as number 206 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Redwine. Levied on as the property of Mrs. F. E. Farr to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. F. E. Farr for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 83, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 200 feet on the northeast corner of Davis street between Rhodes and Hunter streets, and running back 150 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the houses on said lot known as numbers 87, 83, 75 and 79 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Hancock. Levied on as the property of Mrs. E. A. Fleck, admr., to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. E. A. Fleck, admr. for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 53, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the east side of King and Ansley streets between Woodward and Fair streets, and running back 50 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as number 60 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Edens. Levied on as the property of Mary Flemister estate to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mary Flemister estate for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 53, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 23 feet on the north side of Clarke street between Frazier and Martin streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as number 178 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Allen. Levied on as the property of Ike Freeman to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Ike Freeman for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 47, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 55 feet on the northeast corner of Currier and Longview and running back 102 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 188 on said street, according to street numbers, the same beinb improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Cox. Levied on as the property of C. Gantt to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said C. Gantt for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 20, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the west side of Estoria street between Tennelle and Kirkwood streets, and running back 150 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 46 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Draper. Levied on as the property of Mrs. E. A. Garner to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. E. A. Garner, for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 20, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the south side of Marcus street, between Lee and Pearl streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 63 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Wright. Levied on as the property of Mrs. M. W. George to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. M. W. George, for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that lot or tract of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, Ga., near the limits, being a part of land lot No. 87, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing on the east side of McDaniel street at a point 50 feet north of the northeast corner of McDaniel and Mary streets, and running thence north along McDaniel street 50 feet, thence east 103 feet, thence south 50 feet, thence west 103 feet to the point of beginning. Levied on as the property of Arthur Gibson to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Arthur Gibson for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 46, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 40 feet on the west side of Hilliard street, between Wheat and Irwin streets, and running back 70 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 184 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Hollis. Levied on as the property of Carrie Gibson to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Carrie Gibson for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 85, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 48 feet on the southwest corner of Windsor and Brown streets and running back 108 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 115 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining De Treville. Levied on as the property of John H. Glover, Jr., to satisfy a fi fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said John H. Glover, Jr., for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 51, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 35 feet on the north side of Cain street, between Butler and Fort streets, and running back 98 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 210 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Mitchell. Levied on as the property of Robert and J. T. Goosby to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Robert and J. T. Goosby for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 47, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 164 feet on the west side of Jackson street, between Currier street and Forrest avenue, and running back 340 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. —— on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Peters. Levied on as the property of Mary K. Graham to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mary K. Graham for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 44, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Park street between Bryan and Glenn streets, and running back 210 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. —— on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Haynes. Levied on as the property of J. L. Gregory to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said J. L. Gregory for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 50, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 40 feet on the north side of Linden street, between Fort and Myrtle streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 156 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Smith. Levied on as the property of C. J. Haden to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said C. J. Haden for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 74, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Washington street, between Jefferson and limits, and running back 200 feet, more or less, in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 640 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Scott. Levied on as the property of Daniel Hale to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Daniel Hale for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 5, land lot 74, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 67 feet on the north side of McAfee street, between Simpson and Alexander streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as Nos. 3 and 7 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Waters. Levied on as the property of John M. Hall to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said John M. Hall for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 53, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 33 feet on the west side, in rear of Scandrick, between Clarke and Rawson streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. —— on said street, according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Young. Levied on as the property of Moses Hames to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Moses Hames for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 2, land lot 75, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 50 feet on the west side of Loyd street, between Glenn street and Georgia avenue, and running back 144 feet, more or less, the house on said lot known as No. 447 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, adjoining Allen. Levied on as the property of Mrs. E. C. Hancock to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. E. C. Hancock for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 3, land lot 53, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 35 feet on the south side of Richardson street, between Connolly and Martin streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 417 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Lowndes. Levied on as the property of Eliza Hardaway to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Eliza Hardaway for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 109 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 40 feet on the west side of Doray street, between Mitchell and Beckwith streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 29 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Street. Levied on as the property of Titus Harris to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Titus Harris for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 5, land lot 79 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 24 feet on the east side of Plum street, between Nesbit and Dairy streets, and running back 130 feet, more or less, in a easterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 69 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Webb. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Julia C. Harwell to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. Julia C. Harwell for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 84 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 33 feet on the north side of Mitchell street, between Maple and Tatnall streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 231 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Pitts. Levied on as the property of Lucinda B. Hays to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Lucinda B. Hays for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 50 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 46 feet on the south side of North avenue, between Myrtle and Fort streets, and running back 175 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 213 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Ottley. Levied on as the property of Mrs. M. L. Heery to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. M. L. Heery for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 4, land lot 52 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, fronting 100 feet on the southeast corner of Edgewood and Bell streets and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 235 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Nace. Levied on as the property of Miss Abbie Howard to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Miss Abbie Howard for state and county taxes for the year 1898.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: Twenty-five acres, more or less, bounded on the north by ten acres conveyed by S. L. McBride to W. A. Charters on the 17th of December, 1891, by deed recorded in clerk's office of the superior court of Fulton county in deed book U3, page 103, on the east by the portion of said land lot 90 known as Harden land, on the south by A. J. McBride's 2.67 acres and on the west by Perkerson's land and being the 15 acres described in deed from Mrs. Sallie M. McBride to said Anna Smith, dated 28th of April, 1891, and not yet recorded, and the 10 acres described in deed from S. L. McBride to Anna Smith and not yet recorded, and being all of the 35 acre tract described in deed from A. J. McBride to S. L. McBride, dated February 28, 1891, and recorded in deed book U3, page 266 of said Fulton county records, except 10 acres conveyed by S. L. McBride to W. A. Charters. Levied on as the property of J. H. Goldsmith to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said J. H. Goldsmith for state and county taxes for the years 1895, 1896, 1897 and 1898. Sold for benefit of Jerry W. Goldsmith.

A. P. STEWART,
Tax Collector and Ex-Officio Sheriff of Fulton County, Georgia.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.
To the Superior Court of Said County:

The petition of N. P. Pratt, A. W. Pratt and G. L. Pratt, respectfully shows as follows, to-wit:

1. That they desire, on behalf of themselves, their associates and successors, to be created a body politic and corporate under the name and style of "N. P. Pratt Laboratory," for the term of twenty years, with the privilege of amendment and renewal.

2. The paid-in capital stock of the corporation will be sixty thousand dollars ($60,000), divided into shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each; but petitioners desire that the corporation may be authorized by a vote of the majority in interest of its shareholders to increase its capital stock from time to time in any amount not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000); and it is further desired that subscriptions to capital stock may be paid in whole or in part in cash, property, and property rights, at a fair valuation to be agreed upon.

3. The domicile and principal place of business of the corporation will be in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia; but petitioners desire that the corporation may be authorized to establish branch offices and erect, maintain and operate, chemical, manufacturing and mining plants at other places both within and without the state of Georgia, as may from time to time be deemed expedient.

4. The object of the corporation will be pecuniary gain for its members in the conduct of a professional, technical, commercial and manufacturing business.

5. The particular business proposed to be carried on is to build, equip, maintain and operate laboratories for general analytical, assaying and sampling purposes; to construct, equip, maintain and operate chemical works for the manufacture of sulphuric acid, drugs, and chemicals of all kinds, their combinations and products; to engage in the business of constructing and equiping chemical works, apparatus and appliances, both as engineers and as contractors for others, and to manufacture and deal in such appliances as are used in connection therewith; to patent, purchase and otherwise acquire, chemical and mechanical processes and appliances; to acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, mineral lands, mines and quarries, and to use and operate the same; to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in ores and minerals and other products; to acquire, hold, enjoy and dispose of real and personal property of all kinds, including shares of stock in, and bonds of, manufacturing, mining, laboratory, engineering and construction companies, provided the same shall not tend to defeat or lessen competition or encourage monopoly; to build, equip and operate spur tracks and tram roads, but not as a common carrier.

6. Petitioners desire that the corporation may have the right to sue and be sued; to have and use a common seal; to contract and be contracted with; to purchase and otherwise acquire, hold, enjoy, encumber and dispose of real and personal property and property rights, including shares in and bonds and securities of other corporations, within the limitations provided by law; to borrow money, issue notes, bonds, debentures and other evidences of indebtedness, and secure the same by creating a lien upon, or conveying title to, the property, assets and franchises of the corporation, or any parts thereof; to prescribe such by-laws, rules and regulations for the management of the corporation and the conduct of its affairs as may from time to time be deemed expedient; and generally to be invested with all of the rights, powers, privileges and immunities incident to private corporations under the laws of the state of Georgia, and as may be requisite or convenient to carry into full effect the purposes of the corporation.

7. Petitioners desire that subscribers to the capital stock may be exempt from individual liability for the debts, defaults and obligations, excepting to the extent of their unpaid subscriptions as now provided by the statute.

Wherefore, petitioners pray that they may be created a body corporate and politic by appropriate order of the court, for a term of twenty years, with privilege of amendment and renewal, under the name and style, and for the purposes, and with the rights, powers, privileges and immunities as herein applied for.

ELLIS, WIMBISH & ELLIS,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

Filed in office May 19, 1899.
G. H. TANNER, Clerk.

Georgia, Fulton County—I, G. H. Tanner, clerk of the superior court of said county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct copy of the original application for charter of "N. P. Pratt Laboratory," as appears of file in this office.

Witness my official signature and the seal of said county, this 19th day of May, 1899.
G. H. TANNER, Clerk.
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# STATE SOCIETY COMES IN LINE

## Movement for Uniform Cotton Classification Indorsed.

## CONVENTION IS SUGGESTED

### President Brown Asks That Representatives from Cotton States Be Called.

### MEETING IS PROPOSED FOR AUGUST

**Plan of Bettering Cotton Prices by Uniform and Final Classification in the South Is Receiving General Indorsement of the Farmers.**

The State Agricultural Society, through its president, Hon. J. Pope Brown, has signified its intention of pushing forward the movement for the uniform and final classification of cotton in the south, which was inaugurated by Commissioner O. B. Stevens through the columns of The Constitution.

The movement, although started but a few days ago, has attracted considerable attention from the farmers of the state, as well as intermediary brokers dealing in the staple both of which class, it is believed, will be materially and directly benefited by a general law throughout the cotton growing states calling for uniform and final classification.

In a communication to Commissioner Stevens, President Brown, of the agricultural society, heartily concurs in the suggestions of the commissioner, and declares that a convention of representatives of the cotton growing states should be called to give the matter of rigid classification the most careful attention. President Brown suggests that such a convention should be called in August, as the cotton men would have more leisure at that time than at any other.

It is first the purpose of Commissioner Stevens to interest in the subject of classification the commissioners of other cotton states, as the matter is of such far reaching importance as to demand concerted action on the part of all the southern states.

It is understood that the cotton interests of Georgia are already in hearty sympathy with the plan and ready to use their influence with the legislature for the passage of a law simultaneously with other states, requiring cotton to be classed rigidly at points of shipment, just as fertilizers and oil are inspected by sworn officials at the present time.

A conference between Commissioner Stevens and President Brown, of the agricultural society, will be arranged in the course of a few days and concerted movement will then be started by them to attract the interest of the cotton states in the south.

Letters of congratulation to Commissioner Stevens for the bold move he has taken to bring about final classification in the south have not been confined to Georgia, but prominent planters in neighboring states have written, since the expression of the commissioner's views in The Constitution concurring with him fully.

There is little doubt but what the convention proposed by President Brown will be called during August. It is believed that when the convention meets the delegates representing, as they will, the cotton interests of the south, will be ready to pass resolutions recommending uniform laws on the subject of classification to the legislatures of all the states in the south.

By a uniform and final classification, the reclamations that come back annually from European ports will be stopped, for since the south produces the bulk of the world's cotton, it is believed that the producers can say, we will classify the cotton we grow and unless our classification is acceptable, Europe can grow its own cotton.

The difficulties which lie in the path of concerted action by all the states are numerous and no one appreciates them more than the commissioner of agriculture. It is believed that the principal objection will come from the cotton exchanges of the country, as well as from the difficulty of getting the legislatures of the different states to act concertedly.

Commissioner Stevens stated yesterday that he had already begun to communicate with the commissioners of other states and that replies to his inquiries would begin to reach him in the next few days.

**Can Be Heard in Macon.**

From The Lynchburg, Va., News.

The whistle on the new Atlanta Milling Company's mill has been constructed to be audible at Macon, eighty miles distant.

# ODDS AND ENDS OF NEWS AT THE STATE CAPITOL

Attorney General Terrell, as a member of the executive committee of the State Bar Association, has been notified of the acceptance of Hon. W. L. Wilson, of West Virginia, to an invitation to address the association. In looking for a lawyer of national prominence to deliver the annual address to the association the executive committee hit at once upon the name of the ex-chairman of the ways and means committee of the national house of representatives and he was unanimously agreed upon by the members. The invitation to Mr. Wilson was sent several weeks ago and yesterday a favorable answer came from the distinguished West Virginian.

The fact that Hon. W. L. Wilson will make the address at the session of the association at Warm Springs will serve to attract the interest of the state to the occasion and it is probable that the largest attendance ever had by the association will be enjoyed this year. The bar association meets during the first week in July and the members of the profession are expecting a treat, as Mr. Wilson is recognized as one of the ablest and most popular speakers in the country.

The large number of persons in the state who have given notice by letter that they expect to profit by reporting public and private corporations who have failed to put on record the bonds they have issued will find themselves sadly disappointed and out done when they send their bills to the state.

The original law requiring the recording of all bonds, whether of private or public corporations, with the secretary of state was passed by the legislature in 1876. The act provided that for each bond not so recorded there should be a fine not exceeding $500. The "not exceeding" feature of the act is the part that is to prevent informers from suddenly becoming rich at the expense of delinquent corporations. In 1879 the first action on record against a concern for not registering its bonds with the secretary of state was brought. The state at that time brought action against the Gate City Gas Light Company, of Atlanta, in the superior cour of Fulton county with the late Judge Marshal Clarke presiding. The case was thrown out of the superior court, but afterwards found its way to the supreme court. Here the corporation lost its contention and was fined. In making the decision Justice Blanford in part had the following to say:

"While the law requires all corporations, either public or private, to record their bonds with the secretary of state before they are placed in circulation, the penalty of $500 attached for failure to so comply is a maximum penalty, it being a question for the jury to determine the amount, they being allowed to take into consideration the character of the bonds, the standing of the corporation issuing the same and their reputation as honorable, upright men as against a fraudulent attempt to deceive the public."

Secretary Cook in the past few days has received a number of communications from persons in the state informing him of corporations whose bonds it is alleged have never been recorded. The informers seem to believe, probably from a superficial reading of the law, that they are to get half of each of the numerous $500 bills, while the common schools of the state are to get the other half. Such, however, will not be the case, as it is the opinion of officials that $1 would probably be held by the courts sufficient fine for the majority of delinquent corporations. The informers will probably therefore find themselves going to the trouble and through the conscience worry of "giving away" concerns only to know at the finish that they are some such matter as 50 cents ahead.

Whereas prior to the general publicity given the act of the legislature on the subject of bonds, the bond recording book of Secretary Cook was only one-third full. the book is now full up to the back with the record of bonds newly recorded and the secretary was yesterday compelled to order a new ledger with which to carry on the work.

The agents of corporations, it is understood, have criticized severely the act of the legislature requiring them to record their bonds and the question has arisen who introduced the measure in the legislature. Secretary Cook said yesterday: "The fact generally known that the act was introduced in the house by the late Patrick Walsh, of Augusta, will serve to hush all comments as to the good intentions of the author."

State Geologist Yeates returned to Atlanta yesterday after a visit of ten days to the mining counties in the northern part of Georgia, bringing with him a number of beautiful specimens to add to his already complete display at the capitol. The geologist went for the purpose of inspecting mining properties and returned, as he stated, more impressed than ever with the natural resources of the state. Professor Yeates went at the request of the owners to inspect the asbestos mine at Sall mountain. He found the property to be in appearance all that has been expected of it, the exact wealth of which cannot be determined until a fuller investigation is made by the owners. He is of the opinion, however, that the mine will in the course of a short time be of great value to the state.

In the collection of minerals procured by Professor Yeates for display at the capitol are a number of rought amethysts which, the geologist states, are equal in purity, many of them, to the product of the famous Brazil mines. The amethysts were found in Forsyth and other counties in that vicinity and for the larger part of them Professor Yeates declares that he paid only $1.

# FIREMEN TO MEET ATLANTAS

**Teams Will Cross Bats at Brisbine This Afternoon.**

**WILL BE AN INTERESTING GAME**

**Both Teams Are in Excellent Condition and Brilliant Playing Is Expected.**

One of the most warmly contested games of the city league season will be played this afternoon at Brisbine park between the Atlantas and Firemen.

Both teams are in excellent condition and a great amount of interest is manifested in the game. The initial ball will be pitched over the home plate at 4 o'clock and it is expected that from that time on the game will be one of many brilliant plays by members of the two nines.

There is a great amount of natural rivalry existing between the Atlantas and Firemen and both teams will enter the game with the full determination of winning.

Lawshe will pitch for the Firemen and those who have seen his work pronounce it all that could be wished. He will keep the batters of the Atlantas guessing from the start and will endeavor to put the players of that nine out in triple order.

Some of the best players in the city league are members of the two teams that will cross bats today, and all the local fans are looking forward to a fine game.

Great interest is being felt in the league games this season, and so far all of them have been well attended. It is probable that a big crowd will go out to Brisbine this afternoon to witness the contest between the Atlantas and the Firemen.

**THE ENTRIES AT MORRIS PARK.**

**Six Races, All Well Filled, Are Now on the Card.**

New York, May 19.—Following are the entries for tomorrow at Morris Park:

First race—Selling, last seven furlongs of Withers mile: Holland, 109; Latchkey, 107; Kirkwood, 106; Theory, Tyrshena, Gaze, 105; Domineer, Althea, Diminutive, 98; Emigre, 95.

Second race—Last five furlongs of Eclipse course: Knight, Banneret, Trumpet, Precursor, Gulden, Premature, Withers, Finas, 110; Jamaica, Zinzibar, Bombay, Cavalcade, Nanine, Fond Hopes, 107; Post Haste, 101.

Third race—National stallion race, last five furlongs of Eclipse course: Pupil, Bombshell, St. Finman, Mayor, Gilroy, Knight of Rhodes, Magnificent, Delacey, Modrine, 122; Miserodia, Lady Uncas, Oneck, Queen, 119; Kentucky, His Royal Highness, 117; Calea, Virginia Earl, 114.

Fourth race—Ladies' stakes, Withers mile: The Rose, Lady Lindsey, Harmonica, Maid of Harlem, Ornamental, Lindulaw, Prestidohitatrice, Lady Madge, Rose, O'Lee, 117.

Fifth race—Grand national steeplechase, about two and one-half miles: Westtown, Trillon, Populist, 163; Diversion, 156; Caneret, 153; Iranian, White Garters, 140; Cock Robin, 135; Colonel Bartlett, Duore, 132; Big Strive, Tentoro, 130.

Sixth race—Withers mile: Peep O' Day, 126; George Keene, 119; Warrenton, 115; Firearm, 114; Box, Jean Beraud, 113; Bueta, Florenzo, 108; Rhinelander, 106; Charentus, 105; Roysterer, 104; Bardella, 98; Half Time, 97; Jefferson, 96; Hanwell, 99; Sensational, 84.

**NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.**

**Baltimore 4, Chicago 2.**

Chicago, May 19.—Four hits and two errors in the fourth inning gave the Orioles the game today. Kitson had the Orphans at his mercy until the ninth, when Mertes's triple, a gift, an error and Donahue's single saved a shut out. Demont's and Mertes's fielding was very brilliant. Attendance 3,000.

| | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 | 2 | 5 | 3 |
| Baltimore | 1 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 | 4 | 10 | 1 |

Batteries: Callahan and Donahue; Kitson and Robinson. Umpires, Emslie and McDonald. Time, 1:55.

**Boston 13, Louisville 4.**

Louisville, May 19.—The Colonels held their own until the seventh inning, when the Bean Eaters pounded out five runs. Stahl's batting was a feature. Attendance 1,000.

| | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Louisville | 0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 | 4 | 5 | 2 |
| Boston | 0 0 4 0 0 0 5 0 4 | 13 | 18 | 1 |

Batteries: Dowling and Kitredge; Killen and Bergen. Umpires, Hunt and Connolly. Time, 2:10.

**St. Louis Given a Game.**

St. Louis, May 19.—Umpire Burns declared today's game forfeited to St. Louis at the end of the sixth inning. Meekin was wild in the sixth and Gleason questioned Burns's decisions on balls. He delayed the game by his kicking and was ordered out of the game. He refused to go and after waiting four minutes Burns gave the game to St. Louis—9 to 0. Attendance 2,100.

| | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 0 1 1 1 0 6 | 9 | 10 | 3 |
| New York | 0 4 2 2 2 0 | 10 | 9 | 3 |

Batteries: Wilson, Jones and Criger; Meekin, Doheny and Grady. Umpires, Burns and Smith. Time, 1:40.

**Pittsburg and Washington Break Even**

Washington, May 19.—Pittsburg won the first game today by hard hitting and Washington's error. In the second game the Senators found Hoffer an easy proposition, while Wehying did good work. The batting of Donovan and Freeman were the features of the games.

| | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Washington | 0 0 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 | 4 | 12 | 5 |
| Pittsburg | 1 0 0 0 2 0 2 1 5 | 11 | 13 | 3 |

Batteries: Baker and McGuire; Tannehill and Bowerman. Time, 2 hours.

SECOND GAME.

| | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Washington | 1 3 2 0 2 0 0 2 0 | 10 | 12 | 2 |
| Pittsburg | 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 | 2 | 8 | 4 |

Batteries: McFarland and Butler, Weyhing and McGuire; Hoffer and Bowerman. Umpires, O'Day and Snyder. Time, 2:15. Attendance 3,000.

**Brooklyn 7, Cincinnati 5.**

Cincinnati, May 19.—Ewing took Phillips out of the game after the third inning because he was wild, though only two hits and no runs had been made off him. Taylor, who followed, was hit hard by Brooklyn. Dahlen drove in six of his side's seven runs. Attendance 4,128.

| | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 2 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 | 5 | 13 | 3 |
| Brooklyn | 0 0 0 3 0 3 0 1 * | 7 | 13 | 2 |

Batteries: Wood, Taylor and Phillips; Kennedy and Farrell. Umpires, Swartwood and Warner. Time, 2:15.

**SOUTHERN LEAGUE GAMES.**

**New Orleans 17, Dallas 0.**

New Orleans, May 19.—New Orleans found Spencer and Dallas easy game and fattened their batting averages, besides playing a fine fielding game. Dallas could not hit Claussen and could not field and so sustained a crushing defeat.

| | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| New Orleans | 6 1 1 2 0 7 0 0 0 | 17 | 21 | 2 |
| Dallas | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 | 5 | 9 |

Batteries: Classen and Byers; W. Spencer and Morris.

**FIVE FAVORITES RUN FIRST.**

**Avenstoke Captures the Juvenile Stakes in a Driving Finish.**

Louisville, May 19.—This was the talents' day again at Churchill Downs, five favorites and one well played second choice getting the money. The juvenile stakes, a selling sweepstakes for two-year-olds, was won in impressive style by W. H. May & Sons good Bersan-Mary Anna colt, Avenstoke.

It was a driving finish with the winner a half-length ahead of Unsightly, who was half a length in front of Basney F. Allanto was fourth. Unsightly was disqualified for fouling Barney F., and Barney F. was given the place with Allanto third. The track was good and a big crowd was out.

**Artillery Ordered to California.**

Washington, May 19.—The secretary of war has ordered battery B. Third artillery, from Fort Monroe, Va., to report to the commanding general, department of California, for assignment to duty.

AVOID SUBSTITUTES

You can get **Pond's Extract** by pressing your demand gently but firmly. Pond's Extract cures Catarrh, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and relieves all pain.

There is only one PONDS EXTRACT

# SHERIFF NELMS WRITES TO ADAIR

## A Requisition Brings About a Warm Correspondence.

## WANTED RIFLES FOR TOWER

### Public Buildings Committee Turned Down Requisition for Arms.

### "SUGGESTIONS COME GRATIS," HE SAYS

**Says He Has Known People Who Got Along Very Well by Attending to Their Own Business. Suggests Thought on This Line.**

A requisition recently made by Deputy Sheriff Shropshire and Colonel L. P. Thomas, of the sheriff's office for twelve Springfield rifles and 200 rounds of ammunition to stock the arsenal at the Tower has caused a somewhat warm correspondence between Sheriff Nelms and County Commissioner Adair.

The requisition was made several days ago by the assistants of the sheriff, who allowed the former the use of his name. The requisition went to the office of the county commissioners and was referred by County Clerk Kontz to Commissioner Adair, who is chairman of the committee on courthouse supplies and public buildings.

In a letter received from Chairman Adair by the county clerk and transmitted to Sheriff Nelms, the chairman states that if the prisoners are properly kept they cannot escape either by the assistance of a mob or without it, and for that reason the arms asked for are refused.

Sheriff Nelms replied with a letter in which he stated that he did not ask for suggestions, and that he had known people who got along in the world very well by minding their own business.

Sheriff Nelms, in speaking of the matter, stated that the arsenal was built in the Tower, and if it was not intended to be furnished with arms of any kind for emergencies it was a useless expense of the county money to utilize it in the construction of such a protection.

The requisition stated that recently there had been made numerous threats about certain prisoners in the jail, and if the arms were provided it would be a good protection.

**Sheriff Nelms's Reply.**

As soon as the sheriff received the letter from the chairman the following reply was sent, which deals in sarcastic language regarding the chairman. The sheriff asks permission to suggest a thought which, he says, may prove profitable if the chairman will adopt it:

Atlanta, Ga., May 19, 1899.—Forrest Adair, County Commissioner—Sir: In answer to your communication of the 19th instant, I desire to say, without going into the whys and wherefores of the needs of the guns at the Tower, that I did not make requisition to you. The requisition was made by Mr. Shropshire and Mr. Thomas, with the consent by me that they could use my name.

I desire to say to you that any suggestions from you to me of the management of the jail or any other duties pertaining to the sheriff's office come gratis. Should I at any time feel the need of any suggestions from you as to my duty, I will consult my own feelings as to the asking of them.

It might be well for you to remember that I have known numerous people in the world to get along smoothly by attending to their own business. If you will allow me to suggest a thought to you on this line, it may be profitable for you to adopt it. Yours,

JOHN W. NELMS.

The public buildings committee is composed of Adair, chairman, and Commissioner Rosser.

**Mr. Adair's Letter.**

The letter from Chairman Adair is as follows:

Atlanta, Ga., May 18, 1899. John W. Nelms, Esq., Sheriff, Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sir: Your request of May 16th for one dozen Springfield rifles and 200 cartridges for same has been duly received. The committee has carefully considered this matter and has noted your remarks that you have had frequent threats as to riots and lynchings recently and have nothing to defend the jail or yourself with.

Without discussing the question as to whether the county has the right to make such purchases for you, the committee is unanimous in the opinion that the articles are unnecessary, and it respectfully declines to comply with your request.

If the prisoners are kept where they belong, within the tool proof cells, no outsider could reach them without breaking through eight or nine of these doors, one of these doors being of tool proof material. By the time that this could be accomplished you could, by the aid of the telephone and call bells, secure the co-operation of the governor and the assistance of the police force, fire department, military and public at large. If the prisoners are kept in their proper places, we feel sure there will be no danger of any escapes, either with or without the assistance of any outsiders. Very respectfully,

FORREST ADAIR,
Chairman Committee on Public Buildings.

**TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE,**

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

**THIS DAY THE LAST**

**Music Charms the Ear. Beautiful Designs Charm the Sight.**

**BUT PIANOS AND ORGANS AT FACTORY PRICES AND LESS**

**APPEAL TO YOUR POCKETBOOK AND BUSINESS FORESIGHT.**

**Phillips & Crew Co. Clearing Out Sale of Good Pianos Positively Closes Saturday.**

**YOU WILL MISS A GOOD THING AND MAY REGRET IT**

**If You Do Not Take Advantage of This Sale—Bona Fide Bargains, 30 to 50 Per Cent Off**

**On "Knabe," "Kimball," "Chickering" and "Fischer" Pianos, the Big Four First-Class Makes.**

**Good Slightly Used Uprights, Various Makes, $85, $98 to $150, Terms To Suit.**

"If you buy at Phillips & Crew Co.'s it's all right."

Time and time again has the above statement been made by persons who know the standing of Phillips & Crew Co. Thirty-four years of honorable business record in Atlanta has placed them in the very front rank of music dealers in the south.

If you buy now a new inexpensive piano, either new or second-hand, and for any reason you should want to exchange it for another, you will find Phillips & Crew Co. here and most willing to serve you.

Just now and until Saturday night at 9 o'clock Phillips & Crew Co. are offering both new and second-hand pianos and organs at great bargains, at prices and terms they nor any other dealer can sell them at regularly, and if you need an instrument we can say in all candor you cannot afford to miss this sale.

We offer till Saturday night all "Knabe," "Kimball," "Chickering," "Fischer," "Ivers & Pond" and other new pianos at discounts ranging from 30 to 50 per cent off.

In addition to the above, we have a number of pianos that have been rented, and pianos dropped from the 1899 catalogue, that we will clear out regardless of cost or former prices.

Come today if you want a bargain in a piano.

Ten to $25 cash, $10 per month, buys any Upright Piano in the house; $10 cash, $6 to $8 per month buys many of them.

Special bargains for today: Hale Upright, good condition, $85; "Kimball" Upright, returned from renting, $150; "New England" Upright, rented awhile, $115; "Hallet & Davis," great bargain, $145; "Fischer," dark case, $125; another "Fischer," taller case, $168; $10 cash, $6 per month, buys them.

"Ivers & Pond" mahogany case, new, but shop worn, regular price $375, will close out at $247.

Fine "Hallet & Cumston" Cabinet Grand, dark case, great bargain, $197.

New "Whitney," but 1898 pattern, English oak case, full cabinet size, a little shop worn, $187.

Elegant cabinet Grand "Fischer," in burl walnut case, 1898 pattern, worth $375, will close out at $247.

Today is the last day of this great discount sale. Store open till 9 o'clock evenings.

PHILLIPS & CREW CO.,
37 Peachtree.

**That beautiful Venable lot on Peachtree at Auction this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock sharp.**

**Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of Georgia, Rome.**

For the annual convention, grand encampment and grand lodge, I. O. O. F. of Georgia, Rome, the Western and Atlantic railroad will sell tickets at one fare for the round trip, tickets to be sold May 22d and 23d. In addition to our trains leaving Atlanta at 8:15 a. m. and 4:50 p. m. for Rome, we will, on Monday, May 22d, have special coach leave Atlanta on our train No. 4 at 8:30 p. m., arriving at Rome about 10:55 p. m.
H. F. SMITH, T. M.
C. E. HARMAN, G. P. A.
5-20-2t

**The proof of the pudding is the eating thereof. You can buy Isaacs Pens at $1 per gross or 6 gross for $5. For sale by John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. Samples free.**

**Note—These pens are warranted to be made from selected stock and are carefully**

**Do you want to make money? Buy the Venable lot this afternoon.**

**FOOTE'S TRUNK FACTORY.**

**17 E. Alabama St., 'Phone 230.**

We are still in the lead with a full line of pocket books, card cases, trunks, valises and satchels. Trunk repairing done on short notice.

**Miss E. S. Jeter's Oil Portraits.** Life size, $100, $300, $500. Pictures in little, $50. Lowndes building, Atlanta, Ga.

**That beautiful Venable lot on Peachtree at Auction this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock sharp.**

**Half Rate to Grand Rapids, Mich.**

Southern railway will sell round trip tickets at one fare from points in this territory, on May 22d, 23d and 24th, final limit May 21, 1899. Rate from Atlanta for round trip will be $23.35.

Account of the international convention of Y. M. C. A. of North America.

Apply at union depot or the city ticket office, Kimball house corner.
G. B. ALLEN, D. P. A.

**The Tripod Paint Co.**

**Manufacturers, Importers, Dealers,**

**Painters' and Artists' Supplies**

**Best Goods, Lowest Prices.**

**41 and 43 E. Alabama St.... ATLANTA, GA.**

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent.

**Sold by Druggists,** or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

**Fulton Manufacturing Co.,**

**Murphy St. and W. & A. R. R., Atlanta, Ga.**

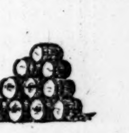
**In the Veneering Department We Build**

Veneer Barrels, Nail and Fish Kegs, Satchel Baskets, Diamond Baskets, Clothes and Laundry, Round Half and Bushel Baskets, Grape Baskets, Bean Baskets, Cotton Baskets, Oyster Baskets, Strawberry Crates, Strawberry Cups, Cabbage Crates, Tomato Barrels, Potato Barrels, Cheese Boxes, Cotton Seed Hull Heads, Furniture Veneers.

**Broom Department.**

We make a specialty of Factory and Warehouse Brooms, our Patent Steel Braced, Fibre Filled, 14-inch in the brush, is the only satisfactory and durable broom for such uses. We also make a full line of our new House Broom, color blended, in any kind of broom needed. Write us for prices.

**IN THE PAINT DEPARTMENT,**



We are grinders of strictly pure White and Tinted Lead, Colors in Oil, and mixers of pure House Paints in Linseed Oil ready to apply. Warranted pure.

**Write Us for Prices.**

**Office—118 and 120 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.**

**REAL ESTATE SALE.**

Between the legal hours of sale on June 6, 1899, before the courthouse door of Fulton county the property described below will be sold to the highest bidder for cash:

This sale is made by W. R. Dimmock and M. McD. Prichard, trustees; the said property having been deeded to them in trust to hold as security for the payment of dues to the National Building Association of Baltimore city upon a loan made by said association to the owner of said property. It having been expressly covenanted in said deed of trust "that upon a continuing default in the payment of said dues to said Association for the space of thirty days, all dues and moneys due said association, which were secured by said trust deed should become due and payable to sell said property at the instance of said trustees, they to collect the proceeds of said sale and after paying to said association all moneys that may be due it, together with 5 per cent of the proceeds of such sale for their services and attorney's fees, to pay over any overplus to the former owner."

Wherefore such default having now been made, said trustees declare all due and payments intended to be secured by said trust deed to be now due and payable up to an amount necessary to pay off said indebtedness in accordance with the by-laws of said association, and in satisfaction thereof they will sell the following described property as the property of W. M. Kimbrell, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land in land lot twelve (12) of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, commencing on the Flat Shoals road fifty (50) feet north from the northeast corner of the Dodd property and running thence north along the west side of the Flat Shoals road fifty (50) feet, thence west two hundred and ten (210) feet, thence south fifty (50) feet, thence east two hundred and ten (210) feet to the beginning point.

W. R. DIMMOCK,
M. McD. PRICHARD,
Trustees.

J. H. PORTER, Attorney.
may6 4t sat

**Remember S. B. Turman for County Commissioner.**

**DROPSY CURED**

With all its complications. A valuable discovery Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Atlanta, Ga., cure Dropsy in all its various forms. Have made Dropsy and its Complications a Specialty for the last twenty years, with the most wonderful success. Have cured many thousand cases, after having been pronounced utterly hopeless by eminent physicians. Are constantly treating from 150 to 300 persons all over the United States and Canada. Order ten days' trial treatment FREE by mail.

Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box F ATLANTA GA.

Thomas H. Northen. Walker Dunson.

**NORTHEN & DUNSON**

Real Estate and Loans, 409 Equitable.

Elevated Peachtree lot, 57x220 feet, for only $4,750.

Inman Park lot, 90 feet front, best part Edgewood avenue, for just $2,250.

Capitol avenue lot, 50x210, best part of street for $2,800.

Eight-room, 2-story house, water and gas, Woodward avenue, for $2,500. Will submit offer.

Seven-room house with modern conveniences, Linden avenue, near Boulevard, $2,000.

Beautiful house and lot, Kimball street, between Peachtrees, for $7,500.

Washington street lot, 50x200, east front, close in, near Rawson street, for only $4,000.

Corner lot, best part Piedmont avenue, east front, for just $3,600.

If you wish to buy, sell or borrow, it will pay you to call on us. 409 Equitable.

**FOR RENT** Get one of our weekly rent bulletins giving full description of everything to rent. We move tenants free. See notice. John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, No. 50 Broad street.

**We Pay Cash for Old Gold and Silver**

**JULIUS R. WATTS & CO., JEWELERS**

**51 Whitehall Street.**

**FOR RENT—Offices.**

BEAUTIFUL offices, cheapest in city, all conveniences. Brown Bldg, Pryor & Wall. For rates, call on W. A. Foster, room 18. 3-5 6m

**TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.**

CALL and see the new Smith Premiers at 71 N. Pryor, Y. M. C. A. building. H. M. Ashe, general agent. Phone 1541.

**STORAGE.**

SECURITY Warehouse Co.—Storage of all kinds; separate rooms for furniture. Foundry st., W. & A. R. R. Tel. 1956, 2 calls.

**FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.**

FOR RENT—6-room cottage in West End, furnished, 3 or 4 months. House, box 281. sat sun

FOR RENT—I will rent my cottage at Lithia Springs for the summer. W. A. Hemphill. 5-16-tf

**WANTED—Houses.**

HOUSE WANTED—Responsible family would occupy well-furnished home during summer months at reasonable rental; prefer to employ servants with place; desire location on or near Peachtree street on hill. Address Orleanian, Gulf View, Miss. 5 18 19 20 21 22 23

**AUCTION SALES.**

AUCTION SALE—Marietta, Tuesday, June 6th; Bond place, Kennesaw avenue; large lot, large house, with every convenience. Write Manget, real estate, Marietta, for description. 5-12-16-19-20

**FOR EXCHANGE.**

MODERN 9-r. residence to exchange for property in Lawrenceville, Norcross, Athens, Windsor, Gainesville, Marietta, Austell, Tallapoosa, Rome, Canton, Calhoun, Cedartown or intermediate points. Scott & Oliver, No. 41 N. Broad st. 5-19-2t

**REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.**

NEW 6-room cottages; every one a gem, Highland avenue, Park avenue, Thomas street; $100 cash, $20 monthly. Fitzhugh Knox, 20 Grant building. 4-9 tf

**RATES FOR CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.**

Advertisements in the classified columns of The Daily or Sunday Constitution are 10 cents a line each insertion, six words make a line. Count the words in your advertisement and accompany your order with cash at the rate of 10 cents a line each insertion for the number of insertions desired. No advertisement taken for less than the price of three lines.

**WANTED—MALE HELP.**

WANTED—Bright colored man to travel; salary to begin; references; inclose stamped envelope. John Card, 356 Dearborn street, Chicago. 5-20 4t

MEN, our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach the barber trade in eight weeks, mailed free. Moler Barber College, St. Louis, Mo. sat sun

SALESMAN WANTED for Georgia and Alabama on commission; good chance for right party. Tobies Baker & Co., 207 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md. 5 18 20 22 24

WANTED—Traveling salesmen in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee for large northern and western houses; seven lines; salary good; stamp for reply. Triumph Information Co., 304 Elm St., Dallas, Tex. 5—14—15 16 17 20

**HELP WANTED—Female.**

20 WHITE GIRLS, 18 to 25 years, Saturday, 30 Monday, permanent work; best references. Miss Hopple, 47 Trinity.

LADIES who embroider or crochet can earn pin money at home; send addressed envelope for sample, terms, etc. Empire Embroidery Works, Dept. A. C., 136 Liberty street, N. Y.

**BUSINESS PERSONALS.**

MONEY to patent ideas frequently secured through The Patent Record, Baltimore, Md. 2-22 30t

ARCHITECTS, contractors, supply dealers, insurance agents and other business men will find our "Daily Construction Bulletin" and "Weekly Construction Sheet" invaluable in securing new business. We furnish building news in advance of all other sources from the southern states. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**

STRAIGHT LOANS and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission charge. E. S. McCandless, Cashier, 7 E. Alabama St.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate real estate loans at low rates. 405 Gould building.

SAMUEL BARNETT, No. 537 Equitable building, negotiates real estate mortgages, loans on property in or near Atlanta. Borrower can pay back any way he pleases.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

4½ TO 6 PER CENT money to loan on real estate, bonds and stocks, Georgia and Alabama farm loans. Purchase money notes wanted. W. A. Foster, room 18, Joseph E. Brown building, Pryor and Wall streets.

T. W. BAXTER & CO., Atlanta, Ga., negotiate loans on choice Georgia farms and business town property at very low rates.

LIBERAL advances made on diamonds, watches and firearms; strictly confidential; rates to suit; specialty of watch repairing. Schaul & May, No. 1 Decatur st., Kimball house block.

THOS W. JACKSON, banker, 70½ Peachtree, buys good paper; loans on real estate; low interest, repayable monthly.

MONEY loaned on diamonds, watches, jewelry, etc.; all business strictly confidential. Pickert Jewelry Co., 6½ Whitehall street.

**BOARDERS WANTED.**

BOARDERS WANTED—Large, cool, nicely furnished front room and good table fare to couple for $8 per week; also rooms and board for several young men at $4 per week. 134 Ivy.

HOTEL ALHAMBRA—Family hotel, take Peachtree cars to and from depot; popular prices. 5-7-30t

**BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.**

FOR SALE—The Roanoke Herald-News and job printing outfit, except the Washington hand press. Gordon job press inside chase measure 10x14 with throw-off. For particulars address D. McConnaghy, Roanoke, Ala. sat sun

PARTNER WANTED—A profitable manufacturing business wants partner who will furnish from $3,000 to $5,000 and take charge of office and finances. Address Business, P. O. box 18, city. 5-12-2t

INVEST $200, securing large weekly income; safe, conservative proposition; second successful year; statistics free. H. Griffin, 1180 Broadway, New York.

**WANTED—Agents.**

AGENTS—On salary or commission; the greatest agents seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X 46, La Crosse, Wis. sat sun

MAN OR LADY to travel and appoint agents. Established firm; $50 per mo. and all expenses to start. Mfr., Box 398, Philadelphia, Pa. 4-29 sat wed sun

AGENTS WANTED for a special summer campaign. The Saturday Evening Post—established by Benjamin Franklin in 1728—now published by the Curtis Publishing Company, proprietors of The Ladies' Home Journal, is offered to subscribers, for one year only, for $1—the regular price is $2.50. This offer is for the purpose of a quick introduction, and will be withdrawn September 1st. The regular price of $2.50 will be maintained after that date. We will give a good commission for every subscriber secured, and distribute $3,000 September 1st among the 176 best agents, $500 will be given the person sending the largest number of subscribers at $1 each per year. At this special low subscription price thousands can be easily secured. Address The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

**FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.**

FOR RENT—Desk room or office space, No. 13 S. Broad street; light and cool, best ground floor in city. J. C. Hendrix & Co. sat mon

**FOR RENT—Furnished Rooms.**

17-ROOM hotel, west end Mitchell street viaduct, furnished, with water and gas. George S. May, 212 Prudential building. 5-20 3m

**WANTED—Miscellaneous.**

HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for gents' cast-off clothing, old gold and silver. Send card and will call promptly. J. Gorlman, 95 Decatur street. 5-10 7t

WANTED—Parties anywhere in the south to correspond with us in reference to the heating and ventilating of residences, schools, churches, courthouses, jails and other buildings; we are manufacturers; get our catalogue. Moncrief Furnace Co., No. 59 South Forsyth Street, Atlanta, Ga. 4-25-tf

**FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.**

FOR SALE—At a bargain, first-class piano. Address X, care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Second-hand sewing machine wagon, with top; very cheap. 71 Whitehall street.

**LOST.**

LOST—Leather pocketbook, some cash, gold cuff and dress button; reward if left at Constitution office.

LOST—On Loyd or Mitchell street, or near Telephone exchange, small satchel bag containing ear trumpet; will pay reward. G. T. Dodd, 32 E. Alabama street. sat sun

Lost—In or near the Atlanta National bank, May 19th, one $10 bill; finder will confer a favor and receive reward if left at 194 E. Pine street.

PARASOL taken by mistake from Douglas & Davison's store Friday afternoon; red and blue plaid silk, natural wood handle. Return to A. J. West & Co.

**FINANCIAL.**

SIX PER CENT to investors guaranteed and absolutely secured is paid by Atlanta Loan and Investment Company.

# NEWS CONFLICTING.

## Crop Information Failed To Agree in the Majority of Instances.

## BOTH SIDES ARE CAUTIOUS

### Fluctuations Extremely Narrow, Covering a Matter of Only 2 Points for the Day.

New York, May 19.—By Associated Press: The cotton market, after opening quiet and steady at unchanged prices to 1 point advance, was extremely narrow and the total range on fluctuations for the day did not exceed 2 points. At the close the feeling was quiet and steady with prices unchanged to 1 point lower. About the only news on hand on which to base ideas was crop information, and as this failed to agree in the majority of instances, both sides were slow to proceed. Claims that crop damage, lateness and poor conditions had been greatly exaggerated were exhibited by the bear crowd, but were met with equally numerous reports from nearly all sections of the belt that the crop outlook was far from reassuring. It was said that the ground was as dry as tinder in some of the eastern states, and that the crop was making poor stands in the central portion of the region. Farmers were understood to be very much discouraged in Arkansas and northern Texas by the ravages of insects, and in some cases, where seed had been washed out of the ground by the rains of last week, were refusing to replant. Though light rains were indicated on today's weather bulletin for the northern districts, the greater portion of the belt was free from precipitation with the temperature very high. The local trade did not lose sight of the fact that conditions in the Fall River cloth markets were never better than at the present time, which also may be said of European markets. The English cables today reflected comparatively quiet markets at Liverpool, which was attributed by private advices to the close at hand holidays. The demand for spot cotton in the south was not vigorous, but all markets were holding their own with dealers disposed to advance asking rates.

### Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:

Atlanta—Steady; middling 5¾c.
Liverpool—Quiet; middling 3⅜d.
New York—Quiet and steady; middling 6¼c.
New Orleans—Easy; middling 5 13-16c.
Savannah—Quiet; middling 5⅝c.
Galveston—Steady; middling 5 15-16c.
Norfolk—Steady; middling 5⅞c.
Mobile—Quiet; middling 5 11-16c.
Memphis—Steady; middling 5¾c.
Augusta—Steady; middling 6¼c.
Charleston—Steady; middling 5 9-16c.
Houston—Quiet; middling 5 15-16c.
St. Louis—Steady; middling 5 13-16c.

The following is the statement of receipts, shipments and stock in Atlanta:

| | RECEIPTS 1899 | RECEIPTS 1898 | SHIPM'TS 1899 | SHIPM'TS 1898 | STOCK 1899 | STOCK 1898 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Saturday | 8 | | | | | |
| Monday | 19 | .... | .... | 20 | 10797 | 1026 |
| Tuesday | .... | 2 | 16 | .... | 10800 | 1028 |
| Wednesday | .... | 15 | 600 | 50 | 10200 | 998 |
| Thursday | 24 | 10 | 150 | 52 | 10074 | 956 |
| Friday | 27 | 94 | 120 | 111 | 9981 | 939 |
| | 25 | 500 | .... | 50 | 10096 | 1389 |
| Totals | 103 | 621 | 886 | 283 | | |

The following were the closing quotations for cotton futures in New York yesterday:

| MONTHS | Open'g | Highest | Lowest | Last Sale | Closing bid and asked |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 5 87 | 5 88 | 5 87 | 5 87 | 5 87-88 |
| June | 5 88 | 5 90 | 5 88 | 5 88 | 5 88-89 |
| July | 5 92 | 5 92 | 5 91 | 5 92 | 5 91-92 |
| August | 5 94 | 5 94 | 5 92 | 5 94 | 5 93-94 |
| September | 5 90 | 5 90 | 5 89 | 5 89 | 5 88-89 |
| October | 5 93 | 5 94 | 5 92 | 5 93 | 5 92-93 |
| November | 5 95 | 5 95 | 5 94 | 5 94 | 5 93-94 |
| December | 5 99 | 5 99 | 5 97 | 5 98 | 5 97-98 |
| January | 6 02 | 6 02 | 6 01 | 6 01 | 6 01-02 |
| February | 6 05 | 6 05 | 6 05 | 6 05 | 6 04-05 |
| March | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 08 | 6 09 | 6 08-09 |
| April | | | | | |

Closed quiet and steady.

The following table shows the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

| | RECEIPTS 1899 | RECEIPTS 1898 | EXPORTS 1899 | EXPORTS 1898 | STOCK 1899 | STOCK 1898 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Saturday | 9700 | 4603 | 8749 | 24078 | 748478 | 558433 |
| Monday | 9409 | 8854 | 2274 | 10605 | 752486 | 544362 |
| Tuesday | 11637 | 7298 | 11675 | 5166 | 748643 | 555831 |
| Wednesday | 6770 | 5554 | 2407 | 21052 | 752905 | 545102 |
| Thursday | 5284 | 5984 | 5707 | 2608 | 750779 | 548263 |
| Friday | 17094 | 4828 | 28994 | 18157 | 736501 | 557277 |
| Totals | 59894 | 37121 | 59806 | 74844 | ........ | ........ |

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| May | 5 68 | November | 5 64 |
| June | 5 71 | December | 5 68 |
| July | 5 73 | January | 5 71 |
| August | 5 75 | February | 5 71 |
| September | 5 73 | March | 5 74 |
| October | 5 63 | April | 5 77 |

Closed dull but steady.

### Total Receipts at United States Ports.

New York, May 19.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1, 1899:

| | |
|---|---|
| Galveston | |
| New Orleans | 2,277,689 |
| Mobile | 2,129,435 |
| Savannah | 257,834 |
| Charleston | 1,055,203 |
| Wilmington | 363,171 |
| Norfolk | 290,665 |
| Baltimore | 638,983 |
| New York | 46,197 |
| Boston | 136,984 |
| Newport News | 295,757 |
| Philadelphia | 19,169 |
| Port Arthur | 46,358 |
| Brunswick | 19,765 |
| Pensacola | 250,499 |
| Port Royal | 195,930 |
| | 20,865 |
| Total | 8,044,502 |

### Comparative Cotton Statement.

New York, May 19.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending today:

| | |
|---|---|
| Net receipts at U. S. ports | 59,894 |
| Same time last year | 37,121 |
| Showing an increase of | 22,873 |
| Total receipts since September 1 | 8,044,502 |
| Same time last year | 8,298,148 |
| Showing a decrease of | 253,646 |
| Exports for the week | 59,806 |
| Same week last year | 74,844 |
| Showing a decrease of | 15,038 |
| Total exports since September 1 | 6,554,533 |
| Same time last year | 6,777,547 |
| Showing a decrease of | 223,014 |
| Stock at U. S. ports | 736,501 |
| Same time last year | 537,277 |
| Showing an increase of | 199,224 |
| Stock at interior towns | 377,599 |
| Same time last year | 228,661 |
| Showing an increase of | 148,938 |
| Stock at Liverpool | 1,501,000 |
| Same time last year | 1,188,000 |
| Showing an increase of | 313,000 |
| American afloat for Great Britain | 55,000 |
| Same time last year | 113,000 |
| Showing a decrease of | 58,000 |

### The Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, May 19, 12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot, quiet with prices unchanged; middling uplands 3⅜; sales 10,000; American 9,800; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 2,000; American 1,900.

Futures opened quiet with demand poor.

| | Open'g. | Closing. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| May | 3 21-64 | 3 21 | Sellers |
| May-June | 3 21-64 | 3 21 | Sellers |
| June-July | 3 21-64 | 3 21⅛ | Sellers |
| July-August | ........ | 3 22 | Buyers |
| August-September | 3 22-64 | 3 22 | Buyers |
| September-October | 3 22-64 | 3 21½ | Buyers |
| October-November | 3 21-64 | 3 21 | Buoers |
| November-December | ........ | 3 20½ | Buyers |
| December-January | ........ | 3 20½ | Buyers |

Futures closed steady.

New York, May 19.—Cotton quiet and steady; sales 74 bales; middling uplands 6¼; gulf 6½, net receipts 171; gross 879; stock 179,915.

New Orleans, May 19.—Cotton easy; sales 4,300; middling 5 13-16; receipts 3,478; stock 357,342.

Galveston, May 19.—Cotton steady; middling 5 15-16; sales 250; receipts 796; stock 64,935.

Mobile, May 19.—Cotton quiet; middling 5 15-16; sales 100; receipts 282; stock 11,228.

Savannah, May 19.—Cotton quiet; middling 5⅝; sales 10; receipts 1,144; stock 28,764.

Charleston, May 19.—Cotton steady; middling 5 9-16; receipts 199; stock 11,612.

Wilmington, May 19.—Cotton quiet; middling 5⅞; receipts 20; stock 11,378.

Norfolk, May 19.—Cotton steady; middling 5⅝; sales 364; receipts 1,413; stock 55,987.

Baltimore, May 19.—Cotton nominal; middling 6¼; receipts 1,308; stock 14,899.

Boston, May 19.—Cotton steady; middling 6¼; receipts, net 415; gross, 535.

Philadelphia, May 19.—Cotton quiet; middling 6½; stock 7,508.

Memphis, May 19.—Cotton steady; middling 5¾; sales 1,100; receipts 458; stock 125,303.

Augusta, May 19.—Cotton steady; middling 6¼; sales 1,000; receipts 58; stock 26,895.

Houston, May 19.—Cotton quiet; middling 5 15-16; sales none; receipts 494; stock 16,599; expected tomorrow 1,500 to 1,600, against 106 last year and 170 in 1895.

St. Louis, May 19.—Cotton quiet; middling 5 13-16; sales none; receipts 654; shipments 731; stock 88,374.

### The Dry Goods Market.

New York, May 19.—A fairly average business in progress in cotton goods. Bleached cottons in demand and very firm at recent advances. Brown sheetings and drills scarce and strong in all leading makes, but not quotable higher. Fine gray goods firm and tending against buyers. Coarse colored cottons firm with better demand. Prints firm for both staples and fancies and sales fully up to the average for the time of year. New dark prints selling mostly on an at-value basis. No change in ginghams. Men's wear woolen and worsted fabrics and dress goods quiet. Linens firm and occasionally dearer. Burlaps quiet and prices barely maintained in both Dundee and Calcutta goods.

### World's Visible Supply of Cotton.

New Orleans, May 19.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, made up from special cable and telegraphic advices, compares the figures of this week with last week, last year and in 1896, the latter the 9,901,000 crop year. It shows a decrease for the week just closed of 55,055, against a decrease of 141,752 last year and a decrease of 133,375 in 1895.

The total visible is 3,818,235 against 3,873,290 last week, 3,141,224 last year and 3,762,752 in 1895. Of this the total of American cotton is 3,489,235 against 3,569,290 last week, 2,826,224 last year and 3,384,552 in 1895, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 329,000 against 304,000 last week, 315,000 last year and 378,200 in 1895.

The total world's visible supply of cotton shows a decrease compared with last week of 55,055 bales, an increase compared with last year of 677,011 and an increase compared with 1895 of 55,483.

### W. H. Bacheller & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, May 19.—The market opened and closed practically at the same level today, final prices being 5.73-74 for July, 5.67-67 for August and 5.63-64 for October. There was noticeable at the start a decided absence of speculation or investment demand, the market relapsing into its usual dull state. The bulls, however, continue to feel encouraged over the good trade reports at home and abroad, the latest edition of The New York Commercial stating that mills are running on full time, and the approaching fall season would indicate that the highest prices of 1893-'94 will be duplicated. In fact, the situation looks most encouraging, and the only bad effect on the fall trade that could result would be a failure in the coming crop. Under ordinary circumstances such a feature would lead to the dominance of a bullish feeling, but due to the absence of leadership and lack of confidence the speculator sits on the fence watching the movements of the consumer and producer, who are now brought face to face to solve the perplexing problem. Dry weather continues to prevail over the greater portion of the belt, and what effect this condition will have upon the stands remains yet to be seen.

### S. Munn, Son & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, May 19.—Cotton opened unchanged to 1 point advance on covering by local shorts. Trade was small. The market held steady, but narrow and featureless and closed quiet 1 point lower than opening. There is no aggressive short selling, and the short interest is large and appears nervous, as nothing is more certain than the consumption of cotton is rapidly increasing, and the outlook is not at all favorable for another bumper crop. Crop reports are becoming more bullish, and we believe the market will readily respond to any unfavorable change in conditions and advance sharply, when it will do to sell for a turn.

### Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, May 19.—The approach of the whitsunide holidays, which are more closely observed in the manufacturing districts of England than the Easter holidays, has reduced the transactions in the markets to small proportions and fluctuations to a minimum, as none care to be short, and the inducements to buy in the face of a large supply and good crop advices the market is practically left to itself. Every one hopes for some curtailment in the supply through a small yield this season, a condition of mind seldom seen at this season of the year. This in itself is quite enough to sustain prices, and when coupled with the good trade advices is sufficient to prevent any pressure from the large accumulation of cotton in the American markets. Our own stock is now 20,000 bales larger than last season with little hope of any immediate decrease.

### Paine, Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

Atlanta, Ga., May 19.—There was nothing special in today's Liverpool advices. Practically unchanged all around. In consequence our market ruled dull and featureless all day with but little disposition to trade. The crop movement is quite large. Come in sight for the week 75,000 bales against 42,000 last year and the total deficiency is now only 97,000 bales. Stocks continue large everywhere, the New York figures being now the largest in four years. Crop accounts are favorable. Good showers were had along the Atlantic seaboard and the temperature was satisfactory. Liverpool holiday tomorrow and Monday.

### Weekly Cotton Crop Statement.

New Orleans, May 19.—Secretary Hester's weekly New Orleans cotton exchange statement, issued before the close of business today, shows an increase in the movement into sight compared with the seven days ending this day last year in round figures of 32,000, an increase over the same period year before last of 46,000 and an increase over the same time in 1895 of 56,900.

For the 19 days of May the totals show an increase over last year of 72,000, an increase over the same period year before last of 98,000 and an increase over 1895 of 123,000.

For the 261 days of the season that have elapsed the aggregate is behind the 261 days of last year 101,000, ahead of the same days year before last 2,314,000 and ahead of 1895 by 1,049,000.

The amount brought into sight during the past week has been 74,948, against 42,712 for the seven days ending this date last year, 28,827 year before last and 19,434 same time in 1895, and for the 19 days of May it has been 201,208, against 129,533 last year, 103,411 year before last and 77,708 the same time in 1895.

These make the total movement for the 261 days from September 1st to date 10,663,867, against 10,764,644 last year, 8,349,640 year before last and 9,615,363 the same time in 1895.

The movement since September 1st shows at all United States ports 8,156,779, against 8,436,943 last year, 6,637,967 year before last and 7,829,386 the same time in 1895; overland across the Mississippi, Ohio and Potomac rivers to northern mills and Canada 1,214,268, against 1,159,826 last year, 861,909 year before last and 1,021,930 the same time in 1895; interior stocks in excess of those held at the close of the commercial year 265,002, against 178,933 last year, a decrease under September 1st year before last of 9,256 and an excess over September 1st of 54,627 in 1895; southern mill takings 1,027,818, against 988,882 last year, 859,029 year before last and 709,411 the same time in 1895.

Foreign exports for the week have been 59,806, against 81,411 last year, making the total thus far for the season 6,672,714, against 6,6,910,388 last year, a decrease of 237,674.

Northern mill takings and Canada during the past seven days show an increase of 4,261, as compared with the corresponding period last year, and their total takings since September 1st have decreased 81,93?.

Th etotal takings of American mills, north and south and Canada, thus far for the season have been 3,141,987, against 3,183,314 last year. These include 2,087,584 by northern spinners, against 2,169,315.

Stocks at the seaboard and the 29 leading southern centers have decreased during the week 17,776 bales, against a decrease during the corresponding period last season of 64,856, and are now 329,355 larger than at this date in 1898.

Including stocks left over at the ports and interior towns from the last crop and the number of bales brought into sight thus far for the new crop the supply to date is 10,931,433, against 10,881,198 for the same period last year.

### Sea Island Cotton.

Savannah, Ga., May 19.—Sea island cotton for the week: Receipts 13; sales 196; eports 40; stock 2,003. Quotations nominal and unchanged.

Charleston, S. C., May 19.—Sea island cotton: Receipts none; eports none; sales 5 bags; stock 374. Quotations unchanged.

**Attend the sale of Venable lot this afternoon. Money in this sure.**

# IRON IS EXCITED.

## Foreigners Are Seeking Supplies of the Metal in This Country.

## THE PRICES ARE ADVANCING

### The Cereals and Wool Show Renewed Strength, but Speculation in Cotton Still Lags.

New York, May 19.—Bradstreet's of tomorrow will say:

"The feature of the trade situation this week is the renewed strength of wheat and other cereals, iron and steel, and last but not least, raw wool, which has heretofore lagged behind other staples in a discouraging way. The price-making features in cereals are not entirely of an encouraging character, being chiefly the less favorable reports as to the growing crop west and northwest, and advices of insect damage influencing western markets toward a higher plane in the face of a discouragingly small export business, caused in some degree by the continuance of the strike of grain handlers at Buffalo checking the movement of large quantities of grain to the seaboard.

"The added strength in orin is based largely upon the heavy buying of pig iron in the central west, sympathetically increasing prices at all markets. Reports are of old and new furnaces going into blast, but these advices and the new plants projected to be built apparently do not reassure consumers, who are beginning to place orders for the first part of next year at present prices. Excitement in iron is not confined entirely to this country, however, as shown by a speculative advance at leading British markets, but a sample of the irregularity caused by the immense current world's demand is furnished in the case of foreigners seeking supplies in this country at the same time that orders for rails have been placed by American companies with English makers.

"Foreign wool markets continue above American, heavy sales of Australian wools for re-export are reported and available supplies of this class of wool are nearly exhausted at Boston.

"Aside from the exceptions noted, the tendency is toward steadiness in prices and most provisions, coffee and sugar among groceries; lead and copper among metals and cotton and its various manufactures among textiles are all reported unchanged on the week.

"Speculation in cotton lags, notwithstanding good trade advices at home and abroad and rather less favorable crop reports.

"Lumber, as for a long time past, continues in excellent demand. Building activity is widespread, prices hold all their old advances and the tendency is apparently still upward.

"Refined sugar is in rather better demand, but raws are rather quiet at last week's decline.

"Hides and leather are strong at old quotations, a new feature reported this week being a good demand for some grades of upper leather on export account.

"Less favorable weather has tended to check distributive demand at retail, but in wholesale lines trade is regarded as very fair, and even satisfactory for the advanced stage of the season.

"Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 2,212,206 bushels against 3,284,184 bushels last week, 4,064,832 bushels in the corresponding week of 1898, 2,655,832 bushels in 1897, 1,906,005 bushels in 1896, and 2,754,023 bushels in 1895. Since July this season the exports of wheat aggregate 205,271,054 bushels against 206,587,845 bushels last year.

"Corn exports for the week aggregate 2,753,414 bushels against 2,768,694 bushels last week, 5,550,579 bushels in this week a year ago, 3,190,043 bushels in 1897, 1,656,419 in 1896, and 1,032,273 bushels in 1895. Since July 1st this season corn exports aggregate 149,032,221 bushels against 169,153,343 bushels during the same period a year ago.

"Business failures for the week number 166 against 169 last week, 211 in this week a year ago, 245 in 1897, 216 in 1896, and 206 in 1895.

"Business failures in the Dominion of Canada number 18 against 21 last week, 36 in this week a year ago, 21 in 1897, 28 in 1896 and 25 in 1895."

### Dun's Review.

New York, May 19.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade will stay tomorrow:

"While the buying of 200 tons Bessemer pig at Pittsburg gave reasons for the advance in price to $16.50, with gray forge quoted at $15 per ton, it is not quite clear as it might be that the output, which was 255,000 tons weekly, according to The Pittsburg Record, and has since been largely increased by the addition of many furnaces, will continue to fall below the demand. For the requirements in various departments for manufactured products, it must be recognized, is scarcely measurable and does not seem as much diminished as might be expected by higher prices anl long delay in delivery. In plates, for instance, the demand covers many thousand tons for bridges at Chicago and at Pittsburg and a Philadelphia concern accepted several thousand tons and afterwards was obliged to refuse more, one concern in the same city refusing over 12,000 tons.

"The shipments of boots and shoes from the east have been for two weeks of May 22 per cent larger than last year and 50.9 per cent larger than in 1892. Higher prices, which have been asked for several months, are generally now paid for men's wear, though most works are covered by earlier orders for four months ahead or more. Leather shows hesitation, dealers apparently questioning whether the rise has not been too much. At Chicago the same question runs through the hide market, though advances are slight.

"Speculators are doing a large business in wool, some foreign and some American. They bought about 7,000,000 pounds Australian wool in bond here, that is now reported, and about 1,000,000 pounds domestic wool is also reported to have been sold for export at about 42c clean. But this does not cast much light on the question whether speculative sales abroad have yet been covered, or will be within a short time, nor is there any indication that the market here will respond to the temporary foreign demand. The orders for woolen goods are decidedly better, and although the woolen association is not yet in operation, it seems to have given a certain kind of confidence to prices in the woolen goods department.

"Cotton declined a small fraction on Monday, owing to freer port movement, which made it probable that at the end of this week the amount in sight would about equal last year's record breaking figures. But there was a recovery of all the decline in middling uplands and a net gain in option prices.

"Wheat has been rising during the past week—about 4c—and nobody can tell why, although the exports in the past two weeks have been 10,569,006, flour included, against 8,135,124 last year. Better shipments were expected after the opening of navigation and there is really no use inconsidering the dreams of western speculators and crop reports at this time. No one can form a fair judgment at the middle of March regarding the output which will be visible to everybody in the middle of July. The best that can be done is to accept the crop reports, official and otherwise, with almost indefinite allowances. Better shipments are expected after the opening of navigation and are, in fact, coming, the outward movement from Duluth alone in two weeks reaching nearly four million bushels. Lack of rain in California has caused a large reduction in all estimates for that state, and Pacific exports are decreasing, as holders are less ready to accept current prices with the prospect of a shortage.

"Failures for the week have been 147 in the United States, against 250 last year, and 17 in Canada, against 29 last year."

### Waiting for New Cotton Prices.

It is said that many manufacturers of cotton goods are running looms extra time and all night upon orders and are so well oversold that they cannot afford to take orders beyond their supply of cotton, as the mills are unwilling to speculate on the proportions and prices of the new crop.

### Fruits and Vegetables.

Corrected Daily by McCullough Bros.

String beans, round green, $1 to $1.25 per crate; wax beans, no sale; English peas, 75c to $1 per crate; celery, per dozen, owing to quality and bleaching, from 40 to 75c per dozen; cauliflowers, 8 to 10c per pound; head lettuce, per drum, $1 to $1.50; curly 75c to $1; tomatoes, fancy, scarce, $2 to $2.25; crate; choice $1 to $1.75; beets, tops on, cabbage, crate size, $2.50 to $3; irish potatoes, fancy per barrel, $4 to $4.50; choice $2.50 to $3.50 per crate, in proportion; squash per crate, 75c to $1; cabbage, 2 to 3c per pound; cucumbers, per crate, 75c to $1; peppers, $1 to $1.25, owing to quality; strawberries, 5 to 8c per quart, owing to stock and condition on arrival. Pineapples very scarce and market bare. Full size crates $7 to $8; half crates in proportion. Egg plants $1 to $1.25 per dozen. Oranges, russets $4.50 to $5; brights, $3.50 to $4; grape fruit, $4 to $5 per box.

# A SCALPING MARKET

## Stocks Were Almost Wholly Abandoned to Professional Traders Yesterday.

## THE OPENING PRICES HIGHER

### Demand Was from Shorts Who Sold Thursday—Was Soon Satisfied and Prices Declined.

New York, May 19.—The stock market was abandoned almost wholly to professional traders on the floor of the exchange. No outside demand of any importance was apparent at any point in the list. Prices were marked up sharply at the opening on a demand from the shorts who sold the specialties yesterday. Sugar, Brooklyn Transit and the Flower group generally showed the largest gains, the demand being obviously from the short interest. Anaconda Mining showed strength both in London and here, which was well maintained throughout the day, and the tone of Manhattan was also firm, without any published news to account for it. The opening demand from the shorts was soon satisfied, and prices slipped away, but without any pressure to sell. The dullness at the decline seemed to impress the professionals with the idea that the reaction was over, and they turned buyers, again marking prices up, especially in Sugar and Brooklyn Transit. But it became quickly evident that the large bull interests which were active early in the week were not prepared to resume operations, and the advance did not hold. The absence of any demand for stocks caused the traders to trun bears again, and the market sagged and drifted quite aimlessly for the balance of the day. The short sales by the traders were severed before the close, bringing prices in a great many cases back to about last night's level. There was rather a sharp decline in Tobacco in the last hour, with which the professionels associated rumors regarding the health of a member of the company. The large demand for railroad stocks which was manifest in yesterday's trading was lacking today and that department of the market was very dull comparatively, but quite firm at some points. The Grangers showed weakness, which is attributed to the continued rumors of crop damage. London bought a few stocks in this market, but took no active part, owing to the pending holidays there. In spite of the small buying by London, sterling exchange hardened an additional fraction, the demand rate showing an advance of ⅞c on the pound since last week. Monday continued easy, and estimates of tomorrow's bank statement are of a large increase in cash reserves, as the market has gained heavily from the sub-treasury on account of the final payment to the order of the Spanish government on Monday of $5,000,000 and also by receipts from the interior. Reports from interior points are of large cash reserves on hand and a steady demand for safe investment.

The railroad bond market continued to show a large investment demand, especially for recent reorganization issues. Very heavy individual blocks of the new Baltimore and Ohio bonds and of the Wisconsin Central firsts were taken off the market. There were some declines in prices late in the day, but the firmness at other points made the market irregular. Total sales $4,370,000.

United States new 4s advanced ⅛c in the bid price.

The total sales of stocks were 456,400 shares, including 30,804 Atchison preferred, 6,100 Central Pacific; 14,150 Burlington; 23,075 Manhattan; 13,035 Metropolitan; 10,425 North American Company; 7,010 Northern Pacific; 6,020 Rock Island; 6,520 Union Pacific; 13,571 St. Paul; 17,670 Southern Pacific; 8,000 American Steel and Wire; 7,100 American Tobacco; 18,950 People's Gas; 77,160 Brooklyn Transit; 9,250 Continental Tobacco; 58,825 Sugar.

Money on call steady at 2½@3½ per cent; last loan 3½; prime mercantile paper 3½@4¼ per cent.

Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝@4.87¾ for demand and at $4.85½@4.85¾ for 60 days; posted rates $4.86½ and $4.88½; commercial bills $4.84@4.85.

Silver certificates 61@61⅝c.
Bar silver 60⅞c.
Mexican dollars 48½c.
Government bonds firmer.
State bonds firm.
Railroad bonds irregular.

Following are closing bid quotations:

RAILWAY STOCKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Atchison | 18¾ | New Jersey Central | 112 |
| do. preferred | 55⅝ | New York Central | 132¾ |
| Baltimore and Ohio | 69 | N. Y., Chic. & St. L. | 13 |
| Canada Pacific | 97⅝ | do. 1st preferred | 65 |
| Canada Southern | 54 | do. 2d preferred | 30 |
| Central Pacific | 52⅛ | Norfolk & Western | 19¼ |
| Chesapeake & Ohio | 25⅛ | North American Co. | 12 |
| Chicago & Alton | 160 | Northern Pacific | 50 |
| C., B. & Q. | 131¼ | do. preferred | 77 |
| Chic. & E. Illinois | 74½ | Ontario & Western | 25⅜ |
| do. preferred | 121 | Oregon R. & Nav. | 69 |
| Chic. Great Western | 13¾ | Oregon Short Line | 41¾ |
| Chic., Ind. & L. | 9¼ | Pac. Coast, 1st pref. | 83 |
| do. preferred | 30 | do. 2d preferred | 56 |
| Chic. & N. W. | 153⅛ | Pittsburg | 184 |
| do. preferred | 192 | Reading | 19¾ |
| C., C., C. & St. L. | 54½ | do. 1st preferred | 55⅛ |
| do. preferred | 95 | Rio Grande & W. | 33 |
| Del. & Hudson | 117⅛ | do. preferred | 77 |
| Del., Lac. & W'n | 164⅛ | Rock Island | 111⅛ |
| Den. & Rio Grande | 22⅞ | St. Louis & Santa Fe | 11 |
| do. preferred | 77 | do. 1st preferred | 69 |
| Erie (new) | 12⅝ | do. 2d preferred | 35⅛ |
| do. preferred | 34⅛ | St. L. & S. W. | 13⅛ |
| Ft. Wayne | 184 | do. preferred | 33 |
| Great North'n pref. | 174½ | St. Paul | 123½ |
| Hocking Valley | 10 | do. preferred | 169 |
| Illinois Central | 113¾ | St. P. & Omaha | 92½ |
| Lake Erie & W'n | 16 | do. preferred | 170 |
| do. preferred | 68 | St. P., M. & M. | |
| Lake Shore | 200 | Southern Pacific | 33⅜ |
| Louisville & Nash. | 66⅛ | Southern Railway | 11⅛ |
| Manhattan L. | 111 | do. preferred | 51⅛ |
| Metro. Street Ry. | 223¼ | Texas & Pacific | 20 |
| Michigan Central | 113 | Union Pacific | 43⅛ |
| Minn. & St. Louis | 58½ | do. preferred | 76¼ |
| do. preferred | 100 | U. P., D. & G., pfd. | 12 |
| Missouri Pacific | 43⅞ | Wabash | 7⅛ |
| Mobile & Ohio | 41 | do. preferred | 20⅞ |
| Mo., Kan. & Texas | 12¼ | Wheeling & L. E. | 10 |
| do. preferred | 34⅛ | do. preferred | 28⅛ |

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adams | 112 | United States | 48 |
| American | 141 | Wells Fargo | 125 |

MISCELLANEOUS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Cotton Oil | 35 | do. preferred | 111⅛ |
| do. preferred | 91½ | National Lin. Oil | 4 |
| American Spirits | 11½ | Pacific Mail | 50⅛ |
| do. preferred | 33 | People's Gas | 119⅝ |
| American Tobacco | 104¾ | Pullman Palace | 158⅛ |
| do. preferred | 141 | Silver Certificates | 61 |
| Consolidated Gas | 183 | Stand. Rope & Twine | 8⅛ |
| Com. Cable Co. | 179 | Sugar | 156¾ |
| Col. F. & Iron | 43⅛ | do. preferred | 117 |
| do. preferred | 105 | T. C. & Iron | 58⅛ |
| General Electric | 118 | U. S. Leather | 6 |
| Haw. Com. Co. | 100 | do. preferred | 69⅛ |
| Brook. Rap. Tran. | 115⅛ | U. S. Rubber | 45¾ |
| International Paper | 48⅛ | do. preferred | 114¾ |
| do. preferred | 81½ | Western Union | 91⅛ |
| La Clede Gas | 53 | Federal Steel | 60⅞ |
| Lead | 32 | do. preferred | 81⅛ |

BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| U. S. 2s reg. | 99½ | La. new consol 4s | 110 |
| do. 3s | 108⅜ | L. & N. unified 4s | 99⅛ |
| do. 3s coupon | 108⅜ | M. K. T. 2ds | 66⅞ |
| U. S. new 4s reg. | 130 | do. 4s | 93⅛ |
| do. coupon | 130 | N. Y. Central 1sts | 114⅛ |
| U. S. old 4s reg. | 112½ | N. J. Cent. 5s | 120 |
| do. coupon | 113⅛ | N. Carolina 6s | 127 |
| U. S. 5s reg. | 112⅛ | do 4s | 104 |
| do. 5s coupon | 112⅛ | Northern Pac. 1sts | 120 |
| District 3 65s | 118 | do 3s | 67⅛ |
| Ala., Class A | 110 | do 4s | 104⅛ |
| Ala., Class B | 110 | N. Y., C. & St. L. 4s | 107 |
| Ala., Class C | 110 | Nor. & West. con. 4s | 94⅛ |
| Ala., Currency | 100 | Norfolk & Wes. 6s | 131 |
| Atchison 4s | 101⅛ | Oregon Nav. 1sts | 111 |
| do. adj. 4s | 82⅛ | do 4s | 103⅛ |
| Canada So. 2nds | 111 | O. S. Line 6s, t. r. | 131⅛ |
| Cent. of Ga. con. 5s | 96⅛ | O. S. Line 5s, t. r. | 112⅛ |
| do. first income | 40⅛ | Reading 4s | 82⅛ |
| do. second income | 14 | Rio G. W. 1sts | 99⅛ |
| C. & O. 4½s | 94⅛ | St. L. & I. M. con. 5s | 117 |
| do. 5s | 118⅛ | St. L. & S. F. Gen. 6s | 125 |
| Chic. & N. W. con 7s | 144 | St. Paul consols 7s | 167⅛ |
| do. S. F. deb. 5s | 122 | St. P., C. & P. 1sts | 123⅝ |
| Chicago Terminals | 102⅛ | do 5s | 123⅜ |
| D. & R. G. 1sts | 105⅛ | Southern Ry. 5s | 111 |
| D. & R. G. 4s | 102⅛ | Stand. Rope & T. 6s | 87 |
| East Tenn. 1sts | 105⅛ | Tenn. new set 3s | 97⅛ |
| Erie Gen. 4s | 72⅛ | Tex. Pac L. G. 1sts | 116 |
| F. W. & D. 1sts, t. r. | 85 | do reg. 2nds | 55⅛ |
| Gen. Electric 5s | 120⅛ | U. P. D. & Gulf 1sts | 90 |
| G., H. & S. A. 6s | 114 | Wabash 1st 5s | 115 |
| do 2ds | 111½ | do 2ds | 100 |
| H. & T. Cent. 5s | 113 | West Shore 4s | 114¼ |
| do. con. 6s | 112¼ | Wisconsin Cent. t r | 72½ |
| Iowa Cent. 1sts | 114⅛ | Virginia centuries | 85 |
| K. C., P. & G. 1sts | 65 | do deferred | 5 |

### Commercial Advertiser's Financial Cable.

New York May 19.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: The markets here were stagnant but steady today.

Americans opened hard and London the continent bought up to half point above parity. New York then eased off and the close was about the opening level.

Spanish 4s spurted to 65 on Paris buying and bear closing.

Tintos were 50⅝. Anacondas were 12¾ on American buying in the street.

### Paine, Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

Atlanta, May 19.—The market was the most quiet in a number of days and rather unsettled. Outside interest in the market was in exceedingly small volume. Discussion of the situation was chiefly taken up with the agricultural outlook and the showing to be made by the associated banks in their weekly statement tomorrow. The most interesting traffic reports were those of Southern and Louisville and Nashville, both companies maintaining the excellent records they have established for the year. The industrials furnished the bulk of the dealings. The dealings in the New York Traction shares were governed almost wholly by the uncertainty of the position of the new legislature upon the franchise measure. Interest was moderately active in the granger group, Union Pacific preferred and Southern Pacific. The slight declines in these stocks were doubtless indications of the uneasiness to the crop outlook, although the day's wheat market was reactionary.

| STOCKS | Opening | High | Low | Last sale | Closing bid |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am'n Tobacco | 106⅛ | 107 | 104⅛ | 104¾ | 104¾ |
| Am'n Sugar Ref'g | 156¼ | 158 | 154 | 156⅛ | 156⅝ |
| Atchison | 18¾ | 19 | 18¾ | 19 | 18¾ |
| do. preferred | 56½ | 56½ | 55⅛ | 55⅛ | 55⅝ |
| Balto. & Ohio | ...... | ...... | ...... | 69 | 69 |
| Brook. Rap. Tran. | 116¾ | 117 | 114⅛ | 115⅜ | 115¾ |
| Anaconda Mining | 62 | 62½ | 61⅛ | 61⅞ | 61⅞ |
| Bur. & Quincy | 132¼ | 132⅞ | 131¼ | 131¼ | 131¼ |
| C., C., C. & St. L. | 55⅛ | 55⅛ | 54½ | 54½ | 54½ |
| Ches. & Ohio | 26⅛ | 26⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ |
| Canada Southern | 54 | 54 | 54 | 54 | 54⅛ |
| Del. & Hudson | 118 | 118 | 117⅛ | 117⅛ | 117⅛ |
| Del. & Lack | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | 164⅛ |
| Erie | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | 12⅝ |
| Con. Gas | 185¼ | 185¼ | 183⅛ | 183⅛ | 183 |
| Gen. Electric | 118¼ | 118⅞ | 118⅛ | 118⅛ | 118 |
| Chic. Great West | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 14 | 14 | 13⅞ |
| Jersey Central | 112⅛ | 112⅛ | 112 | 112 | 112 |
| Mo., Kans. & Tex. | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | 12¼ |
| do. preferred | 34¼ | 35 | 34½ | 34¼ | 34⅛ |
| Louisv. & Nash | 66 | 66⅛ | 65⅝ | 66⅛ | 66⅛ |
| Lake Shore | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | 200 |
| Manhattan L. | 112⅛ | 112⅛ | 110⅛ | 111⅛ | 111 |
| Mo. Pacific | 44⅛ | 44⅛ | 43½ | 44 | 43⅞ |
| Met. Street Ry | 224 | 225 | 223 | 223¾ | 223¼ |
| National Lead | ...... | ...... | ...... | 32 | 32 |
| Northern Pacific | 50⅛ | 50¾ | 49⅛ | 50⅛ | 50 |
| do. preferred | 77½ | 77½ | 77 | 77 | 77 |
| N. Y. Central | 134 | 134¼ | 133 | 133 | 132¼ |
| Northwestern | 153⅛ | 153⅛ | 153⅛ | 153½ | 153½ |
| Omaha | ...... | ...... | ...... | 94 | 92½ |
| Pacific Mail | 50⅛ | 50⅛ | 50⅛ | 50½ | 50⅛ |
| People's Gas | 119¾ | 120 | 118⅛ | 119⅝ | 119⅛ |
| Reading | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | 19¾ |
| Rock Island | 111¾ | 111⅞ | 110⅞ | 111⅛ | 111⅛ |
| Southern Rwy | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ | 11⅛ |
| do. preferred | 51¾ | 51¾ | 50⅞ | 51⅛ | 51⅛ |
| St. Paul | 124⅛ | 124¼ | 124⅛ | 123⅛ | 123⅛ |
| Tenn. Coal & Iron | 58⅛ | 58⅛ | 57¼ | 58¼ | 58¼ |
| U. S. Leather pfd. | 70¼ | 70¼ | 69⅛ | 69⅜ | 69½ |
| Union Pacific | 43¼ | 43⅛ | 43 | 43⅛ | 43⅛ |
| do. preferred | 73⅛ | 76⅛ | 76 | 76¼ | 76¼ |
| Western Union | 92⅛ | 92⅜ | 91⅛ | 91⅛ | 91¼ |
| Wabash, pfd. | 21⅛ | 21⅛ | 21 | 21 | 20⅞ |
| Am'n Cotton Oil | 35¾ | 35¾ | 35½ | 35¼ | 35 |
| Am'n Spirits | ...... | ...... | ...... | 11⅛ | 11⅞ |
| do. preferred | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | 33 |
| U. S. Rubber | 45 | 45¾ | 44⅛ | 45¾ | 45¾ |
| do. preferred | ...... | ...... | ...... | 115 | 114¾ |
| Federal Steel | 61⅛ | 61⅛ | 59⅝ | 60¾ | 60⅝ |
| do. preferred | 81⅛ | 82⅛ | 81⅛ | 81¾ | 81⅛ |
| Illinois Central | 113⅜ | 113⅜ | 113¼ | 113⅛ | 113¼ |

*Ex-dividend 1¼ per cent. †Ex-div. 1 per cent.

### Total Bank Clearings.

New York, May 19.—The bank clearings at the principal cities of the United States for the week ending May 19th were $1,909,403,066; increase of 43.8 per cent. Outside of New York city the total was $637,085,116; increase of 20.4 per cent.

### The Treasury Statement.

Washington, May 19.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance $264,094,585; gold reserve, $226,034,551.

### Foreign Finances.

London, May 19.—Closing consols for money 110 3-16; consols for the account 110 5-16. Illinois Central 117¼. Northern Pacific preferred 79⅝. St. Paul common 127¾. New York Central 136¾. Reading 10¼. Union Pacific preferred 78½. Atchison 19⅜. Louisville and Nashville 67⅞.

Bar silver uncertain at 28d per ounce.

Money 1@1¼ per cent.

Rate of discount in the open market for short bills 2¼@2 3-16 per cent; discount for three months' bills 2⅛@2¼ per cent.

Spanish 4s closed 65.

Paris, May 19.—Three per cent rentes 102 francs 45 centimes for account. Exchange on London 25 francs 20½ centimes for checks.

Prices were firm on the bourse today, the movement of Spanish 4s stimulating international securities. Brazilians were favored. Rentes were heavy. Rio Tintos advanced on the firmness shown in the copper market. Kaffirs were strong, the news in regard to the Transvaal causing large purchases.

Berlin, May 19.—Prices were firm on the boerse today. Spanish 4s were carried upward by advices from the Paris market. Mexican securities were weak on realization. Americans were steady and Canadian Pacifics hardened. Mine shares advanced owing to the receipt of favorable reports from the manufacturing districts.

### LOCAL BONDS AND STOCKS.

The following are the bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND COUNTY BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ga. 3½s, 27 to 30 years | 110 | Atl'nta 4s | 108 |
| Ga. 3½s, 25 to 40 years | 111 | Aug'ta 7s, L.D. | 111 |
| Ga. 4½s, 1915 | 122½ | Macon 6s | 119 |
| Savannah 5s | 113 | Columbus 5s | 107 |
| Atl'n'a 8s, 1902 | 113 | Rome 5s | 107 |
| Atl'n'a 7s, 1904 | 113 | So. Car. 4½s | 115 |
| Atl'n'a 6s, L.D. | 120 | Newn'n 6s, L.D. | 110 |
| Atl'n'a 5s, L.D. | 113 | Chatta 5s, 1911 | 100 |
| Atl'n'a 4½s | 111 | Col. S. C., grd'd 2s & 4s, 1910 | 93 |
| | | Ala. Class A | 109 |

RAILROAD BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ga. 6s, 1910 | 115 | Atl'nta & Char 1st 7s, 1907 | 120 |
| Ga. 6s, 1922 | 119 | do incomeds, 1900 | 100 |
| Ga. Pa. 1st | 122 | | |
| C., C. & A. 1st 7s, 1909 | 107 | | |

RAILROAD STOCKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Georgia | 205 | Aug. & Sav. | 110 |
| Southwestern | 111 | A. & W. P. | 123 |
| | | do deben. | 104 |

INVESTMENT STOCKS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Atlanta Loan and Investment Co. 8s | 133 |
| " " " 7s | 110 |
| " " " 6s | 106 |

### The Metal Market.

New York, May 19.—Buyers were extremely conservative all day, and in the absence of pressing offers from producers the market ruled unchanged and featureless. There was nothing in foreign or western news to alter the ideas of local traders.

At the close the metal exchange called: Pig iron warrants quiet with $11.25 bid and $11.50 asked.

Lake copper dull at $19.00.

Tin dull and easy with $25.50 bid and $25.60 asked.

Lead dull with $4.45 bid and $4.50 asked.

Spelter quiet with $6.75 bid and $7.00 asked.

Brokers' price for lead is $4.25 and for copper $18.75@19.

St. Louis, May 19.—Lead steady at $4.32½@4.35.

Spelter firm at $6.50.

### Naval Stores.

Savannah, May 19—Turpentine firm at 40½; sales 514 casks; receipts 1,498. Rosin firm; sales 3,216 barrels; receipts 3,333; A, B, C, D 95; E, $1.00, F $1.10; G, $1.15; H $1.35; I $1.50; K $1.60; M $1.95; N $2.20; window glass $2.45; waterwhite $2.70.

Wilmington, May 19—Turpentine steady at 40½@41; receipts 92 casks. Rosin firm at 95@$1.00; receipts 484 casks. Crude turpentine steady at $1.35@2 40; receipts 10. Tar firm at $1.15; receipts 960.

Charleston, May 19—Turpentine firm at 41; sales none. Rosin firm; sales none.

### Country Produce.

Atlanta, May 19 — Eggs 11@12c. Butter, western creamery 16@18c; fancy Tennessee 12½@15c, choice 12½c; Georgia 10@12½c. Live poultry, chickens, hens 27½@30; spring chickens, large 30@35; small 15@18c; ducks, puddle, 18@20c; Peking 25@27½c. Irish potatoes 90c@$1.00 per bu; sweet potatoes 65@90c per bu. Honey, strained 6@7c; in the comb 9@10c. Onions $1.50@1.75 per bu; $3.25@3.50 per bbl. Cabbage, 2@3c per lb. Beeswax 20@22½c. Dried fruit, apples 7@8c; peaches 12½@14c.

### Fruits and Confectioneries.

Atlanta, May 19—Apples, russets $5.00@6.00 no red on the market. Lemons, choice $3.50@3.75; fancy $3.50@3.75. Oranges, California $4.00@4.50; Bananas, straight $1.50@1.75 bunch; culls $10.00@1.25. Figs, 10. Raisins, new California $1.50@1.60; ¼ boxes 50@60. Currants 8c. Leghorn citron 10@11c. Nuts, almonds 16c; pecans 7@8; Brazil 8@9; filberts 11½; walnuts 8@10; mixed nuts 10c. Peanuts, Virginia electric light 5@6c; fancy handpicked 4@4½c; Georgia 3@3½c.

### The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, May 19.—Wheat, spot No. 2 red western winter firm at 5s 11½d; No. 1 red northern Duluth firm at 6s 3d; futures firm; May nominal; July 5s 8½d; September 5s 7⅝d.

Corn, spot American mixed old firm 3s 6¼d.

### Paine, Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Atlanta, May 19.—Wheat—Cables were higher today in response to American crop advices and crop killers estimated the maximum yield in the winter belt 220,000,000. This was the cause of heavy realizing and a reaction, as the cash demand has not revived and weather conditions are favorable.

Corn presents no new features. Weather favorable. Receipts increasing and country offerings fair.

Provisions—Stocks in Chicago today were 3,000,000 pounds ribs, 3,000 tierces lard and pork unchanged.

July wheat puts 73; calls 74⅞.

# BUYING WAS HEAVY

## Wheat Pit Was Flooded with Orders by Bulls Early.

## CAUSED A SHARP ADVANCE

### Profit Taking on the Bulge Checked the Upturn and Closed Fraction Lower—Corn Lower.

Chicago, May 19.—Despite the strongest kind of news in the way of crop damage today wheat closed with a loss of ⅛c owing to heavy realizing. Corn declined ⅝c and oats ¼c. Pork advanced 7½c, lard 7½@10c and ribs 5c.

Claims of serious damage by Hessian flies, light receipts and reported drought in Russia started wheat traders on the rampage at the opening. The pit was flooded with buying orders by the bulls, and shorts were forced to cover. As a result ¾ of a cent was added to last night's closing price during the first half hour's trading. Profit taking on the bulge, however, checked the upturn and sent prices off a cent, but outside demand took care of the liquidation, and the rally from the break was as prompt as the decline had been. After the market ruled quiet within narrow limits until the close. Reduced estimates by prominent statisticians of the winter wheat yield encouraged buying. July opened a shade higher at 73¾@74c, advanced to 74⅝@74¾c, declined to 73⅛c and closed with buyers at 73¾c. Chicago received 39 cars, 2 of which graded contract. Minneapolis and Duluth got 275 cars, compared with 411 for the same day last year. The aggregate at western primary markets was 319,000 bushels, against 907,000 a year ago. Atlantic port clearances amounted to in wheat and flour to 155,000 bushels. Cash demand poor.

Corn ruled weak, influenced by favorable growing weather, an increase in the country movement and slack cash demand. Receipts 100 cars. July opened a shade lower at 33⅝@33¾c, touched 33¾c, declined to 32⅞@33c, and closed with buyers at 33@33⅛c.

Oats declined under liquidation and short selling due to favorable crop reports. Receipts 226 cars. July opened unchanged at 24@24⅛c, touched 24¾c, declined to 23⅝c and closed at 23¾@23⅞c.

Extensive buying of lard by packing concerns and higher prices for hogs strengthened provisions. July pork opened c higher at $8.20, advanced to $8.25, declined to $8.17½@8.20 and closed at $8.22½. July lard opened 2½c higher at $5.10, and advanced to $5.15@5.17½ at the close. Ribs were dull with fluctuations narrow.

Estimated receipts for Saturday: Wheat 36 cars; corn 120 cars; oats 290 cars; hogs 18,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat— | | | | |
| May | 72¾ | 73¼ | 72¼ | 72⅝ |
| July | 74 | 74¾ | 73⅛ | 73¾ |
| September | 73¾ | 74½ | 73⅛ | 73¾ |
| Corn— | | | | |
| May | | | | |
| July | 32¾ | 32⅞ | 32½ | 32½ |
| September | 33¾ | 33⅞ | 32⅞ | 33⅛ |
| | 34⅛ | 34¼ | 33½ | 33¾ |
| Oats— | | | | |
| May | | | | |
| July | 27⅝ | 27⅝ | 27 | 27⅛ |
| September | 24⅛ | 24⅛ | 23⅝ | 23⅞ |
| | 21 | 21¼ | 20⅞ | 21 |
| Mess pork— | | | | |
| July | 8.20 | 8.25 | 8.17½ | 8.22½ |
| September | 8.37½ | 8.42½ | 8.35 | 8.40 |
| Lard— | | | | |
| July | 5.10 | 5.17½ | 5.10 | 5.17⅞ |
| September | 5.25 | 5.30 | 5.22½ | 5.30 |
| Short ribs— | | | | |
| July | 4.70 | 4.72½ | 4.67½ | 4.70 |
| September | 4.82½ | 4.85 | 4.82½ | 4.85 |

| Articles. | Receipts. | Shipments. |
|---|---|---|
| Flour, barrels | 12,000 | 8,000 |
| Wheat, bushels | 20,000 | 7,000 |
| Corn, bushels | 67,000 | 190,000 |
| Oats, bushels | 177,000 | 395,000 |
| Rye, bushels | 2,000 | 5,000 |
| Barley, bushels | 5,000 | 3,000 |

### GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, Ga., May 1, 1893.

### Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, May 19—Flour, all wheat, first patent, $4.75; second patent, $4.25; straight, $3.85; extra fancy, $3.70; fancy, $3.50; extra family, $2.85. Corn, white, 55c; mixed, 54c. Oats, white, 45c; mixed 40c; Texas rust proof, 49c. Rye, Georgia, 85c. Hay No. 1 timothy, large bales, 90c; small bales, 85c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 80c. Meal, plain, 52c; bolted 45c. Wheat bran, large sacks, 82c; small sacks, 82c. Shorts, 95c. Stock meal, 85c. Cotton seed meal, 90c per 100 lbs.; hulls, $6.00 per ton. Peas, stock, $1.52 per bus.; white crowders $1.60@1.75; common white, $1.25@1.40; lady, $1.25@1.50. Grits, $2.90 per bbl; $1.40 per bag.

New York, May 19—Flour generally firm. Wheat spot dull; No. 2 red 84; options closed ¼@¼c higher; May 81¾; July 78¾. Corn, spot firm; No. 2 41; options closed ¼c lower; May 39¾; July 38⅞. Oats, spot strong No. 2 white 34½; options dull.

St. Louis, May 19—Flour firmer. Wheat higher; No. 2 red cash in elevator 75; track —; May 79⅛; July 75⅛@75⅞. Corn lower; No. 2 cash 33; track —; May 32¼; July 32⅛@32¼. Oats firm; No. 2 cash 28; track —; May 28¼; July 24⅛.

Chicago, May 19—Flour quiet but firm. Wheat, No. 2 spring 73@73⅞; No. 3 spring 68@72¼; No. 2 red 74⅛@76. Corn, No. 2 33; No. 2 yellow 33⅛. Oats, No. 2 27⅛; No. 2 white 30; No. 3 white 29@29¾. Rye, No. 2 62.

Cincinnati, May 19 — Flour firmer. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 73. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed 34@34½. Oats dull; No. 2 mixed 28½@29.

### Groceries.

Atlanta, May 19—Roasted coffee—Arbuckle and Levering $11.30; Lion $10.80, less 50c per 100 lb. cases. Green coffee, choice 11c; fair 9c; prime 7¼@8¼c. Sugar, standard granulated, New York 5.68; New Orleans 5.68; New Orleans white 5¼c; do yellow 5¼c. Sirup, New Orleans open kettle 25@40c; mixed 12½@20c; sugar house 28@35c. Teas, black, 50@65c; green, 50@65c. Rice head 7½c; choice 7@6¾c. Salt, dairy sacks $1.25; do. bbls. bulk $2.00; 100 3s $2.75, ice cream $1.25; common 65@70c. Cheese, full cream, 13c. Matches, 65s 45c; 200s $1.30@1.75; 300s $2.75. Soda, boxes 6c. Crackers, soda 5@6½c; cream 6c; gingersnaps 6c. Candy, common stick 6c; fancy 12@13c. Oysters, F. W. $1.85@1.75; L. W. $1.10.

### Provisions.

Atlanta, May 19—Clear ribs sides boxed 5⅜c; clear sides 5⅜c; ice-cured bellies 8½c. Sugar-cured hams 9@11c; California 6¼c; breakfast bacon 10@12½c. Lard, best quality, 6⅞c; second quality 6⅜ 6¼c, compound 5c.

St. Louis, May 19—Pork steady; standard mess jobbing $9.00. Lard higher; prime steam 4.85; choice 4.90. Dry salt meats, boxed shoulders 4.25; extra shorts 5.00; ribs 5.12½; shorts 5.25. Bacon, boxed shoulders 5.12½; extra shorts 5.62½; ribs 5.50. shorts 5.87½.

Chicago, May 19—Mess pork $8.15@8.20. Lard 5.10@5 12½. Short rib sides, loose, 4.50@4.80; shoulders, boxed, 4.25@4.50; short clear sides, boxed, 4.95@5.00.

New York, May 19—Lard firmer; western steam 5.35@5.40. May —; refined steady. Pork steady; family $10.50@11.00.

Cincinnati, May 19—Lard firm at 4.90. Bulk meats firm at 4.85. Bacon steady at $5.65.

### Coffee and Sugar.

New York, May 19—Coffee, options closed steady net unchanged; sales 4,500 bags, including July 5.15; November 5.45; spot coffee, Rio dull; mild quiet but steady.

Sugar, raw firm in tone; refined firm.

New Orleans, May 19.—Sugar quiet; open kettle 3⅜@4⅛; open kettle centrifugal 3⅞@4½; centrifugal yellows 4½@4 13-16; seconds 3@4⅜. Molasses quiet; centrifugal 6@16.

**That beautiful Venable lot on Peachtree at Auction this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock sharp.**

**ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON,**
**Real Estate, Renting and Loans, 28 Peachtree street.**

FOR RENT.

No. 124 Peachtree street, large corner store and basement, $60.
No. 49 N. Forsyth street, large office, 20x60, $20.
No. 161 Marietta street, store, $20.
No. 51 Magnolia street, railroad front coal and wood yard, $30.
On Magnolia street, corner Marietta street, brick building containing about 10,000 square feet floor space; just the thing for light manufacturing. Rent very cheap.
Offices in Fitten building, corner Marietta and Broad streets. Beautiful rooms, free heat, lights, janitor and elevator service. Best location and cheapest rent in the city. Call before locating.
Large hall in Healey building, corner Marieta and Peachtree streets, third floor, size about 50 feet square. Rent only $35 per month. Just the place for photographer.

RESIDENCES.

We have an excellent permanent tenant desiring to rent 5 or 6 room cottages on south side near Pryor street at about $22.50 per month.

Some big bargains in real estate worth while investigating; now is the accepted time to buy. ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON, 28 Peachtree street.

**FOR SALE.**
State of Georgia Bonds, City of Augusta Bonds, City of Charleston Bonds, City of Mobile Bonds, etc.
JOHN W. DICKEY,
Broker, Augusta, Ga.

**Paine, Murphy & Co**
Private Leased Wires Direct to New York, Chicago and New Orleans.
**Cotton, Stocks and Grain.**
2 South Pryor Street. (Jackson Building.) References: Lowry Banking Company, Capital City bank and Mercantile Agencies.

**W. H. PATTERSON & CO**
DEALEARS IN
**Investment Securities.**

**SOUTHERN EXCHANGE**
Gould Building, - Atlanta, Ga.
**Cotton, Stocks, Wheat, Etc.**
Bought and sold on margins. Determine the responsibility of the house through which you deal. References: Fourth National and Capital City banks.

36 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.
**Fisk & Robinson**
BANKERS
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HARVEY EDWARD FISK
GEORGE H. ROBINSON,
Member New York Stock Exchange.

**ATLANTA & NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.**
**Atlanta & West Point Railroad Co.**

The Dir t, Quick Through Line via Montgomery Texas, Mexico and California.
THE BEST ROUTE
To Sel , Pensacola, Mobile, New Orleans, Columbus, Troy, Union Springs, Eufaula.
The Following Schedule in Effect Sept. 11, 1898.

| SOUTH BOUND. | No. 35 Daily | No. 37 Daily | No. 33 Daily |
|---|---|---|---|
| Leave Atlanta | 5 25 a m | 4 20 p m | 1 00 p m |
| Arrive Newnan | 6 40 a m | 5 25 p m | 2 27 p m |
| Arrive LaGrange | 7 42 a m | 6 28 p m | 3 23 p m |
| Arrive West Point | 8 10 a m | 6 55 p m | 4 07 p m |
| Arrive Opelika | 9 50 a m | 7 35 p m | 4 53 p m |
| Arrive Columbus | 10 00 a m | 10 40 p m | |
| Arrive Montgomery | 10 31 a m | 9 20 p m | 7 25 p m |
| Arrive Selma | ........ | 11 30 p m | ........ |
| Arrive Pensacola | 6 10 p m | 5 30 a m | ........ |
| Arrive Mobile | 4 10 p m | 3 05 a m | ........ |
| Arrive New Orleans | 8 30 p m | 7 40 a m | ........ |
| Arrive Houston | 8 45 a m | 10 50 p m | ........ |

| NORTH BOUND. | No. 38 Daily | No. 34 Daily | No. Daily |
|---|---|---|---|
| Leave Houston | 5 50 a m | ........ | 6 55 p m |
| Leave New Orleans | 7 50 p m | ........ | 7 10 a m |
| Leave Mobile | 12 20 a m | ........ | 12 20 p m |
| Leave Pensacola | 11 25 p m | ........ | 12 30 p m |
| Leave Selma | | ........ | |
| Leave Montgomery | ........ | 8 40 a m | 3 30 p m |
| Leave Columbus | 6 20 a m | 12 01 p m | 6 20 p m |
| Arrive Opelika | 6 10 a m | 1 30 p m | |
| Arrive West Point | 8 16 a m | 2 35 p m | 3 05 p m |
| Arrive LaGrange | 8 55 a m | 3 33 p m | 8 45 p m |
| Arrive Newnan | 9 25 a m | 4 14 p m | 9 12 p m |
| Arrive Atlanta | 10 27 a m | 5 26 p m | 10 12 p m |
| | 11 40 a m | 7 00 p m | 11 20 p m |

LAGRANGE ACCOMMODATION.
Daily, Except Sunday.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5 35 p m | Lv. | Atlanta | Ar. | 8 20 am |
| 7 28 p m | Ar. | Newnan | Lv. | 6 48 am |
| 7 54 p m | Ar. | Grantville | Lv. | 6 05 am |
| 8 30 p m | Ar. | Hogansville | Lv. | 5 52 am |
| 8 35 p m | Ar. | LaGrange | Lv. | 5 25 am |

Nos. 37 and 38 Vestibule Train, Sleeping and Dining Cars, New York and New Orleans.
Nos. 35 and 36 solid trains, Washington to New Orleans; sleepers New York and New Orleans.
George W. Allen, Traveling Passenger Agent, Atlanta.
H. D. Ellis, Traveling Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
J. W. Warner, City Ticket Agent, 12 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
B. F. Wyly, Jr., General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Atlanta.
R. E. Lutz, Traffic Manager, Montgomery, Ala.
George C. Smith, President and General Manager, Atlanta, Ga.

**SOUTHERN RAILWAY**
Operates Double Daily Vestibuled Limited Trains with Dining Car Service all-the-year-round between
**Atlanta and the East.**

**Cliff. W. & Will. S. Ansley,**
REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.
$4,500 splendid Whitehall street home, close in. Rare bargain.
$7,500—Elegant 10-room house and large beautiful lot, very near Peachtree. One of the very prettiest and cheapest homes on north side.
We have a splendid list of north side homes, also vacant lots.
$1,300 for 4-room cottage on paved street and car line, close in on north side; rents over $13 per month.
$3,000 for beautiful large, shady lot on one of best streets, north side and elegant neighborhood.
Inman Park—Beautiful vacant lot on Edgewood avenue at sacrifice price.
Money to lend at 5 to 8 per cent. Office 21¼ E. Alabama street. 'Phone 288.

**G. W. ADAIR,**
**Real Estate and Renting Agent**
**14 Wall Street, Kimball House**

I have an elegant ten room house on large lot, situated in the prettiest block on Capitol avenue. This I can sell for about half its value.
The house is thoroughly modern, unusually well built, and handsome to a degree. The rooms are large and conveniently arranged.
There is no better street on the south side than Capitol avenue. Neighborhood unexcelled.
This place has every requisite of a perfect home, and price is low enough to tempt speculation.
Call at my office for further particulars.
I have several pretty cottages close in on Luckie street that I can sell at a bargain during the next few days.
G. W. ADAIR.

**A. J. WEST & CO.**
**REAL ESTATE.**
We are instructed by the owner who lives in a distant state to sell the property known as the "Walker livery stables property" on Loyd street, adjoining the Coker Banking house. It fronts 85 feet on Loyd and extends back 125 feet. It has alley facilities into Hunter street and Kenney's alley. The outlet 30 feet wide into Kenney's alley belongs to this property. The stone marking the center of Atlanta stands very close to this lot and is the largest tract that's near the center on the market. Price is all right.
A. J. WEST & CO.

**The purchaser of the Venable lot on Peachtree will make money sure.**

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orgia Bonds, City of
ds, City of Charleston
of Mobile Bonds, etc.
OHN W. DICKEY,
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ACCOMMODATION.
Except Sunday.
Atlanta ........ ar. 8 20 am
Newnan ........ Lv. 6 45 am
Grantville ...... Lv. 6 05 am
Logansville .... Lv. 5 42 am
LaGrange ....... Lv. 5 25 am

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New Orleans.
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Ticket Agent, 12 Kimball House
General Passenger and Ticket
Manager, Montgomery, Ala.
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year-round between
and the East.

Will. S. Ansley,
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J. WEST & CO.
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money sure.



# WOMAN and ...SOCIETY.

## Educational League's Important Meeting

The fifth district division of the Georgia Educational League, of which division Mrs. Frank Gale is chairman, held an interesting meeting at the executive mansion yesterday morning, commencing at 9:30 o'clock.

The most important features of the meeting were the discussions of what part, if any, the league would take in the matter of assisting in the establishment of kindergarten schools for negroes in several parts of the state; what part would be taken by the Atlanta division of the league in assisting in the educational department of the co-operative home, and the concluding feature of the meeting, a brilliant talk made by Mrs. Charles N. MacLouth, of San Francisco, relative to the establishment of industrial training and manual labor in connection with grammar schools of Los Angeles and San Francisco.

The National Kindergarten Association, through Mrs. Frank Gale, of Atlanta, has offered $20,000 as a nucleus to a fund to establish free kindergartens for the negro children in those districts in the southern states where there seems most need for such schools. The announcement was formally made by Mrs. Gale at the meeting yesterday. She stated that she had appointed a representative in Florida and Alabama to look into the establishment of the negro kindergartens in these states, and that already two were in operation in Georgia.

She further stated, however, that she was unwilling to undertake the work to a greater extent in Georgia, unless through the educational league which she hoped would assume the responsibility of the movement.

Mrs. Loulie M. Gordon spoke with enthusiasm relative to the generous offer made by the National Kindergarten Association, and expressed it as her desire that the work of establishing the kindergartens be begun in Georgia at once. She subsequently stated to a representative of The Constitution that so great did she believe was the necessity of these schools among the negro children, especially in the country districts, that she, as an individual, would be willing to undertake the responsibility of establishing with Georgia's proportion of the proposed fund, the movement where it was most needed in the event that the educational league refused to do it.

There is no doubt that if this popular woman undertook a movement so broadly philanthropic she would meet with that generous co-operation that accompanies her in all her undertakings.

The question as to what assistance the fifth district division of the league should render the industrial department of the co-operative home was left unsettled, until a committee to be appointed later by the league could confer with the officers of the co-operative home and ascertain in just what way assistance would be more acceptable.

Miss Emily Harrison talked in an interesting vein of the advantage the industrial department of the home could be made to many young women, and cited the incident of a case that she urged the ladies of the league to take in hand, believing that the most good could be accomplished by boarding one or two such girls in the school than by any other means.

Previous to the adjournment of the meeting Mrs. Gale introduced to the assembly Mrs. Charles N. MacLouth, of San Francisco, one of the leading club women of California, and one identified with all the philanthropic and progressive movements of that state. She told an interesting story of how she and a number of public-spirited women in Los Angeles, determining to have industrial training introduced in the public grammar schools of that city, raised through amateur theatricals the sum of $3,000, which they offered to the educational board of the city to use as a nucleus in establishing industrial training in the schools.

It was two years before their work was recognized, and at first only two branches of the industrial course were introduced. The experiment proved such a success that the earnest women workers who had inspired it were gratified to see a complete system of manual training incorporated with the public grammar school system.

Mrs. MacLouth told with what wonderfully good results the free kindergarten schools had been operated in California, and urged the ladies present to take advantage of the money offered them by the National Free Kindergarten Association for the establishment of schools among the negro children.

By request, Mrs. MacLouth touched upon the beautiful work done by the women of California for the soldiers of the Spanish-American war, and the distinct impression made by the First Tennessee regiment during their encampment there.

She spoke of the generosity of one woman especially, a Mrs. Townshend, who, although a northern woman, gave more generously to the soldiers from the south than those of any other regiments.

Through the Red Cross women workers of California she gave $30,000 toward the care of the American soldiers, not only in the relief work being done in and around Manila, but in the encampments of California.

Her assistance was always of a practical nature, as in the case of that rendered the First Tennessee regiment. Previous to their boarding the transports for Manila, Mrs. Townshend paid for the thorough washing and cleaning of all the bedding and clothing of the regiment, and the individual laundry of every private soldier.

She paid for their transportation to and from the public baths the day of their departure, and gave the entire regiment a banquet, at the last moment presenting to the commanding officer, the gallant Colonel William Smith, one of the handsomest of swords with a jeweled belt.

She had packed upon the transports immense quantities of evaporated California fruits, sufficient to last during the journey, and once a week gave to the soldiers encamped within her reach, a dinner that included the most delicious vegetables in season.

Mrs. MacLouth made a deep impression on those who heard her, not alone for the interesting facts she related, but her strength and grace of expression.

## The D. A. R. Conference.

Official announcement of the Daughters of the American Revolution conference to be held here next week is made as follows:

The local chapters of Daughters of the American Revolution in this city have extended an invitation to the Daughters throughout the state to hold their state conference here, May 23-24th. The regents of Atlanta and Piedmont Continental chapters have appointed the following ladies to assist in perfecting arrangements for the conference:

Mesdames John Marshall Slaton, Norwood Mitchell, Frances Black, William Foster, Edward Barnes and Charles Healey.

The business session to be held at Craigie House Tuesday, and the rooms of the Piedmont Continental Wednesday. A number of interesting addresses and discussions will follow. Addresses of welcome will be extended the delegates by Mrs. William Green Raoul and Mrs. Heber Reed, regents of the local city chapters. Response by Mrs. Karow, Savannah. Address, Mrs. Robert Emory Park, state regent, Macon.

"History of the Organization and Growth of the Society in Georgia," by former state regents, Miss Augustus Salas, Mrs. Harry Jackson, Mrs. H. C. Morgan and Mrs. Porter King.

"The Preservation of Revolutionary Records," discussed by Mrs. William L. Peel, Mrs. Karow, of Savannah, and Mrs. Kemme, of Washington.

"The National University," Mrs. Isaac Boyd, Atlanta.

"The Continental Hall," Mrs. Nevin, Rome.

"Children of the American Revolution," Mrs. Loulie Gordon, Atlanta.

"Dolly Madison Chapter, Children of the American Revolution," Miss Martha Brown.

General discussion of the following topics, taken from the official programme:

"Is a simple form of state organization desirable?"

"How to insure chapter interest."

"History of Meadow Garden."

When the business sessions are over the delegates will participate in several entertainments provided by the committee on arrangements.

Lunch will be served after the morning session at Craigie House at 1:30 Tuesday, May 23d. For Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Heber Reed, regent of the Piedmont Continental chapter, will entertain both chapters and visiting delegates in honor of the state regent, Mrs. Robert Emory Park, with a lawn fete, at "Edgewood." Hours 5 to 7.

Tuesday evening Mrs. John Marshall Slaton will give a large reception at her home on Peachtree, in honor of both chapters, visitors and Sons of the American Revolution. Hours 8 to 11.

For the comfort of the ladies attending the sessions at Craigie House, Exposition park cars will run as far as the coliseum, between the hours of 10 and 1 o'clock and 4 and 7 o'clock Tuesday, May 23d.

MRS. E. H. BARNES,
Secretary Committee of Arrangements.

## Social Items.

The young gentlemen of the Capital City Club sustained their reputation for brilliant entertaining in the beautiful and enjoyable cotillon given last night in honor of the several popular young society women who will become brides in June.

The entertainment was not, as first expected, in the nature of a dinner dance, but instead an elegant supper was served at 11 o'clock. The dancing began about 9:30 o'clock, continuing after supper.

The reception and ballrooms were artistically decorated for the occasion and the music unusually attractive.

It was a source of regret to the party assembled that loyalty to absent lovers kept away from the cotillion three of the brides-elect, since Miss Wing, Miss Newman and Miss Draper are all to marry men who do not reside in Atlanta and who could not be here for last night's cotillon.

The toilets worn by the many charming women who graced the cotillon were notably handsome ones. Miss Emily English wore an imported gown of white crepe lisse hand-painted in roses and tiny blue flowers, and elaborately trimmed with Renaissance lace of exquisite design.

Miss Evie Parsons wore white liberty satin, the entire skirt and corsage adorned with narrow flat ruchings, and finished with a ceinture of pearls and sapphires.

Miss Catherine Gay wore white chiffon over pink silk elaborately trimmed in lace.

Miss Jennie English wore pink brocaded silk with corsage trimmings of pomte de Sierre lace, and Miss Augusta Thompson wore a lovely toilet of white chiffon with trimmings of Valenciennes lace.

***

The Ladies' Sewing Society of the Hebrew Orphans' home will give a moonlight picnic at the home on next Wednesday, the 24th.

***

Captain and Mrs. James Warren English have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Emily Alexander, to Mr. James Dixon Robinson, Thursday, June 1st, at 12 o'clock at the First Presbyterian church.

About 100 guests will be in entertained after the ceremony at an elegant breakfast at the residence of the bride's parents. These guests will include the families of both parties, the ushers and their wives and the intimate friends.

At the bridal table with the bride and groom will be seated the following party: Miss English, maid of honor; Mrs. English, Jr., matron of honor; Mrs. Hugh Richardson, Mrs. William H. Kiser, Mrs. J. E. Butler, Miss Margaret Newnan, Miss Catherine Gay, Miss Rebecca Raoul and Miss Katie Robinson; Mr. Boykin Robinson, best man; Mr. Gordon Kiser, groomsman; Mr. James W. English, Jr., Mr. Harry English, Mr. Edward English, Mr. A. M. Robinson, Jr., Mr. Frank Inman, Mr. James Riley, Mr. Inman Sanders, Mr. W. H. Rowe, Jr., New York city.

***

The Advertiser, of Madison, Ga., pays the following tribute to Mrs. W. A. Hemphill and her charming daughters, the Misses Hemphill:

"Mrs. W. A. Hemphill, Miss Hemphill and Miss Julia Hemphill, who have been attending the reunion at Charleston, arrived in the city Saturday morning. Mrs. Hemphill and Miss Julia Hemphill returned to their home in Atlanta Monday afternoon. Miss Hemphill, however, will not return until the latter part of the week. They are guests of Mrs. C. B. Speer.

"Mrs. J. S. Hogue entertained at tea Sunday evening Miss Hemphill and Miss Julia Hemphill. These are very highly accomplished and attractive young ladies, who by their graces of manner are making a great many friends here.

"Mr. C. A. Sanders entertained a few friends at crokinole Monday evening in honor of his cousin, Miss Hemphill, of Atlanta. The evening was very pleasantly spent in playing the ever popular game."

***

Mr. Hugh Harris, of Augusta, Ga., is the guest of Mr. Lowry Porter at the residence of his mother, Mrs. Henry Porter, on Peachtree street.

Mr. Harris is prominently associated with The Evening Herald, of Augusta, and has many friends in Atlanta.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Humphreys Castleman announce the engagement of their daughter, Isabel Garrard, to Dr. Samuel Harrison McAfee, the wedding to be at an early date at the home of the bride's parents in

***

The L. L. M. Club will entertain at a picnic this afternoon.

Columbus, Ga.

Miss Castleman is of that charming blond type always so much admired, possessing the loveliest of dispositions and womanly virtues. Dr. McAfee being one of Atlanta's most prominent professional men. Many are the congratulations showered upon these two fortunate young people, both of whom belong to prominent southern families.

The wedding will occur at noon and will be very quiet, witnessed by only the relatives and a few friends on account of the illness of the bride's mother.

***

The Alciphronian Literary and Debating Society of the Boys' High school have issued invitations to their annual May exercises to take place in Browning hall Wednesday, May 24th, at half-past 10 o'clock a. m.

***

Miss Margaret Newman's many friends are delighted that she has recovered from her recent illness.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Thomas arrive in the city next week and will be the guests of Mrs. Loulie M. Gordon.

***

Mrs. Charles Sumner Clark is receiving charming attentions from her many friends in Atlanta.

***

Mrs. Valeria Lamar McLaren and Miss Lila Cabaniss, both of Macon, sail tomorrow for Europe.

***

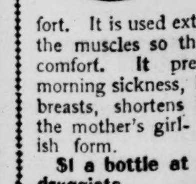
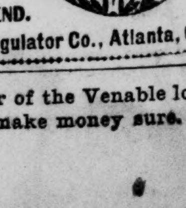
Mrs. J. Lindsay Johnson has returned to her home in Rome.

***

Mrs. Robert Emory Park has returned to Macon

***

Mrs. Fred D. Bush left last night for a visit of a few weeks to Grand Rapids, Mich.

**MOTHER'S FRIEND**

takes married women through the whole period of pregnancy in safety and comfort. It is used externally and it relaxes the muscles so that there is no discomfort. It prevents and relieves morning sickness, headache and rising breasts, shortens labor and preserves the mother's girlish form.

**$1 a bottle at druggists.**

Send for a FREE copy of our illustrated booklet about

MOTHER'S FRIEND.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

**The purchaser of the Venable lot on Peachtree will make money sure.**

## GOVERNOR IS APPEALED TO

### G. A. R. Camp Asks Protection from Negroes on Decoration Day.

### TROUBLE AT ANDERSONVILLE

### Officials Request Help in Managing Crowd of Negroes Which Causes Trouble Annually.

Governor Candler was appealed to yesterday morning by a delegation from the Grand Army of the Republic camp of Atlanta to protect the government reservation at Andersonville, Ga., on Decoration Day, from the negroes who annualy flock to the place and commit depredations.

For the past few years the privilege permitted the negroes of the community around Andersonville to visit the reservation, it is asserted, has been abused and the local officials of the Grand Army of the Republic ask that precaution be taken to prevent any repetition of the bad conduct again.

The solicitor of the circuit in which Andersonville is located also called on the chief executive yesterday for the purpose of asking that some steps be taken to preserve peace and quiet at Andersonville on Decoration Day.

Governor Candler stated that unless the emergency was suffcient to warrant it, no troops could be sent to Andersonville May 30th, the date of Decoration Day. Excursions are run to the national reservation every year from surrounding towns, carrying hundreds of negroes, and it is believed that the same trouble will occur this year that has happened in years past, if no precautions are taken by those in charge.

## AMUSEMENTS

Last night's performance of the "Charity Ball" at the Grand by the Thanhouser-Hatch stock company was equally as good as the first night's performance and was enjoyed by a large and well pleased audience.

"The Charity Ball" will be the bill at the matinee today and at the night performance.

"Lend Me Your Wife," a comedy of rare excellence, will be the bill for the early part of next week. The comedy will be put on Monday night and the company is thoroughly equipped to give a delightful comedie Francaise. The following is the cast for "Lend Me Your Wife" for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights and Wednesday matinee next:

Tom Bunting, a young man of property .......... Allen Patton
Dick Easily, a friend of Bunting .......... Leslie Mathews
Alexander Stirrup, Bessie's father .......... Frank Roberts
Benjamin Funnibone, a supervisor .......... Irving Brooks
Harry, the new boy .......... Rolette Berthelet
Franz, a waiter .......... Charles Brewer
Captain Abner Tarbox, a mild-mannered man .......... Frank Hatch
Bessie Bunting, Tom's wife .......... Nan Mifflin
Hitty Tarbox, captain's daughter .......... Violet Rand
Lottie, the housekeeper .......... Mina Perry
Baby Bunting, the Bunting heir .......... By himself

Extravagant preparations are now going on for a brilliant revival of "Trilby"—and Potter's version will be used—the one approved by Du Maurier himself. "Trilby" will be presented Thursday night next and the balance of the week with the regular Saturday matinee.

### Barbecue Today.

The Cold Spring Barbecue Club will give one of its delightful barbecues at the club grounds this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The 'cue is a compliment to the friends of the club and it is probable a large crowd will be in attendance.

The exportations of the Urbana Wine Co.'s Gold Seal Champagne exceed that of all other American brands combined. These wines have found favor in the London market on account of their purity and fine flavor. Englishmen appreciate good wine rather than French label.

### Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of Georgia, Rome.

For the annual convention, grand encampment and grand lodge, I. O. O. F. of Georgia, Rome, the Western and Atlantic railroad will sell tickets at one far for the round trip, tickets to be sold May 22d and 23d. In addition to our trains leaving Atlanta at 8:15 a. m. and 4:50 p. m. for Rome, we will, on Monday, May 22d, have special coach leave Atlanta on our train No. 4 at 8:30 p. m., arriving at Rome about 10:55 p. m. H. F. SMITH, T. M.
C. E. HARMAN, G. P. A.
5-20-2t

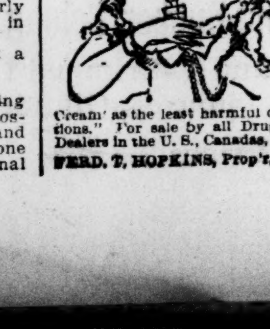
### PERSONAL.

Mr. Jacob Eiseman, of Eiseman & Weil, has returned from Tate Springs, Tenn., where he has been spending several weeks.

**Get in the market on real estate. Times are better. Buy the Venable lot this afternoon and make money.**

A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

**DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.**



PURIFIES AS WELL AS Beautifies the Skin. No other cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 50 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy-Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canadas, and Europe.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St. N. Y.

**Society** Stationery, Monograms, Wedding Invitations and Visiting Cards engraved at lowest prices. No delay; work done by skilled workmen in our establishment. Send for samples and prices.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO., Engravers, 47 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

**THE GRAND**

**EVERY NIGHT.**

Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

**THE THANHOUSER-HATCH STOCK COMPANY**

TONIGHT, SATURDAY NIGHT AND SATURDAY MATINEE,

**The Charity Ball.**

MONDAY NIGHT, MAY 22d,

**"LEND ME YOUR WIFE."**

Night Prices—15, 25, 35 and 50c.
Matinees—25c, all seats reserved.
Sale at Grand box office.

**Secret of Beauty** is health. The secret of health is the power to digest and assimilate a proper quanity of food. **Do you know this?** Tutt's Liver Pills are an absolute cure for Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Constipation and kindred diseases. **TUTT'S Liver PILLS**

**New Arrivals In Silk Front Negligee Shirts At $1.00 Each.**

These allow most men to indulge in their color fancies. Pure whites, quiet and fancy stripes and plaids in almost every color—all are here in greater variety than ever before, for this is to be a Negligee Shirt year. In addition to the silk fronts, we show splendid fronts made of Madras and also the popular feather weights in French Cambric.

Good Negligees at 50c and 75c each, and extra fine ones at $1.50.

**Eiseman & Weil,**
3 WHITEHALL STREET.
**Everything in Hot Weather Apparel.**

### SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a power contained in a mortgage executed by Benjamin Paul Curtis on the first day of April, 1898, to the Equitable Loan and Security Company (a corporation under the laws of the state of Georgia, having its principal office in Fulton county) to secure a loan of $910, including interest, repayable in monthly installments as shown in said mortgage and evidenced by sixty promissory notes; default having been made in the payment of said notes, so as to authorize the exercise of said power, and the board of directors of said company having determined to exercise it, said Equitable Loan and Security Company will sell before the courthouse door in said Fulton county, in the city of Atlanta, on the first Tuesday in June, 1899, two tracts or parcels of land described as folows: Being in Atlanta, Ga., part of land lot eighty-six (86) of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton, county, Georgia, and known as lots 53 and 54 of the Burckel plat, more particularly described as commencing on the east side of Cunningham street, twenty-four and one-half feet (24½) south of Burckel street, and extending thence south along the east side of Cunningham street forty-nine (49) feet; thence east one hundred and eleven (111) feet to a 10-foot alley; thence north forty-nine (49), thence west one hundred and eleven (111) to beginning point, same having a house on it.

Also, being near the city of Atlanta and part of the west half of land lot seventy-four, of the same state, county and district, and known as lot twenty-two (22) as per plat recorded in Book R—3, page 705: Commencing on the east side of Fortress avenue one hundred and forty-two (142) feet north of South avenue, at the north line of an alley; extending from thence north along east side of Fortress avenue forty (40) feet; thence east one hundred (100) feet to an alley; thence south forty (40) feet; thence west one hundred (100) feet along the north side of first alley to beginning point.

Said property will be sold to the highest bidder for cash and the proceeds of sale aplied as provided in said mortgage and a deed made to the purchaser.

EQUITABLE LOAN & SECURITY CO.
By W. S. Thomson, president; John S. Owens, secretary. may13 4t sat

Remember S. B. Turman for County Commissioner.

**THE Brazilian Insect Powder**

**Destroys Roaches, Water Bugs, Ants, Bedbugs, Moths, Flies, Fleas, Lice on Chickens.**

It is used and recommended by hundreds of Hotels, Bakeries, Public Buildings and Private Homes throughout the country.

This Powder is not a poison—it can be eaten by man without harm.

It is cheap, costing only sixty cents per pound. If applied one time it will rid your building of insects for one year.

**CALL AT 30 MARIETTA ST.**
Corner Broad and Marietta Streets.

**Virginia Mountain Resorts**

**And Country Homes for Summer Boarders,**

ON THE LINE OF THE

**CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILWAY.**

Highest Altitude. Exhilarating Summer Climate. Greatest Variety of Mineral Springs. Grandest Mountain Surroundings.

Dr. Joseph Holt, who ranks among the foremost sanitarists of the world, says: "I consider the mountains of Virginia as a natural sanitarium, where visitors from warm latitudes, and especially from crowded centers, may surely enjoy the benefits of waste-restoring stimulus, which insures a rapid recuperation and the very best preparation for renewed health and a long sustained activity in the occupation of a busy and often overworked life."

The section of country referred to by Dr. Holt is the MINERAL SPRINGS REGION OF THE BLUE RIDGE AND ALLEGHANY MOUNTAINS, reached by the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway, one of the safest, best equipped, and most picturesque trunk lines in America.

In this favored region, at an average elevation of 2,500 feet, are the

**VIRGINIA HOT SPRINGS**

with a grand hotel doubled in capacity this spring, the most luxurious and complete bathing establishment in this country (every bath being from flowing springs of natural hot water).

**Golf Links and Well Kept Greens.**
**Well Equipped Livery and Riding School.**

The HEALING SPRINGS, 2½ miles, and the WARM SPRINGS, 5 miles distant from the Hot Springs, both quiet and homelike resorts; the GREENBRIER WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, for generations the central point of reunion for the best society of the North and South; OLD SWEET SPRINGS, SWEET CHALYBEATE SPRINGS, RED SULPHUR SPRINGS, SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS, ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS, NATURAL BRIDGE, THE ALLEGHANY HOTEL, NIMROD HALL, and many other well-known health and pleasure resorts.

Descriptive pamphlets, excursion rates, etc., can be obtained by addressing the city ticket offices of the Southern and S. A. L. Railways in the Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

**EDWIN P. ANSLEY,**

**Successor to ANSLEY BROS.**

**REAL ESTATE, LOANS, RENTS AND INSURANCE**

Handling estates and large properties a specialty.

Takes entire charge of porperties by looking after sales, loans, rents, repairs, taxes and insurance.

Gives special attention to all property where exclusive agency is given, and will offer same through other agents, when desired, as well as give it preference to parties wishing to buy.

Special Exchange Lists, showing city property to exchange for farming lands; vacant lots for improved property; equities in large properties for smaller property, etc., etc.

Come and see my lists and give me your property for sale or exchange.

Splendid loan connections. Money secured at lowest rates.

Rent Department, T. B. Ferris, Manager.

Fire Insurance,
Aetna of Hartford, capital $4,000,000.
Insurance Co. of N. A., capital $3,000,000.
Ansley & Lipscomb Bros. Agents.

Phone 363.
Office 12 E. Alabama.

**Sam Walker** MAKER OF PICTURE FRAMES. No10 MARIETTA ST.

**Special Rates to Artists and Art Classes on Artist Material and Picture Frames.**

**Prompt and careful attention to mail orders.**

**Serge**

Blue Serge makes an ideal summer Suit. It wears well, is dressy, easily cleaned and is cool and comfortable. The coat and vest are correct to wear with bike or golf trousers.

You will not find a more desirable line than we show. We have Serges in regular cuts, longs, slims and stouts. Whatever your build, we are prepared to fit you.

**Men's Suits, $10.00 to $22.50,**

Single or double breasted Blue Serge Sack Suits. All linings are carefully stayed and sewed and are of excellent quality. Silk stitchings. Good trimmings. Price and quality agree.

**Geo. Muse Clothing Co.,**
38 WHITEHALL STREET.

### Sheriff Sales for June, 1899.

Will be sold before the courthouse door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in June, 1899, within the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in land lot No. 110, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, and described as commencing at the southeast corner of Leach and Emmadell streets and running thence east along Emmadell street 80 feet to Doray street, thence south along Doray street 88 feet, thence west 80 feet to Leach street, thence north along Leach street 88 feet to beginning point, being lots 58 and 59 as per plat of the Leach property of April, 1896. Levied on as the property of W. R. Rowell to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of W. F. Quillian, Mrs. J. S. Owens, transferee, vs. said W. R. Rowell.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: The following described eight (8) lots, being a part of fifteen acres, deeded October 31, 1893, by E. F. Martin to William C. Hale and by William C. Hale deeded to the Hale Investment Company, on the 1st of December, 1893, as by Hale & Strickland plat, No. 63, on south side of Lake avenue 50x160 feet; Nos. 67 and 48, on north side of General Gordon street; Nos. 35, 36 and 37, on west side of Joel Hurt street, and 17 and 19, on the south side of Joel Hurt street, all in land lot No. 19, in 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of Hale Investment Co. to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Mrs. O. M. Hale vs. said Hale Investment Co.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain tract or parcel of land beginning at a rock wall on the north line of property formerly sold by Lavender R. Ray to John H. James, said wall being about 425 feet north of Sixth street and extending thence north along the west side of Peachtree street to James R. Wylie's line, thence west along said James R. Wylie's line 200 feet, thence south parallel with West Peachtree street 119 feet, more or less, to the west end of said rock wall, thence east along said rock wall 200 feet to beginning point, this lot fronting 119 feet on the west side of West Peachtree street and extending back same width 200 feet, and bounded on the north by James R. Wylie's property, on the south by property sold by Lavender R. Ray to John H. James about the 27th of April, 1895, the same being part of land lot No. 80 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, and a part of lots Nos. 2 and 5 of the John A. Grant sub-division of said land lot. Levied on as the property of Lavender R. Ray to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the superior court of Douglass county in favor of the Atlanta Trust and Banking Company vs. said Lavender R. Ray.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in that portion of the city of Atlanta known as West End, in the county of Fulton and state of Georgia, being part of land lot No. 117 of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of Abbott street and Sells avenue, running thence north along the west side of Abbott street 233 feet, thence west parallel with Sells avenue 373 feet, thence south 233 feet to Sells avenue, thence east on the north side of Sells avenue 373 feet to beginning point, having thereon a 7-room brick house, which property was conveyed to plaintiff by the defendant to secure said indebtedness at the time of extending said note, to-wit: December 24, 1895, which deed is recorded in book 114, page 755, Records of Fulton county, Georgia, a deed having been filed and recorded in the clerk's office for purpose of levy and sale, as required by law. Levied on as the property of August Meyer to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Atlanta Savings Bank vs. said August Meyer.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land in land lot No. 175, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing 3½ acres, bounded on the north by land of W. H. Chase, on east by land of Mrs. H. M. Kemme and south by land of Mrs. Kemme, on the west by laad of F. M. Chase, the same being tract conveyed by Amos Tippins to W. H. Chase in February, 1891, and afterwards conveyed by W. H. Chase to Annie Price. Levied on as the property of Annie Price to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Rhodes, Snook & Haverty Furniture Co. vs. said Annie Price.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land in land lot No. 84 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, being lots Nos. 98 and 100 on Nelson street, Atlanta, Ga., fronting 90 feet on Nelson street and running back 167 feet; also Nos. 53 and 24, on Mangum street, fronting 80 feet on Mangum street and known as No. 28 Mangum street, being the one-sixth interest of defendant in and to the above described property. Levied on as the property of A. Klassett to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from J. P. court 1026 district, G. M., in favor of A. C. Belcher vs. said A. Klassett.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: An undivided one-half interest in a tract of land lying in land lot No. 121 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, being lot No. 2 in block D of the sub-division of the Forrest Park property, as per plat on file in the office of G. W. Adair, Atlanta, Ga., more fully described as follows: Commencing at a point on the north side of Evan drive at the southeast corner of lot No. 1, heretofore conveyed to the Atlanta, West End and Fort McPherson Railway Co., and running thence southeasterly along Evan drive 100 feet, thence northerly along line of lots Nos. 21 and 23, a distance of 288 feet, more or less, to Hood drive, thence southwesterly along Hood drive 120 feet to said lot No. 1, thence southerly along the line of lot No. 1 a distance of 188 feet, more or less, to beginning point. Levied on as the property of R. N. Holland to satisfy nine (9) fi. fas. issued from J. P. court of the 898th district, G. M., of Cobb county, Georgia, in favor of the S. Lemon Banking Company of Acworth, Ga., vs. said R. N. Holland, principal, and T. F. Moore, security, a deed having been filed and recorded in the clerk's office of Fulton county for purpose of levy and sale as required by law.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: In the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, and known in the plan of said district as a part of land lot No. 112 and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of Jackson and Powell streets and extending east along Powell street 100 feet, more or less, to the state of Georgia's property, thence northwest along the line of said state's property 32 feet, more or less, thence west 95 feet, more or less, to Jackson street, thence south 30 feet to Powell street, the starting point, being the property conveyed to M. A. Cason by deed from Anne E. Gober dated September 15, 1892, recorded in deed book I-4, p. 332, Fulton county records. Said property levied on as the property of M. A. Cason to satisfy an execution issued from the superior court of Fulton county in favor of Atlanta Banking Company against said M. A. Cason.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot No. 50 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, commencing at the northwest corner of Linden and Willow street, in the city of Atlanta, running thence north along the west side of Willow street 290 feet, thence west along the line of T. J. Swift's property 75 feet, thence south parallel with Willow street 125 feet, thence west 38 feet along Jones's line, thence south along the lines of Jones and Hilton 164 feet to Linden street, thence west along the north side of Linden street 110 feet to beginning point, a deed having been filed and recorded in the clerk's office for purpose of levy and sale as required by law. Levied on as the property of W. E. Hanye to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Lilly S. Johnson, trustee, vs. said W. E. Hanye.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land in land lot 149, of the 17th district, Fulton county, Georgia, bounded north by the Atwood land, east by the Murphy land, west by the Mattie Zimmerman land and south by the Bell land, being the northeast corner of land sold by Adair, trustee to Sayer, and running from the northeast corner of same south 75 feet and west 146 feet, and the other two sides being equal respectively to the opposite sides and including land described in deed from Fannie Boynton, alias Bonner, to F. D. Glen, recorded in record of deeds of Fulton county, book V 4, page 267; a deed of the last mentioned portion having been filed by Peff for purpose of levy and sale, tract levied on being the same conveyed by deed recorded in record of deeds of Fulton county book D 4, page 260, and being that whereon defendent now resides. Levied on as the property of Fannie Boynton, alias Fannie Bonner, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of T. D. Glen vs. said Fannie Boynton, alias Fannie Bonner.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: An undivided one-half interest in and to all that tract or parcel of land in land lot No. 190, of the 17th district of Fulton county, Georgia, commencing at the northwest corner of the Marietta road and Rice street and running thence west along the south side of Marietta road 321 feet, thence south 1,124 feet, thence east 320 feet to Rice street, thence north along west side of Rice street 1,100 feet to beginning point, being all of lot No. 3 in the Rice subdivision except the strip across the south end claimed by the Atlantic Dynamite Co.; also an undivided one-half interest in another parcel of land in same land lot, beginning at a corner on the east line of said land lot and north side of Marietta road and running 220 feet, more or less, along said original line to railroad right of way, thence westerly along said right of way 83 feet to rock corner, thence southerly 210 feet to Marietta road, thence easterly 110 feet to beginning corner. Levied on as the property of J. N. Cook to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of J. H. and A. L. James vs. said J. N. Cook and C. D. Coker.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described parcels of land: Two parcels of land, being part of the land conveyed to J. Henly Smith by S. B. Hoyt and J. W. Culpepper, trustees, and R. T. Wilson, by deed dated June 29, 1868, one of the lots hereby conveyed commencing on the south line of the land above named, which is the south line of all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the seventh ward of the city of Atlanta, formerly known as West End, in land lot No. 108, of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, commencing at a point on the west side of Lee street, 200 feet north of the northwest corner of Park and Lee streets, running thence northwardly along the west side of Lee street 100 feet, more or less, thence westwardly uniform width as the front and parallel with Park street a distance of 272 feet, being the property where J. Henly Smith now resides and known as 105 Lee street and running west along south line (which is the west line of a ten-foot alley) 64 feet to Mrs. Berry's lot, and thence north same width 100 feet, more or less, to Burgess Smith's land; the other parcel commencing on said south line (north line of said alley) 100 feet more or less, west of the parcel last above described, at the southwest corner of Eubank's lot and running west along said south line (north line of said alley) 240 feet, more or less, to Burgess Smith's land, formerly the Seago property, and from this front extending north same width 100 feet, more or less, to Burgess Smith land, bounded east by Eubanks and west by Burgess Smith's land, and being part of land lot 108, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of J. Henly Smith to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Central Bank Block Association vs. said J. Henly Smith.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the 14th district of Fulton county, known as part of land lot No. 129, and described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of said land lot and running west along the line of said land lot 1,485 feet, more or less, to Dr. Taylor's land, thence south along Dr. Taylor's line 742½ feet, more or less, thence east 1,485 feet, more or less, to the east line of said land lot, thence south along the east line of said land lot 742½ feet, more or less, to beginning point. The whole containing twenty-five acres, more or less, and being one-eighth of said land lot. Levied on as the property of G. W. Howard to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from J. P. court 159 district G. M. in favor of Cox, Hill & Thompson vs. said G. W. Howard.

JOHN W. NELMS, Sheriff.
may 13 20 27 june 3

**GEORGIA CONSTRUCTION CO.**

Office of Chief Engineer, Savannah, Ga., May 15, 1899. Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 10 a. m., May 29, 1899, for grading, laying track, building trestles and

**CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE**

across the Savannah river from Meridian to Hutchinson island on the Georgia and Alabama railway extended.

Plans and specifications can be seen at office of chief engineer. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

A. HUNTER JOHNSON, Chief Engineer.
may17 9t

### Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

All creditors of the estate of Z. Bailey, late of Fulton county, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

I. J. BAILEY, Logansville, Ga.
J. B. SIMMONS, Knob, Ga.,
Administrators.
may 13 6t sat

beware!! refilled bottles!

**phosphate gin**

has a distinctive flavor, aroma and beneficial properties not possessed by other gins. Its medicinal virtues are well known and proven by thousands of testimonials.

dealers of flexible conscience, in their eager pursuit of the nimble dollar, might refill original bottles with "cheaper" and "not so good."

{genuine only in round bottles}

bluthenthal and bickart **"b. & b."**

four aces rye.
fitzhugh lee
fine whiskies
(at wholesale only)

**OPIUM** and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 164 N. Pryor St.

We will clean and press your suit for 99c. Others only sponge the surface. We return your clothes as clean as when new. Southern Dye Works, 38 N. Forsyth street.

**PARIAN PAINTS**

- Covers best and largest surface.
- A permanent brilliant gloss.
- Durable Shades.
- Impervious to moisture.
- A rust preventive on iron, galvanized iron and tin.
- Will not chalk, crack, rub off, peel nor blister.
- Not affected by gases.
- Cheapest, because it will protect and preserve your building the longest.

**Parian Paint Co.**

39 S. Pryor St.

Southern Agency CARRARA.

**Linen Store**

To retire from business, will close out my entire stock, both wholesale and retail, for cash at greatly reduced prices, commencing Monday, May 1st.

WM. ERSKINE.

E. & W. TRADE MARK OSCEOLA

Chichester's English Diamond Brand. **PENNYROYAL PILLS** Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square. Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.

**Columbia Bicycles.**

TERMS EASY.

$50.00 Bicycle, $12 down, $3 per week

$35.00 Bicycle, $10 down, $2 per week

**WOLCOTT & DRAKE,**

Columbia Building,

Corner Pryor and Houston.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

**Peter Lynch**

**AT 95 WHITEHALL ST.**

Dealers in foreign and domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Tobaccos, Ales, Porter, Beer and all such goods as belong with a first-class liquor store, the very best in the city or state. Send your orders or come in person. Terms cash.

Peter Lynch's Seed and Variety Store fronts 7 Mitchell. Stand will be open in a few days with a new stock Field and Garden Seeds and a variety of other goods.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

L. D. TEACKLE QUINBY. ATTORNEY AT LAW. 532-540 Equitable. 'Phone 1227. Atlanta, Ga.

R. T. Dorsey. P. H. Brewster. Albert Howell, Jr. DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL. Lawyers. Offices, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211 and 212 Law building Pryor and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga. Long distance telephone 520.

William M. Durham, M.D. William V. Robertson, M.D. DRS. DURHAM & ROBERTSON. Office 77½ Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga. P. O. Box 113. Telephone 1080. Chronic diseases and surgery. Prompt attention given to all calls in the city and state.

# KEENER CONCEALED COUNTERFEIT COIN

**He Was Found Guilty of That Charge Yesterday.**

**SAID IT WAS DICE'S MONEY**

**But He Kept It for Dice While He Evaded the Officers.**

**TO BE SENTENCED NEXT MONDAY**

**Keener Still Declares He Is Innocent of Any Intent To Break the Law.**

The trial of John A. Keener was brought to a close in the United States court yesterday morning shortly before adjournment and the jury after being out about fifteen minutes returned with a verdict of guilty.

Keener has been on trial in the United States court for two days accused of having in his possession counterfeit money and concealing the same with fraudulent intent, and it was on these counts in the indictment that he was found guilty. The prisoner is accused of being a confederate of the famous counterfeiter George Dice and of assisting him in evading the law.

It was the money left in Keener's possession by Dice that got him in the present trouble. Keener denies, in spite of his conviction, that he knew what was in the box left with him by Dice, and he says that Dice would swear to that himself if he could be brought here. Dice is now serving an eight-year sentence in the Columbus, O., penitentiary for counterfeiting, and owing to the heavy expense of bringing him here, Keener could not raise the money to defray the amount asked for by the Ohio authorities.

During his stay in this city during the exposition Keener was in the bicycle business and made quite a number of acquaintances, who express surprise in learning of his conviction. Judge Newman will pass sentence on Keener next Monday, and in the meantime he is being held a prisoner in the Tower.

The greater part of the morning yesterday was taken up with the speeches of the attorneys for and against the prisoner. Only one witness was introduced by the prosecution, and that was W. J. Burns, of the secret service. He was introduced to identify a package of money as part of that shipped by Keener to Dice in Kansas City. The defense introduced R. F. Stone, a party who had known Keener in Kansas City, to show what his character was in that city. Mr. Stone testified that he had known Keener for a number of years, and that he had never known anything bad of him, but that he bore a good reputation in Kansas City.

District Attorney Bell outlined the government's case against Keener in the opening speech and Lowry Arnold outlined the defense in a short speech. He was followed by his brother, Reuben Arnold, who made a strong argument for the prisoner. The concluding argument was made for the government by Mr. Bell. The jury did not take long to reach a verdict, and in about fifteen minutes they returned to the court-room and declared Keener guilty.

Sentence will be passed Monday morning, and owing to the circumstances in the case, it is not thought that it will be a heavy one.

**SOUTHERN FEMALE COLLEGE,**

**College Park, Ga., Monday, May 22, 1899, 8:30 P. M.—Annual Concert.**

1. Overture to "Semiramide"—Rossini—College orchestra.
2. "For This," vocal solo—De Koven—Miss Bryan.
3. Rhapsodie Hongroise, No. 10, piano solo—Liszt—Miss Drake.
4. "Whispering Flowers"—F. von Blon—Orchestra.
5. Aria from "The Queen of Sheba," vocal solo—Gounod—Miss S. L. Durham.
6. "Her Cuban Tea," recitation—Phelps—Miss Hurst.
7. "On Music's Wing"—Mendelssohn—Choral Union.
8. —Last Movement of Concerto in F, Op. 16—Henselt—Miss Drake.

Orchestral part reduced to second piano and played by Miss Hubbard.

9. "Day Dream," vocal solo, violin obligato—Strelezki—Miss Collins.
10. "Bridal Chorus" from "Lohengrin"—Wagner—Orchestra.

Awarding of diplomas and certificates by president.

Orchestra—Mrs. Sallie Cox Stanton, Mrs. Alice Cox Crenshaw, Misses Collins, Hardin, Drake, S. Stakely, M. Crenshaw, E. Crenshaw, C. Crenshaw, Wiggs, Fort, M. Smith, A. Cox, Barton, M. Graham, Vann, Lester, Jelks, Hubbard, S. Durham, N. Durham, V. Johnson, Marietta Brown, Evans, Foster, Sims, Richards, Abercrombie, Prather, Messrs. Wurm, Wedemeyer, Cox, Crenshaw, Dr. Crenshaw.

Choral Union—A. M. Johnson, Jelks, Hubbard, Cato, F. Smith, M. Smith, Bryan, Wiggs, Matheson, Acree, Collins, Marietta Brown, Irby, Swann, Dill, Stokely, S. Durham, M. Buchanan, Lewis, Carson, Allen.

The Atlanta and West Point railroad will run a special train with ample accommodations, leaving Atlanta at 7:20 p. m., and returning immediately after the concert, to reach the city in time for street car service. CHARLES C. COX, President.

*Graduate in music.

# MISTRIAL MAY BE THE RESULT.

**Jury in the Wiswall-DeGive Case Unable To Agree on a Verdict Last Night.**

From the present outlook it is very probable that the Wiswall-DeGive damage suit will be a mistrial.

The case was turned over to the jury yesterday about 1 o'clock, and at a late hour last night the jurymen retired with no agreement in sight.

There has been much talking and arguing among the members of the jury, but there seem to be some members who have good staying qualities and believe in maintaining their belief.

The jury will be taken out this morning and will probably be kept in the custody of the court until Judge Reid believes they are unable to agree on a verdict.

The argument in the case was continued when the court met yesterday morning. L. Z. Rosser made an argument for the defense, and was followed by B. F. Abbott, who closed the case. Judge Reid delivered his charge, and the jury retired.

The case has been bitterly fought, and it will be no surprise if a mistrial results.

**Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of Georgia, Rome.**

For the annual convention, grand encampment and grand lodge, I. O. O. F. of Georgia, Rome, the Western and Atlantic railroad will sell tickets at one fare for the round trip, tickets to be sold May 22d and 23d. In addition to our trains leaving Atlanta at 8:15 a. m. and 4:50 p. m. for Rome, we will, on Monday, May 22d, have special coach leave Atlanta on our train No. 4 at 8:30 p. m., arriving at Rome about 10:55 p. m. H. F. SMITH, T. M.

C. E. HARMAN, G. P. A.

5-20-2t

# ALBERT THOMAS IS GIVEN FIVE YEARS

**The Shrewd Horse Trader Is Found Guilty of Larceny.**

**HAS A REMARKABLE RECORD**

**Judge Candler Did Not Say He Ought To Be Lynched.**

**THOMAS SAID HE CAME NEAR BEING LYNCHED**

**Judge Said Jestingly That Albert Was a Fit Subject—Prisoner Gives Bond for His Appearance.**

Albert Thomas, a negro horse dealer, was convicted of larceny and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary by Judge Candler yesterday morning. A motion will be made for a new trial and pending the result of the issue of the motion, Thomas gave a fifteen-hundred-dollar bond for his appearance.

Thomas is one of the shrewdest horse traders in the city and it is said that he usually comes out best in his numerous ventures in the business world.

Judge Candler denied yesterday that he said Thomas ought to be lynched, as he is quoted.

"What I did say," said Judge Candler, "was that Thomas was a fit subject for a lynching. This was said as a jest and every one took it so, the prisoner himself laughing at the time. It was only a commentary on the statement of the prisoner, in which he said that he had come very near being lynched on Peachtree street when he took a note to the Alhambra hotel to a young lady."

Judge Candler denied that the statements which were attributed to him were the remarks he made, and said when he touched on the subject of lynching he did not intend it to be taken seriously.

Judge Candler said that it required much of the county's money to prosecute Thomas, and that many people came to the courts yearly asking for his punishment.

Albert Thomas has been known in Atlanta for many years as a shrewd trader in horses, of which he made a specialty. It is said that he usually succeeds in getting the best side of every trade and it is frequent that he is arraigned in the justice courts of the county for various offenses.

Thomas was indicted by the last grand jury for larceny, upon the instance of Dr. Julian Thomas, who had been trading with him.

Dr. Thomas stated during the introduction of testimony that Albert had promised to buy for him a horse, buggy and harness for $110, and that he let him have the amount. The doctor said that he learned afterwards that Albert had bought the horse, buggy and harness for $85, and that he had never accounted for the remainder.

Albert was placed on the stand and he made a remarkable statement, which was largely in contradiction of the testimony of the witnesses, especially for the prosecution.

The negro stated that he had borrowed the money from Dr. Thomas and that he treated it as a loan and intended to pay it back, but was not given the opportunity. Judge Candler charged the jury, after the arguments had been made, and it required but a short time for the jurors to agree on a verdict of guilty.

Nearly everyone needs a good spring medicine, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is by all odds the best that money can buy.

# BRINGS SUIT FOR $25,000

**Joseph Jacobs Is Sued by W. J. Warren for Humiliation.**

**WAS ACCUSED OF LARCENY**

**Warren Was Charged with Taking Three Bottles of Whisky from Jacobs' Pharmacy.**

A suit for $25,000 damages has been brought in the superior court of this county by W. J. Warren against Joseph Jacobs for alleged injury to character and mental suffering and humiliation and for attorneys' fees and time lost from work, owing to an alleged accusation made by the defendant against the plaintiff.

W. J. Warren is well known in the city and in the petition asking for damages it is stated that on March 11th, of this year, the petitioner was working for the Jacobs' Pharmacy Company as an engineer and electrician. At 9 o'clock in the evening the petitioner alleges that he was at work when Joseph Jacobs brought J. T. Kitchens, a policeman, into the engine room and directed the policeman to arrest and imprison the petitioner on the charge of larceny.

It is further stated that the policeman arrested the petitioner and carried him to the police barracks, where he was imprisoned until the next Monday morning. The bill states:

"On Monday, March 13th, one D. S. Looney, under the instructions and directions of said Joseph Jacobs, and acting for him, swore out a warrant before W. E. Foute, a justice of the peace."

The petitioner says he gave bond for his appearance and that when the case was called the petitioner waived an examination before the court and demanded an indictment by the grand jury.

It is stated that later Joseph Jacobs caused an indictment to be laid before the grand jury charging Reuben Smith and Warren with taking from the Jacobs' Pharmacy Company, on Marietta street, three bottles of whisky. It is stated that the grand jury returned a true bill against Smith, but none against Warren.

It is further alleged that on May 17th D. S. Looney went before W. H. Williams, a notary public, and made an affidavit that Warren was guilty of the offense of misdemeanor, charging that he had taken from the Jacobs' Pharmacy three bottles of whisky.

It is alleged that Warren was arrested and taken before Judge Calhoun and tried and the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

It is stated that the prosecution was malicious. Punitive and vindictive damages are sought.

Daniel W. Rountree represents the plaintiff.

**Want Exposition Recognized.**

Philadelphia, May 19.—Governor Stone has sent to the governors of all the other states of the union a letter requesting that they officially recognize the national export exposition, to be held here next fall, asking that they invite the various industries of their states to take part in it.

# WILL NOT ENFORCE THE CANINE LAW

**The Statute as Framed Cannot Be Used at This Time.**

**MAYOR WOODWARD AGAINST IT**

**Favors Dog Crusade, but Thinks the Measure Impracticable.**

**SOME KIND OF A LAW WILL BE PASSED**

**City Will Not Pay Though for Every Dog That Is Brought to the City Hall.**

The anti-dog ordinance passed by the council and concurred in by the aldermanic board will not become a law in its present shape. The ordinance is declared impracticable and Mayor Woodward will not allow the measure to become a law. He is decidedly in favor of a dog crusade, but is of the opinion the requirements of the Mayson measure cannot be complied with at the present time.

Alderman Mayson held a conference with Mayor Woodward relative to the question yesterday afternoon. Mr. Mayson agrees that the clause requiring policemen to catch the dogs and for the city to pay 50 cents each for the growlers would not work. He asked the mayor to sign the ordinance, however, with the promise that this section would be amended at the next session of the council Monday two weeks.

Mayor Woodward stated yesterday afternoon he did not know exactly what he would do. He is opposed to the present ordinance and will either veto it in the next two days or sign it, relying on Mr. Mayson's promise to amend. Certain it is that the rule to give a half-dollar for every dog presented at the city hall will not go into effect.

Alderman Mayson did not have up the dog ordinance. His measure only put in force the old statutes on this subject passed by the council years ago. An effort was made last year to put these same ordinances in force, but Mayor Collier vetoed them and the movement was killed.

There seems no doubt that some kind of a dog law will go into effect in the very near future. The mayor believes in the dog crusade, and so do the councilmen. Alderman Rice is the only one disposed to oppose it.

When the law is finally passed a dog wagon will be started and a man employed to catch stray dogs on the street. The dogs will be locked up, probably at the stationhouse, and if not called for within twenty-four hours after arrest they will be killed. When dead they will be allowed to explore the intricate devices of the city crematory. A fine of $1 will be charged against each dog, which must be paid before the canines are released.

City Clerk Greene is preparing to go into the dog business. That is, he is securing a supply of dog tags, which he will sell to dog owners for $1.25 each. These tags, decorating a dog's neck, will indicate its privilege of walking the streets unmolested. Those without tags will be arrested forthwith.

Since the dog question has been agitated city officials have been receiving letters from numerous people in the city favoring the ordinance. Alderman Mayson's movement seems to meet with hearty approval.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

# IN MEMORY CLARA DE HIRSCH.

**Interesting Exercises Will Be Held at the Jewish Temple Tomorrow Evening.**

Interesting services will be held Sunday evening in memory of the great philanthropist, Baroness Clara de Hirsch, at the Jewish temple.

During her useful career Baroness de Hirsch gave to the poor of all creeds and religions with a lavish hand. In honoring the memory of one who remembered during life the Jewish Orphans' home of Atlanta, the board of control of that institution feel that they do but honor themselves. The orators on this occasion will be the Hon. Simon Wolf, of Washington, D. C., and Rev. Dr. Edward N. Calisch, of Richmond.

The song service will be under the direction of Professor I. M. Mayer. The public is cordially invited.

On Monday evening the examination of children will be held at the home at 7 o'clock. On this occasion an oil painting of the late matron will be presented to the home.

On Tuesday afternoon at 5 o'clock the newly erected hospital will be dedicated. The children of district grand lodge No. 5, I. O. B. B., have contributed largely to this institution.

**You Will Be Satisfied**

when you ask for

**The Best Whiskey**

and they give you

**Hunter Baltimore Rye**

Which delights the taste, cheers and strengthens.

**OLD** By 10 years' standing.

**PURE** By natural process.

**MELLOW** By reason of age and proper storage.

Sold at all first-class Cafes.

POTTS-THOMPSON LIQUOR CO. Atlanta, Ga.

Do you want to make money? Buy the Venable lot this afternoon.

*Golden Wedding*

of Miss Popular Esteem and Mr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Fifty years of happiness, fifty years of doing good. The only Sarsaparilla in the world that ever celebrated its fiftieth anniversary and is doing it today with no signs of decay. Its mission is to cure and to help. No wonder it has fifty happy years back of it.

*Get a bottle today of*

**Ayer's Sarsaparilla**

[which made Sarsaparilla famous]

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. $1.00 A BOTTLE.

# MAYOR FAVORS FRUIT SALE.

**Says He Can See No Harm in the Sale of Fruit on the Sabbath Day.**

Mayor Woodward is heartily in favor of the movement to sell fruit on the Sabbath day. He believes there would be no harm in it, and if the McCullough ordinance, which will be introduced at the next session of the council, is passed, it is probable the mayor will sign it.

"I can see no reason," said he yesterday, "why fruit should not be sold on the Sabbath. If the people want fruit on Sunday they should have it. There is no more harm there than in taking a ride on a street car.

"Moreover, there are many fruit dealers in Atlanta that have not the facilities for keeping their fruits from Saturday night until Monday morning and the goods should not be allowed to spoil. I say open the fruit stands on Sunday and let the people enjoy themselves."

The movement is rapidly gaining favor in council and official circles and there are many who predict that the McCullough ordinance, which will provide for the sale of fruits on Sunday, will become a law.

**Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of Georgia, Rome.**

For the annual convention, grand encampment and grand lodge, I. O. O. F. of Georgia, Rome, the Western and Atlantic railroad will sell tickets at one fare for the round trip, tickets to be sold May 22d and 23d. In addition to our trains leaving Atlanta at 8:15 a. m. and 4:50 p. m. for Rome, we will, on Monday, May 22d, have special coach leave Atlanta on our train No. 4 at 8:30 p. m., arriving at Rome about 10:55 p. m. H. F. SMITH, T. M.

C. E. HARMAN, G. P. A.

5-20-2t

# SOLONS WILL GO TO MEMPHIS.

**Street Committee of the Council Will Leave the City Tuesday Afternoon.**

The street committee of the city council will leave Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock in a special car over the Southern railway for Memphis to inspect the street paving of that city. The party will be gone several days and an enjoyable time is assured.

The following will go: Mayor Pro Tem. Mitchell, Councilmen Harwell, Burns, Parks, Thompson, Roy, Dozier, McCullough and Pope. They will arrive in Memphis early Wednesday morning and will leave that city either Wednesday or Thursday night.

Memphis is said to have several streets that are successfully paved and the local committee is anxious to see them. Realizing that the best way to give Atlanta the most approved paving is to see what other progressive cities are doing in this line, Chairman Mitchell and his committee believe the city will profit by their trip to Memphis.

Get in the market on real estate. Times are better. Buy the Venable lot this afternoon and make money.

The proof of the pudding is the eating thereof. You can buy Isaacs Pens at $1 per gross or 6 gross for $5. For sale only by John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. Samples free.

Note—These pens are warranted to be made from selected stock and are carefully examined before boxing.

Get in the market on real estate. Times are better. Buy the Venable lot this afternoon and make money.

**CRESCENT BICYCLES**

A LARGE LOT OF ♦ CRESCENTS ♦

Just received for COMMENCEMENT. You know you promised the BOY or the GIRL one. Come in and put your name on it.

F. G. BYRD, 38 PEACHTREE STREET.

**The Brown Supply Company**

47 and 49 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS

IN

**General Mill Supplies, Machinery and Tools**

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

Wrought and Cast Iron Pipe for Steam, Water and Gas.

Leather and Rubber Belting, Hose Packing, Etc.

Corrugated and V-Crimped Iron Roofing for Warehouses, Ginneries, Etc.

Write for Prices.

# SPECIAL NOTICES

**For County Commissioner.**

I hereby announce myself a candidate for county commissioner from the country to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. B. F. Walker, subject to such primary or other action as may be ordered by the democratic executive committee of the county. If elected, I will discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability, with an eye single to the best interests of the whole county, and ask the support of the people in my candidacy. Respectfully,

April 25, 1899. CLIFFORD L. ANDERSON.

**S. B. Turman**

Announces himself as a candidate for county commissioner to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. B. F. Walker, and requests the suffrage and influence of his friends and the public at large.

# THE WEATHER.

Washington, May 19.—Forecast for Saturday:

South Carolina and Georgia—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; winds shifting to easterly.

Virginia—Fair Saturday, with warmer in northern portion; fresh northerly winds; showers Sunday.

North Carolina—Fair Saturday, with warmer in eastern portion; variable winds, increasing cloudiness Sunday.

Alabama and Mississippi—Fair Saturday; fair in southern; showers in northern portions Sunday; fresh southeasterly winds.

Louisiana—Fair Saturday; Sunday partly cloudy, with cooler in northern portion; brisk southerly winds.

Tennessee—Increasing cloudiness Saturday; showers Sunday; east to southeast winds.

**Local Report for Yesterday.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Daily mean temperature | 72 |
| Daily normal temperature | 68 |
| Highest temperature | 80 |
| Lowest temperature | 50 |
| Total rainfall during 24 hours | .00 |
| Deficiency of precipitation | 3.93 |

**General Weather Report.**

Reports received at Atlanta, Ga., on May 19, 1899. Observations taken at all stations at 8 p. m., 75th meridian time:

| STATION. | Temperature | Maximum Temperature | Rainfall in last 24 hours |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York, cloudy | 56 | 58 | T |
| Norfolk, clear | 62 | 66 | .00 |
| Charlotte, pt. cl'dy | 72 | 82 | .00 |
| Raleigh, clear | 66 | 76 | .00 |
| Wilmington, clear | 72 | 82 | T |
| Charleston, clear | 80 | 90 | .00 |
| Augusta, clear | 84 | 88 | .00 |
| Savannah, clear | 78 | 92 | .00 |
| Jacksonville, clear | 80 | 94 | .00 |
| Atlanta, clear | 72 | 80 | .00 |
| Tampa, clear | 78 | 84 | .00 |
| Mobile, clear | 84 | 88 | .00 |
| Montgomery, clear | 82 | 88 | .00 |
| Vicksburg, cloudy | 82 | 88 | .00 |
| New Orleans, clear | 82 | 90 | .00 |
| Palestine, cloudy | 82 | 86 | .00 |
| Galveston, pt. cl'dy | 78 | 82 | .00 |
| Corpus Christi, pt. cl'dy | 78 | 82 | .00 |
| Buffalo, cloudy | 54 | 68 | T |
| Detroit, cloudy | 54 | 66 | .00 |
| Chicago, cloudy | 48 | 50 | .00 |
| Memphis, clear | 74 | 76 | .00 |
| Chattanooga, clear | 72 | 78 | .00 |
| Knoxville, cloudy | 68 | 74 | .00 |
| Cincinnati, pt. cl'dy | 62 | 66 | .00 |
| St. Paul, cloudy | 60 | 62 | .00 |
| St. Louis, raining | 70 | 74 | T |
| Kansas City, raining | 64 | 70 | .16 |
| Omaha, raining | 54 | 58 | .68 |
| Huron, cloudy | 60 | 66 | T |
| Rapid City, raining | 50 | 64 | .32 |
| North Platte, raining | 56 | 62 | .01 |
| Dodge City, raining | 60 | 80 | .36 |
| Abilene, clear | 82 | 84 | .00 |

J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

**To St. Louis.**

Breakfast in Atlanta today and via the Western and Atlantic and "Dixie Flyer" you breakfast in St. Louis tomorrow. Through sleeping car service.

The proof of the pudding is the eating thereof. You can buy Isaacs Pens at $1 per gross or 6 gross for $5. For sale only by John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. Samples free.

Note—These pens are warranted to be made from selected stock and are carefully examined before boxing.

# RAILWAY SCHEDULES

Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains from Union Depot.

**Central of Georgia Railway.**

| No. | ARRIVE FROM | No. | DEPART TO |
|---|---|---|---|
| 101 | Jonesboro | 6 45 am | 102 Hapeville | 6 55 am |
| *3 | Savannah | 7 25 am | *2 Savannah | 7 30 am |
| 103 | Hapeville | 8 00 am | 104 Hapeville | 8 30 am |
| *105 | Griffin | 9 00 am | 108 Jonesboro | 12 10 pm |
| 107 | Hapeville | 9 35 am | 110 Hapeville | 2 30 pm |
| *11 | Macon | 11 20 am | *12 Macon | 4 05 pm |
| 111 | Jonesboro | 2 05 pm | 112 Hapeville | 4 40 pm |
| 113 | Hapeville | 3 30 pm | 114 Hapeville | 6 10 pm |
| 115 | Hapeville | 5 45 pm | 116 Griffin | 6 45 pm |
| *3 | Savannah | 7 35 pm | *4 Savannah | 8 30 pm |
| 117 | Hapeville | 7 50 pm | 118 Jonesboro | 11 15 pm |
| SUNDAY TRAINS. | | | SUNDAY TRAINS. | |
| 119 | Hapeville | 10 45 am | 120 Hapeville | 9 10 am |
| 121 | Hapeville | 2 05 pm | 122 Hapeville | 12 50 pm |

Trains marked * Daily. ‡Daily except Sunday

**Western and Atlantic Railroad.**

| No. | ARRIVE FROM | No. | DEPART TO |
|---|---|---|---|
| 18 | Nashville | 7 30 am | 12 Nashville | 4 15 am |
| 70 | Marietta | 8 00 am | 170 Chattanooga | 4 30 am |
| 71 | Chattanooga | 10 35 am | 172 Marietta | 8 30 pm |
| 11 | Nashville | 7 30 pm | 14 Nashville | 9 30 pm |

**Atlanta and West Point Railroad.**

| No. | ARRIVE FROM | No. | DEPART TO |
|---|---|---|---|
| 138 | Montgomery | 11 40 am | 135 Montgomery | 1 35 pm |
| 134 | Selma | 7 00 pm | 133 Montgomery | 1 20 am |
| 136 | Selma | 11 50 pm | 137 Selma | 4 30 pm |
| 1 | College Park | 7 05 am | 11 College Park | 8 40 am |
| 14 | LaGrange | 8 20 am | 13 College Park | 10 10 am |
| 16 | College Park | 10 00 am | 15 Palmetto | 12 00 m |
| 2 | College Park | 2 15 pm | 17 College Park | 12 15 pm |
| 5 | Palmetto | 7 45 pm | 19 College Park | 3 10 pm |
| 22 | College Park | 3 50 pm | 21 College Park | 4 25 pm |
| 24 | College Park | 5 50 pm | 23 LaGrange | 5 30 pm |
| 26 | College Park | 7 45 pm | 25 College Park | 6 20 pm |
| 28 | College Park | 12 25 am | 27 College Park | 11 10 pm |
| SUNDAY TRAINS. | | | SUNDAY TRAINS. | |
| 47 | LaGrange | 10 20 am | 41 West Point | 8 15 am |

Trains Nos. 12, 16, 18, 22, 24, 26, 28 stop at Whitehall street platform.

All trains will leave from Union passenger station.

**Georgia Railroad.**

| No. | ARRIVE FROM | No. | DEPART TO |
|---|---|---|---|
| 32 | Augusta | 5 00 am | 32 Augusta | 7 30 am |
| 33 | Conyers | 6 45 am | 26 Lithonia | 10 35 am |
| 1 | Covington | 7 45 am | 128 Augusta | 3 10 pm |
| 27 | Augusta | 12 35 pm | 24 Conyers | 5 00 pm |
| 25 | Lithonia | 3 35 pm | 10 Conyers | 8 20 pm |
| 127 | Augusta | 8 20 pm | 34 Augusta | 11 45 pm |

**Seaboard Air-Line.**

| No. | ARRIVE FROM | No. | DEPART TO |
|---|---|---|---|
| 141 | Norfolk | 8 15 am | 140 Washington | 12 00 n'n |
| 2463 | Washington | 2 50 pm | 138 Norfolk | 40 pm |

**Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern Ry. (Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta.)**

Lv Atlanta for Knoxville ..... 8 15a m
Ar Atlanta from Knoxville ..... 7 30p m

‡Daily.

S. B. Turman for County Commissioner.

**A BUSINESS POINTER.**

WANTED—By long established old line Life Insurance Company, Agents in the following cities and towns of Alabama and South Carolina, to-wit:

Huntsville, Ala. Anderson, S. C.
Gadsden, Ala. Abbeville, S. C.
Troy, Ala. Sumter, S. C.
Eufaula, Ala. Newberry, S. C.
Greenville, Ala.

If you mean business you can get a fine contract by addressing,

"MANAGER,"
P. O. Box 552, Atlanta, Ga.